



ONE VOICE SINCE 1898

CGA Website Report

Friday, April 27, 2012

Measure/ Author	Summary	Current Text Version	Status	Location	Position
<a href="#">AB 71</a> <a href="#">Huber D</a>	<p><b>Political Reform Act of 1974: lobbyists.</b> Existing law, the Political Reform Act of 1974, requires the Secretary of State to establish and maintain on the Internet an updated Directory of Lobbyists, Lobbying Firms, and Lobbyist Employers. The act further requires lobbyist employers and persons making certain payments to influence legislative or administrative actions to file periodic reports disclosing, among other information, their lobbying interests. This bill would require that the online directory maintained by the Secretary of State also contain information regarding lobbying interests. The bill would require that the periodic reports filed by lobbyist employers and other persons contain, in addition to their lobbying interests, the bill numbers of any legislation lobbied during the reporting period. The bill would also require the Secretary of State to display on his or her Internet Web site, within 90 days of the end of each calendar quarter, a list of the lobbying interests containing a specific reference to a bill number, accompanied by a list of all lobbyist employers who reported each of those lobbying interests, reported for the prior calendar quarter. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 6/23/2011</p> <p><a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>8/15/2011 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.</p>	<p>7/5/2011 S . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<a href="#">AB 103</a> Committee on Budget	<p><b>Budget Act of 2011.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2011.</p>	<p>Amended: 3/22/2012</p> <p><a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>3/26/2012 - Be re-referred to Com. On B. &amp; F.R. Pursuant to Senate Rule 29.10. (Ayes 3. Noes 0.) Re-</p>	<p>3/26/2012 S . BUDGET &amp; F.R.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

			referred to Com. On B. & F.R.		
<a href="#">AB 197</a> <a href="#">Monning D</a>	<b>Recovery of wages: liquidated damages.</b> Under existing law, in a court action to recover wages unpaid in violation of the minimum wage set by the Industrial Welfare Commission within the Department of Industrial Relations, the court may award liquidated damages to an employee equal to the amount of wages unlawfully unpaid, plus interest. This bill would increase the amount of liquidated damages that may be awarded to an employee to twice the amount of the wages unlawfully unpaid, plus interest. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 6/2/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	9/6/2011 - Ordered to inactive file at the request of Assembly Member Charles Calderon.	9/6/2011 A . INACTIVE FILE	<b>Neutral</b>
<a href="#">AB 226</a> <a href="#">Solorio D</a>	<b>Unemployment insurance: reporting requirements: status of funds.</b> Existing unemployment insurance law requires the Employment Development Department to submit to the Legislature in May and October of each year a report on the status of the Unemployment Fund and the Unemployment Compensation Disability Fund, containing actual and forecasted information on each fund, as specified. This bill would additionally require the department, whenever the Unemployment Fund indicates a negative balance, to include in the status report on the Unemployment Fund the estimated impact on employers from the changes in a specified federal tax credit and the estimated amount the state is expected to pay in interest charges on any outstanding loan to the federal government .	Amended: 4/14/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	9/9/2011 - Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Kehoe.	9/9/2011 S . INACTIVE FILE	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 232</a> <a href="#">V. Manuel</a> <a href="#">Pérez D</a>	<b>Community Development Block Grant Program: funds.</b> Existing law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to allocate funds under the federal Community Development Block Grant Program to cities and counties. Existing law requires the department to determine, and announce in the applicable Notice of Funding Availability, the maximum amount of grant funds that may be used for economic development projects and programs, housing for persons and families of low or moderate income or for purposes directly related to the provision or improvement of housing opportunities for these persons and families, and for cities and counties that apply on behalf of certain Indian tribes. Existing law requires the department to develop and use certain eligibility criteria and requirements for certain economic development fund applications. This bill would make changes to the	Amended: 1/4/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/16/2012 - Referred to Com. on T. & H.	2/16/2012 S . T. & H.	<b>Watch</b>

	eligibility criteria and requirements developed and used by the department. The bill would also make conforming changes.				
<a href="#">AB 252 Calderon, Charles D</a>	<b>Alcoholic beverage control: licensees.</b> Existing provisions of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act generally prohibit manufacturers, winegrowers, bottlers, importers, wholesalers, and others from performing certain activities, with specified exceptions. Existing law, until January 1, 2014, permits a manufacturer of distilled spirits, winegrower, rectifier, or distiller, or any authorized agent of that person to provide, free of charge, entertainment, food, and distilled spirits, wine, or nonalcoholic beverages to consumers over 21 years of age at an invitation-only event in connection with the sale or distribution of wine or distilled spirits, as specified. This bill would additionally permit a distilled spirits manufacturer's agent to provide entertainment, food, and distilled spirits, wine, and nonalcoholic beverages at an event described above, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/3/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	8/25/2011 - Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Simitian.	8/25/2011 S . INACTIVE FILE	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 279 Garrick R</a>	<b>Sales and use taxes: wireless communication devices: bundled transactions.</b> The Sales and Use Tax Law imposes a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. Under existing sales and use tax regulations, gross receipts from a retail sale of a wireless telecommunication device sold in a bundled transaction with wireless telecommunication service are generally equal to the amount of the unbundled sales price of the wireless telecommunication device. This bill would, instead, limit the gross receipts from a retail sale of a wireless telecommunication device sold in a bundled transaction with wireless telecommunication service to the bundled sales price of the wireless telecommunication device. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 3/8/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	1/17/2012 - From committee without further action pursuant to Joint Rule 62(a).	5/3/2011 A . REV. & TAX SUSPENSE FILE	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 333 Grove R</a>	<b>California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: cap-and-trade program.</b> (1) The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources of emissions of greenhouse gases. The state board is required to adopt a	Amended: 5/11/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee:	2/1/2012 A . DEAD	

	<p>statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions level in 1990 to be achieved by 2020, and to adopt rules and regulations in an open public process to achieve the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective greenhouse gas emission reductions. The act authorizes the state board, in furtherance of achieving the statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit by January 1, 2011, to adopt a regulation that establishes a system of market-based declining annual aggregate emission limits for sources or categories of sources that emit greenhouse gas emissions, applicable from January 1, 2012, to December 31, 2020, inclusive, that the state board determines will achieve the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective reductions in greenhouse gas emissions, in the aggregate, from those sources or categories of sources. The act also authorizes the state board to include in its regulations the use of market-based compliance mechanisms to comply with the regulations, subject to prescribed requirements. This bill would require the state board to make findings and submit a status report to the Legislature no later than July 31, 2011, on the readiness of a proposed cap-and-trade program to begin January 1, 2012. The bill would authorize the board, if it makes a specified finding in the status report, to commence the cap-and-trade program after January 1, 2012, but no later than January 1, 2013. The bill would require the board to provide an annual cap-and-trade status report to the Legislature . This bill contains other related provisions.</p>		<p>Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>		
<p><a href="#">AB 338</a> <a href="#">Wagner R</a></p>	<p><b>Regulations: legislative validation: effective date.</b> The Administrative Procedure Act governs the procedure for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of regulations by state agencies and for the review of those regulatory actions by the Office of Administrative Law. That act requires the office to transmit a copy of a regulation to the Secretary of State for filing if the office approves the regulation or fails to act on it within 30 days. That act provides that a regulation or an order of repeal of a regulation becomes effective on the 30th day after it is filed with the Secretary of State, unless prescribed conditions occur. This bill would require the office to also submit to the Legislature for review a copy of each disapproved regulation where the basis for that disapproval was a determination that the agency exceeded its statutory authority in adopting the regulation. This bill would also require that a regulation</p>	<p>Amended: 2/17/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>3/19/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.</p>	<p>2/17/2012 S . E.Q.</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>

	become effective on the 60th day after it is filed with the Secretary of State, unless prescribed conditions occur.				
<a href="#">AB 350 Solorio D</a>	<b>Displaced Janitor Opportunity Act.</b> Existing law, the Displaced Janitor Opportunity Act, requires contractors and subcontractors, that are awarded contracts or subcontracts by an awarding authority to provide janitorial or building maintenance services at a particular job site or sites, to retain, for a period of 60 days, certain employees who were employed at that site by the previous contractor or subcontractor. The act requires the successor contractors and subcontractors to offer continued employment to those employees retained for the 60-day period if their performance during that 60-day period is satisfactory. The act authorizes an employee who was not offered employment or who has been discharged in violation of these provisions by a successor contractor or successor subcontractor, or an agent of the employee, to bring an action against a successor contractor or successor subcontractor in any superior court of the state having jurisdiction over the successor contractor or successor subcontractor, as specified. This bill would rename the act the Displaced Property Service Employee Opportunity Act and make the provisions of the act applicable to property services, which would consist of licensed security, as defined, window cleaning, food cafeteria and dietary services, janitorial services, and building maintenance services. This bill would exclude from the definitions of "contractor" and "subcontractor" specified types of food service providers. The bill also would make conforming changes.	Amended: 9/2/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	9/10/2011 - Read third time. Refused passage. (Ayes 17. Noes 18. Page 2488.).	9/6/2011 S . THIRD READING	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 375 Skinner D</a>	<b>Workers' compensation: hospital employees: presumption.</b> Existing law provides that an injury of an employee arising out of and in the course of employment is generally compensable through the workers' compensation system. Existing law provides that, in the case of certain public employees, the term "injury" includes heart trouble, hernia, pneumonia, human immunodeficiency virus, lower back impairment, and other injuries and diseases. This bill would provide, with respect to hospital employees who provide direct patient care in an acute care hospital, as defined, that the term "injury" includes a bloodborne infectious disease, as defined, or methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) that develops or manifests itself during the period of the person's employment with the hospital. This	Amended: 8/31/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	9/9/2011 - Read third time. Refused passage. (Ayes 20. Noes 16. Page 2474.).	9/1/2011 S . THIRD READING	<b>Oppose</b>

	bill contains other related provisions.				
<a href="#">AB 484</a> <a href="#">Alejo D</a>	<b>Enterprise zones: expiration of designation.</b> The Enterprise Zone Act requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to administer the act and to designate no more than 42 enterprise zones at any one time that may be proposed by a city, county, or city and county from applications selected on the basis of the most effective, innovative, and comprehensive regulatory, tax program, and other incentives in attracting private sector investment in the zone proposed. The act specifies that any enterprise zone designated by the department on or after January 1, 1997, may not exceed a designation period of 15 years. Existing law also authorizes an expiring enterprise zone that applies for a new enterprise zone designation and receives a conditional designation letter from the department, to offer, and a taxpayer doing business within the geographic boundaries of the new zone referenced in the conditional designation letter is eligible to receive, all enterprise zone benefits until the department makes a final designation or declines to redesignate the zone, as specified. This bill would authorize the jurisdiction of an expiring enterprise zone to send a letter to the department expressing the intent of the jurisdiction to reapply for a new enterprise zone designation before the expiration of the designation of the enterprise zone. The bill would provide that if that letter is sent and, if before the expiration of the designation of the enterprise zone, the department has not issued a request for proposal and has not conditionally designated the maximum number of enterprise zones within the state, then businesses within the geographic boundaries of the existing enterprise zone may continue to be eligible to receive all enterprise zone benefits until the department completes any regulatory or administrative review, issues a request for proposal, and issues conditional designation letters to the maximum number of enterprise zones within the state.	Amended: 4/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/9/2012 - From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on T. & H.	4/9/2012 S . T. & H.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">AB 828</a> <a href="#">Swanson D</a>	<b>CalFresh: eligibility: drug felonies.</b> Existing law provides for the CalFresh program, under which supplemental nutrition assistance benefits allocated to the state by the federal government are distributed to eligible individuals by each county. Existing law provides that a person convicted of a drug-related felony, with certain exemptions, is eligible for aid under CalFresh , if specified	Amended: 3/8/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/8/2012 - From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee.	3/8/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Neutral</b>

	requirements are met. This bill would, instead, provide that a person convicted of a drug felony shall be eligible for aid under CalFresh, provided that 6 months have passed since the person has been convicted of any crime, and would eliminate the above-referenced eligibility requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.		Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on APPR.		
<a href="#">AB 1019</a> <a href="#">John A. Pérez</a> D	<b>Solid waste: carpet stewardship.</b> Existing law establishes a carpet stewardship program, administered by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, that requires a carpet manufacturer or a carpet stewardship organization to adopt a plan for the purpose of increasing the amount of postconsumer carpet that is diverted from landfills and recycled into secondary products or managed in a manner that is consistent with the state's hierarchy for waste management practice. Under the plan, an assessment is to be imposed on the carpet sold in the state for the purposes of funding the implementation of the plan. This bill would reenact the state law that enacted the carpet stewardship program and would provide that law continues to be operative on and after November 3, 2011. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 9/2/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	9/8/2011 - Read third time. Urgency clause refused adoption. (Ayes 24. Noes 14. Page 2407.) Motion to reconsider made by Senator Simitian. Reconsideration granted. (Ayes 40. Noes 0. Page 2407.)	9/8/2011 S . THIRD READING	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1050</a> <a href="#">Ma D</a>	<b>Telecommunications: prepaid mobile telephony services: taxes and fees.</b> (1) The existing Emergency Telephone Users Surcharge Act generally imposes a surcharge on amounts paid by every person in the state for intrastate telephone service to provide revenues sufficient to fund "911" emergency telephone system costs. Surcharge amounts are paid to the State Board of Equalization on a monthly basis by the telephone service supplier and are deposited into the State Treasury to the credit of the State Emergency Telephone Number Account in the General Fund, to be expended for limited purposes, including to pay the Department of General Services for its costs in administration of the "911" emergency telephone number system. This bill would enact the Prepaid Wireless Surcharge Collection Act. The bill would establish a prepaid communications charge, as defined, based upon a percentage of the sales price of each retail transaction that occurs in this state for prepaid mobile telephony services, as defined. The prepaid communications charge would include a state component, as defined, and if a local government has adopted utility user taxes or other specified charges	Amended: 9/8/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/2/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on GOV. & F.	2/2/2012 S . G. & F.	<b>Watch</b>

	<p>that are otherwise applicable to prepaid mobile telephony services and the retail transaction occurs within that jurisdiction, a local component. The bill would state the intent of the Legislature to develop a method whereby a seller is required to collect the local component. The bill would require a seller, as defined, to collect the prepaid communications charge from a consumer and remit the amounts collected to the State Board of Equalization pursuant to the Fee Collection Procedures Law. The bill would require the board to remit that portion of the state component collected pursuant to the Emergency Telephone Users Surcharge Act to the California Technology Agency and remit the balance of the state component, minus certain administrative costs incurred by the board, to the Public Utilities Commission. The bill would require the State Board of Equalization to remit the local component, if applicable, to the local government. The bill would require the Public Utilities Commission to annually compute the commission's reimbursement fee and specified telecommunications universal service program fees, to post notice of those fees on its Internet Web site and to notify the State Board of Equalization of the amounts. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>				
<p><a href="#">AB 1062 Dickinson D</a></p>	<p><b>Arbitration: appeals.</b> Existing law specifies those types of orders and judgments from which an appeal may be taken, including, an order dismissing or denying a petition to compel arbitration. This bill would limit that basis from which an appeal may be taken to an order dismissing or denying a petition to compel arbitration if the party who opposed the petition to arbitrate is 65 years of age or older or a dependent adult, as defined .</p>	<p>Amended: 9/1/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>9/9/2011 - Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Evans.</p>	<p>9/9/2011 S . INACTIVE FILE</p>	<p><b>Oppose</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 1126 Calderon, Charles D</a></p>	<p><b>Transaction and use tax: rate.</b> The Transaction and Use Tax Law authorizes a district to impose a transactions tax for the privilege of selling tangible personal property at retail upon every retailer in the district at a rate of 1/4 of 1%, or a multiple thereof, of the gross receipts of the retailer from the sale of all tangible personal property sold by that person at retail in the district. That law also requires that a use tax portion of a transaction and use tax ordinance be adopted to impose a complementary tax upon the storage, use, or other consumption in the district of tangible personal property purchased from any retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in the district</p>	<p>Amended: 1/4/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>2/2/2012 - Referred to Com. on GOV. &amp; F.</p>	<p>2/2/2012 S . G. &amp; F.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	at a rate of 1/4 of 1%, or a multiple thereof, of the sales price of the property whose storage, use, or other consumption is subject to the tax, as prescribed. This bill would decrease those rates to 1/8 of 1%.				
<a href="#">AB 1145</a> <a href="#">Cedillo</a> <b>D</b>	<b>Workers' compensation: permanent disability benefits.</b> Existing law establishes a workers' compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of his or her employment. Existing law, for injuries that cause permanent partial disability and occur on or after January 1, 2004, provides supplemental job displacement benefits in the form of a nontransferable voucher for education-related retraining or skill enhancement for an injured employee who does not return to work for the employer within 60 days of the termination of temporary disability, in accordance with a prescribed schedule based on the percentage of an injured employee's disability. Existing law provides an exception for employers who meet specified criteria. This bill would provide that the above provisions shall apply to injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2004, and before January 1, 2013. The bill would require that within 10 days of the last payment of temporary disability, the employer provide to the employee information that provides notice of rights pursuant to these provisions. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 1/4/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/16/2012 - Referred to Com. on L. & I.R.	2/16/2012 S . L. & I.R.	
<a href="#">AB 1178</a> <a href="#">Ma</a> <b>D</b>	<b>Solid waste: place of origin.</b> The existing California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 allows each county, city, or district to determine aspects of solid waste handling that are of local concern and the means by which the services are to be provided. This bill would prohibit an ordinance enacted by a city or county, including an ordinance enacted by initiative by the voters of a city or county, from otherwise restricting or limiting the importation of solid waste into a privately owned solid waste facility in that city or county based on place of origin. The bill would provide that this prohibition does not require a privately owned or operated solid waste facility to accept certain waste, does not allow a privately owned solid waste facility to abrogate certain agreements, does not prohibit a city, county, or a regional agency from requiring a privately owned solid waste facility to guarantee permitted capacity to a host jurisdiction, and does not	Amended: 8/24/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	8/31/2011 - In committee: That the measure be held in committee pursuant to Senate Rule 29.10.	9/1/2011 S . E.Q.	<b>Watch</b>

	otherwise limit or affect the land use authority of a city or county .				
<a href="#">AB 1181</a> <a href="#">Butler D</a>	<b>Weights and measures.</b> Existing law makes it a crime for a person, firm, corporation, or association to advertise, solicit, or represent by any means a product for sale or purchase if it is intended to entice a consumer into a transaction different from that originally represented. When the sale of any commodity is based upon a quantity representation either furnished by the purchaser or obtained through the use of equipment supplied by the purchaser, the purchaser is prohibited from buying the commodity according to any quantity which is less than the true quantity. A violation of these provisions is a misdemeanor. This bill would revise the latter provision by prohibiting the purchaser from buying the commodity according to any quantity which is less than the true quantity or computing the purchase price of the commodity according to a unit price that is less than the highest applicable price per unit, that is advertised, posted , marked, displayed, or quoted for the commodity. Because the bill would change the definition of a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 6/21/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	9/8/2011 - Action rescinded whereby the bill was read third time, passed, and to Assembly. Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Correa.	9/8/2011 S . INACTIVE FILE	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1195</a> <a href="#">Allen D</a>	<b>Personal income and corporation taxes: hiring credit.</b> The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law authorize various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws, including a credit for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, in the amount of \$3,000 for each full-time employee hired by a qualified employer , until a cut off date in which a maximum cumulative credit of \$400,000,000 has been reached for all taxable years . Those laws define "qualified employer" as a taxpayer that employed 20 or fewer employees as of the last day of the preceding taxable year. This bill, under both laws, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, would expand the definition of "qualified employer" to mean a taxpayer that employed 50 or fewer employees as of the last day of the preceding taxable year. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 5/31/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	8/25/2011 - In committee: Held under submission.	8/16/2011 S . APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1233</a> <a href="#">V. Manuel</a> <a href="#">Pérez D</a>	<b>State government: economic development.</b> Existing law establishes the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development, within the Governor's office, to be administered by a director appointed by the Governor. The office serves the Governor	Amended: 1/11/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution.	2/1/2012 A . DEAD	<b>Watch</b>

	as the lead entity for economic strategy and the marketing of California on issues relating to business development, private sector investment, and economic growth. The office exercises powers related to economic development, including, among others, making recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature regarding policies, programs, and actions to advance statewide economic goals. This bill would require the director, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor and Workforce Development, to prepare a California Economic and Workforce Development Strategy, as specified, to be updated every 5 years. The bill would require the strategy to make recommendations regarding an economic and workforce development blueprint for the state covering a 5-year time period. The bill would require the director to consult with certain agencies in preparing the blueprint, and would require the strategy to address certain topics. This bill contains other related provisions.		From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.		
<a href="#">AB 1277</a> <a href="#">Hill D</a>	<b>Sherman Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law.</b> The Sherman Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law regulates the packaging, labeling, and advertising of drugs and devices, and is administered by the State Department of Public Health. The law prohibits the sale, delivery, or giving away of any new drug or new device unless either the department has approved a new drug or device application for that new drug or new device and that approval has not been withdrawn, terminated, or suspended or a new drug application has been approved for it and that approval has not been withdrawn, terminated, or suspended under specified provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, or it is a new device for which a premarket approval application has been approved, and that approval has not been withdrawn, terminated, or suspended under the federal act. This bill would revise the above-described prohibition to also apply to a new biologic product for which a license has been issued under federal law. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 1/4/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	1/4/2012 - From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.	1/4/2012 S . HEALTH	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1301</a> <a href="#">Hill D</a>	<b>Retail tobacco sales: STAKE Act.</b> Existing law, the California Cigarette and Tobacco Licensing Act of 2003, requires a retailer to obtain a license from the State Board of Equalization to engage in the sale of cigarette and tobacco products in California. Existing law, the Stop Tobacco Access to Kids Enforcement Act, or STAKE Act,	Amended: 1/18/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/2/2012 - Re-referred to Coms. on HEALTH and RLS.	2/2/2012 S . HEALTH	<b>Removed Opposition</b>

	<p>establishes various requirements for retailers relating to tobacco sales to minors. Existing law also makes it a misdemeanor for a retailer to knowingly or under circumstances in which it has knowledge, or should otherwise have grounds for knowledge, sell, give, or in any way furnish a minor with tobacco products or paraphernalia. This bill would remove the schedule for board action in response to the occurrence of a violation, as defined, of the STAKE Act or the misdemeanor provision. The bill would declare that these changes would not result in the limitation or termination of ongoing board actions. The bill would require the board to suspend or revoke a retailer's license, as specified, for the 3rd, 4th, or 5th violation. The bill would require the assessment of an additional civil penalty, as specified, to be deposited in the existing Cigarette and Tobacco Products Compliance Fund, which would be made available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to fund these suspension and revocation activities. This bill contains other existing laws.</p>				
<p><a href="#">AB 1359</a> <a href="#">Skinner D</a></p>	<p><b>Solid waste: beverage containers: fiberglass.</b> Existing law, the California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act, requires the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to establish reporting periods of 6 months each for redemption rates and recycling rates for specified types of beverage containers. The act also requires the department to determine the redemption rates and recycling rates for those beverage containers for each reporting period and to issue a report on those determinations. The act defines various words for purposes of those provisions, including "redemption rate." This bill would delete the provisions that require the department to establish reporting periods for redemption rates and that require the department to determine redemption rates for specified types of beverage containers. The bill also would delete the definition of "redemption rate" and make other conforming changes. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 1/4/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>3/20/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 0.) (March 19). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.</p>	<p>3/20/2012 S . APPR.</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 1411</a> <a href="#">V. Manuel</a> <a href="#">Pérez D</a></p>	<p><b>Economic development: enterprise zones.</b> The Enterprise Zone Act provides for the designation and oversight by the Department of Housing and Community Development of various types of economic development areas throughout the state, including enterprise zones, targeted tax areas, local agency military base recovery areas (LAMBRAs), and manufacturing enhancement areas, collectively</p>	<p>Amended: 8/15/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>8/26/2011 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was APPR. on 8/15/2011)</p>	<p>8/26/2011 S . 2 YEAR</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	known as geographically targeted economic development areas, or G-TEDAs. Pursuant to these provisions, qualifying entities in those areas may receive certain tax and regulatory incentives. This bill would revise various definitions for purposes of the act and modify specified requirements for designating and administering enterprise zones, LAMBRAs, and G-TEDAs collectively. The bill would impose new requirements on the Department of Housing and Community Development with respect to the enterprise zone program and modify department and Franchise Tax Board reporting requirements.				
<a href="#">AB 1419</a> <b>Committee on Governmental Organization</b>	<b>Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control: report: due date.</b> Under existing law, the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act is administered by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control. Existing law requires the department to make an annual report to the Legislature on the department's activities, on or before March 1 of each year. This bill would extend the due date of that report to March 31 of each year.	Introduced: 3/21/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	9/8/2011 - Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Calderon.	9/8/2011 S . INACTIVE FILE	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1442</a> <b>Wieckowski D</b>	<b>Pharmaceutical waste.</b> The existing Medical Waste Management Act, administered by the State Department of Public Health, regulates the management and handling of medical waste, as defined. Existing law requires that all medical waste be hauled by either a registered hazardous waste hauler or by a person with an approved limited-quantity exemption granted pursuant to specified provisions of law. Violation of these provisions of law is a crime. This bill would define pharmaceutical waste for purposes of the Medical Waste Management Act, and would authorize a medical waste generator or parent organization that employs health care professionals who generate pharmaceuticals to apply to the enforcement agency for a pharmaceutical waste hauling exemption if the generator, health care professional, or parent organization retains specified documentation and meets specified requirements and if the facility receiving the medical waste retains specified documentation . The bill would authorize pharmaceutical waste to be transported by the generator or health care professional who generated the pharmaceutical waste, a staff member of the generator or health care professional, or common carrier, as defined, pursuant to these provisions. By expanding the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local	Amended: 3/27/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/18/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	4/18/2012 A . APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	

	program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">AB 1444</a> <a href="#">Feuer D</a>	<b>Environmental quality: record of proceedings.</b> The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA establishes a procedure for the preparation and certification of the record of proceedings upon the filing of an action or proceeding challenging a lead agency's action on the grounds of noncompliance with CEQA. This bill would require the lead agency, at the request of a project applicant and the agreement of the project applicant to bear the costs incurred by the lead agency, to, among other things, prepare a record of proceedings concurrently with the preparation, and adoption or certification, of an environmental document. Because the bill would require a lead agency to prepare the record of proceedings as provided, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. In an action or proceeding filed challenging the lead agency's action pursuant to CEQA, the bill would require the court to schedule a hearing within 30 days of the filing of the statement of issues regarding the record of proceedings. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/23/2012 - Do pass as amended and be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.	4/23/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1450</a> <a href="#">Allen D</a>	<b>Employment: discrimination: status as unemployed.</b> Existing law contains provisions that define unlawful discrimination and employment practices by employers and employment agencies. This bill would make it unlawful, unless based on a bona fide occupational qualification or any other provision of law, for an employer, an employment agency, or a person who operates an Internet Web site for posting jobs in this state to take specified employment actions relating to employment status, as defined, including, among other	Amended: 4/25/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/26/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Oppose</b>

	things, refusing to hire a person because of that person's employment status and publishing an advertisement or announcement for any job that includes provisions pertaining to an individual's current employment or employment status, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">AB 1454 Solorio D</a>	<b>Workers' compensation: audiologists.</b> Existing workers' compensation law generally requires employers to secure the payment of workers' compensation, including medical treatment, for injuries incurred by their employees that arise out of, or in the course of, employment. Existing law requires the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation to appoint qualified medical evaluators in each of the respective specialties as required for the evaluation of medical-legal issues. This bill would also include doctors of audiology who meet specified requirements among those medical professionals who may be appointed by the administrative director as a qualified medical evaluator. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 1/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on L. & I.R.	4/26/2012 S . L. & I.R.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1463 Blumenfield D</a>	<b>2012-13 Budget.</b> This bill would make appropriations for support of state government for the 2012-13 fiscal year. This bill contains other related provisions.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/12/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/12/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1464 Committee on Budget</a>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1465 Committee on Budget</a>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1466 Committee on Budget</a>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1467 Committee on Budget</a>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1468 Committee on Budget</a>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>

<a href="#">AB 1469</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1470</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1471</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1472</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1473</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1474</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1475</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1476</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1477</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1478</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1479</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1480</a>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the	Introduced:	4/19/2012 -	4/19/2012	<b>Watch</b>

<b>Committee on Budget</b>	Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	Referred to Com. on RLS.	S . RLS.	
<b><a href="#">AB 1481</a> Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">AB 1482</a> Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">AB 1483</a> Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">AB 1484</a> Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">AB 1485</a> Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">AB 1486</a> Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">AB 1487</a> Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">AB 1488</a> Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">AB 1489</a> Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">AB 1490</a> Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">AB 1491</a> Committee on</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of	Introduced: 1/10/2012	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>

<b>Budget</b>	2012.	<a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	on RLS.		
<a href="#">AB 1492</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1493</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1494</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1495</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1496</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1497</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1498</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1499</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	4/19/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1500</a> <a href="#">John A. Pérez D</a>	<b>Corporation taxes: single sales factor: Middle Class Scholarship Fund.</b> The Corporation Tax Law imposes taxes measured by income and, in the case of a business with income derived from or attributable to sources both within and without this state, apportions the income between this state and other states and foreign countries in accordance with a specified 4-factor formula based on the property, payroll, and sales within and without this state, except that in the case of an apportioning trade or business that derives more than 50% of its gross business receipts from conducting one or more qualified business activities, as defined, business income	Amended: 2/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/17/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on REV. & TAX. pursuant to Assembly Rule 96.	2/17/2012 A . REV. & TAX	<b>Watch</b>

	<p>is apportioned in accordance with a specified 3-factor formula. That law, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, allows a taxpayer to apportion its income in accordance with a single sales factor formula, except as provided, pursuant to an irrevocable annual election, as specified. That law also provides that sales of tangible personal property and sales of other than tangible personal property are in this state in accordance with specified criteria. This bill would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, revise the rules that determine whether a taxpayer is doing business in this state, revise the provisions that determine whether sales other than tangible personal property occur in this state, including specific provisions for cable systems or networks, and require a taxpayer, except as provided, to apportion its income in accordance with a single sales factor. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>				
<p><a href="#">AB 1501</a> <a href="#">John A. Pérez D</a></p>	<p><b>Student financial aid: Middle Class Scholarship Program.</b> Existing law provides for a public postsecondary education system in this state. This system consists of the University of California, the California State University, and the California Community Colleges. Existing law authorizes these institutions to require that mandatory systemwide fees, among other fees, be paid by students at these institutions. This bill would establish the Middle Class Scholarship Program under the administration of the Student Aid Commission. The bill would provide that, commencing with the 2012-13 academic year, undergraduate students enrolled at the University of California or the California State University would receive a scholarship award that, combined with other financial aid received by an eligible student, would be at least 2/3 of the amount charged that student for mandatory systemwide fees in that academic year if the student meets the following conditions: annual household income does not exceed \$150,000; is a resident of this state or exempt from paying nonresident tuition; files specified financial aid forms; and makes timely application or applications for publicly funded student financial aid, as defined, for which he or she is eligible. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>Amended: 2/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>2/17/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on HIGHER ED. pursuant to Assembly Rule 96.</p>	<p>2/17/2012 A . HIGHER ED.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 1502</a> <a href="#">Committee on Budget</a></p>	<p><b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.</p>	<p>Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on B. &amp; F.R.</p>	<p>3/26/2012 S . BUDGET &amp; F.R.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

<a href="#">AB 1503</a> <b>Committee on Budget</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on B. & F.R.	3/26/2012 S . BUDGET & F.R.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1504</a> <a href="#">Morrell R</a>	<b>Administrative regulations.</b> The Administrative Procedure Act governs the procedures for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of regulations by state agencies and the review of those regulatory actions by the Office of Administrative Law. Existing law establishes procedures for notifying interested persons of the proposed adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation. Existing law requires a state agency that proposes to adopt, amend, or repeal an administrative regulation to assess the potential for adverse economic impact on California businesses and individuals, as prescribed. This bill would require each state agency that is considering adopting, amending, or repealing a regulation, in addition to those existing economic impact analysis requirements, to complete an economic assessment of the proposed action at least 90 days prior to submitting a notice of proposed action to the office. The bill would subject the economic assessment to public comment. The bill would require the economic assessment to include specified analyses. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/16/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - In committee: Set, second hearing. Failed passage.	4/24/2012 A . B.,P. & C.P.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">AB 1508</a> <a href="#">Carter D</a>	<b>Junk dealers and recyclers: nonferrous materials.</b> Existing law requires junk dealers and recyclers, as defined, to keep written records of all sales and purchases made in the course of their business . Existing law prohibits a junk dealer or recycler from providing payment for nonferrous materials, as defined, unless the payment is made by cash or check, the check is mailed or the cash or check is provided no earlier than 3 days after the date of sale, and the dealer or recycler obtains a photograph or video of the seller and certain other identifying information, as specified, which information is to be retained by the dealer or recycler for a specified period of time. Existing law exempts from the payment by cash or check requirement, among others, the redemption of nonferrous materials of a certain value when the primary purpose of the transaction is the redemption of beverage containers, as specified. This bill would modify that exemption to apply when the majority of the transaction is for the redemption of beverage containers, as specified .	Amended: 4/19/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Withdrawn from committee. Ordered to second reading.	4/26/2012 A . SECOND READING	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1510</a>	<b>Income tax: health savings accounts.</b> The Personal Income Tax	Amended:	4/11/2012 - Re-	4/11/2012	<b>Support</b>

<p><a href="#">Garrick R</a></p>	<p>Law authorizes various deductions in computing income that is subject to tax under that law. This bill would, for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2013, allow a deduction in connection with health savings accounts in conformity with federal law. In general, the deduction would be an amount equal to the aggregate amount paid in cash during the taxable year by, or on behalf of, an eligible individual, as defined, to a health savings account of that individual, as provided. This bill would, for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2013, also provide related conformity to that federal law with respect to the allowance of rollovers from Archer Medical Savings Accounts, health flexible spending arrangements, or health reimbursement accounts to a health savings account, and penalties in connection therewith. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>4/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>referred to Com. on REV. &amp; TAX.</p>	<p>A . REV. &amp; TAX SUSPENSE FILE</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 1532</a> <a href="#">John A. Pérez D</a></p>	<p><b>California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: Greenhouse Gas Reduction Account.</b> The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources of emissions of greenhouse gases. The state board is required to adopt a statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions level in 1990 to be achieved by 2020, and to adopt rules and regulations in an open public process to achieve the maximum, technologically feasible, and cost-effective greenhouse gas emissions reductions. The act authorizes the state board to include use of market-based compliance mechanisms. The act authorizes the state board to adopt a schedule of fees to be paid by the sources of greenhouse gas emissions regulated pursuant to the act, and requires the revenues collected pursuant to that fee schedule be deposited into the Air Pollution Control Fund and be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the purposes of carrying out the act. This bill would create the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Account within the Air Pollution Control Fund. The bill would require moneys, as specified, collected pursuant to a market-based compliance mechanism be deposited in this account. The bill also would require those moneys, upon appropriation by the Legislature, be used for specified purposes . The bill would require the state board any other s tate agencies to award those moneys to measures and programs that meet specified criteria. The bill would require the</p>	<p>Amended: 4/17/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/23/2012 - Do pass as amended and be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.</p>	<p>4/23/2012 A . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Oppose</b></p>

	state board to develop and adopt every 3 years, as specified, an investment plan that identifies the anticipated expenditures of moneys appropriated from the account to the budget committees of each house of the Legislature, as specified. The bill would require the state board to annually submit a report no later than December of each year to the appropriate committees of the Legislature on the status of projects and their outcomes and any changes the state board recommends need to be made to the investment plan.				
<a href="#">AB 1537</a> <a href="#">Cook R</a>	<b>Government Accountability Act of 2012.</b> The Administrative Procedure Act governs the procedure for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of regulations by state agencies and for the review of those regulatory actions by the Office of Administrative Law. This bill would enact the Government Accountability Act of 2012 and require that a major regulation, as defined, proposed on or after January 1, 2013, include a provision to repeal the regulation 2 years after the date that the regulation is approved by the office. The bill would require the office to return to an agency any proposed regulation that does not include the repeal provision. The bill would provide that the repeal date shall be void if the Legislature enacts a statute that expressly validates and approves the content of the regulation, as specified.	Amended: 3/28/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/10/2012 - In committee: Set, second hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	3/29/2012 A . B.,P. & C.P.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 1560</a> <a href="#">Fuentes D</a>	<b>CalFresh: categorical eligibility.</b> Existing law provides for the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), under which each county distributes nutrition assistance benefits provided by the federal government to eligible households, and the CalWORKs program, under which each county provides cash assistance and other benefits to qualified low-income families and individuals. In California, federal nutrition assistance benefits are administered through CalFresh. This bill would require the State Department of Social Services, to the extent permitted by federal law, to waive the CalFresh gross income test for any individual who is categorically eligible for CalFresh and who is a member of a household that receives, or is eligible to receive, medical assistance under the Medi-Cal program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 1/30/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	4/25/2012 A . APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">AB 1583</a> <a href="#">Hernández,</a>	<b>Bulk merchandise pallets.</b> (1) Existing law authorizes junk dealers and recyclers, as defined, to sell and purchase junk, which includes	Amended: 4/9/2012	4/18/2012 - From committee: Do	4/18/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Support</b>

<p><a href="#">Roger D</a></p>	<p>secondhand and used furniture, pallets, or other personal property, as specified. Existing law requires junk dealers and recyclers to maintain written records of specified information, and makes a violation of the recordkeeping requirements a misdemeanor. This bill would prohibit junk dealers and recyclers from purchasing or receiving bulk merchandise pallets, as defined, marked with an indicia of ownership, as defined, from anyone except the indicated owner, unless specified information is provided to the junk dealer or recycler, and would require the junk dealer or recycler to maintain a written record of that information. The bill would also require that payment by the junk dealer for 5 or more bulk merchandise pallets be made by check mailed to the address of the seller, as specified, or by check or cash on or after the 3rd business day following the transaction. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p><a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 9. Noes 0.) (April 17). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.</p>		
<p><a href="#">AB 1585</a> <a href="#">John A. Pérez D</a></p>	<p><b>Redevelopment.</b> Existing law dissolved redevelopment agencies and community development agencies, as of February 1, 2012, and provides for the designation of successor agencies, as defined. Existing law requires successor agencies to wind down the affairs of the dissolved redevelopment agencies and to, among other things, repay enforceable obligations, as defined, and to remit unencumbered balances of redevelopment agency funds, including housing funds, to the county auditor-controller for distribution to taxing entities. This bill would modify the scope of the term "enforceable obligation" and modify provisions relating to the transfer of housing funds and responsibilities associated with dissolved redevelopment agencies. The bill would provide that any amounts on deposit in the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund of a dissolved redevelopment agency be transferred to specified entities. The bill would make conforming changes. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 3/21/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/19/2012 - Referred to Coms. on GOV. &amp; F. and T. &amp; H.</p>	<p>4/19/2012 S . G. &amp; F.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 1590</a> <a href="#">Campos D</a></p>	<p><b>Local government meetings: legislative body: definition.</b> Existing law, the Ralph M. Brown Act, requires each legislative body of a local agency to provide the time and place for holding regular meetings and requires that all meetings of a legislative body be open and public and all persons be permitted to attend unless a closed session is authorized. Existing law defines for these purposes the term "legislative body" and includes within that definition a board of a local</p>	<p>Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/26/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 1.) (April 25). Re-referred to Com.</p>	<p>4/26/2012 A . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	agency. This bill would modify the definition of the term "legislative body" to include as a board, an assessment appeals board which may meet in closed session, as specified by another provision of existing law. By extending open meeting requirements to proceedings of assessment appeals boards, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.		on APPR.		
<a href="#">AB 1595</a> <a href="#">Cook R</a>	<b>Vehicles: recreational off-highway vehicles.</b> Existing law establishes rules for the operation of, and requirements for equipment of, an off-highway vehicle. A violation of these rules and requirements is a crime. This bill would additionally define a recreational off-highway vehicle, as defined, as an off-highway vehicle. The bill would establish additional requirements governing the operation of a recreational off-highway vehicle. Because a violation of these provisions is a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: to consent calendar. (Ayes 13. Noes 0.) (April 23). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/24/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1596</a> <a href="#">Cook R</a>	<b>Income taxes: credits: hiring full-time employees.</b> The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law authorize various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws, including a credit for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, in the amount of \$3,000 for each full-time employee hired by a qualified employer. Those laws define "qualified employer" as a taxpayer that employed 20 or fewer employees as of the last day of the preceding taxable year. This bill would, under both laws, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, expand the definition of "qualified employer" to mean a taxpayer that employed 50 or fewer employees as of the last day of the preceding taxable year. This bill contains other related provisions.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/9/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to REV. & TAX. suspense file.	2/17/2012 A . REV. & TAX SUSPENSE FILE	
<a href="#">AB 1610</a> <a href="#">Wagner R</a>	<b>Special access: liability.</b> Under existing law, a person, firm, or corporation that interferes with the access rights of a disabled individual is liable for the actual damages of each offense and any amount determined by a judge or jury of up to 3 times the amount of the actual damages, but in no case less than \$1,000. Existing law requires the State Architect to develop and submit for approval and adoption building standards for making buildings, structures,	Introduced: 2/7/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee. (Refers to 4/24/2012 hearing)	2/23/2012 A . JUD.	<b>Support</b>

	sidewalks, curbs, and related facilities accessible to, and usable by, persons with disabilities, as specified. This bill would establish notice requirements for an alleged aggrieved party to follow before bringing an action against a business for an alleged violation of the above-described provisions. The bill would require that party to provide specified notice to the owner of the property, agent, or other responsible party where the alleged violation occurred. The bill would require that owner, agent, or other responsible party to respond within 30 days with a description of the improvements to be made or with a rebuttal to the allegations, as specified. If that owner, agent, or other responsible party elects to fix the alleged violation, the bill would provide 120 days to do so. The bill would provide that its provisions do not apply to claims for recovery of special damages for an injury in fact, and would authorize the court to consider previous or pending actual damage awards received or prayed for by the alleged aggrieved party for the same or similar injury. The bill would further state the intent of the Legislature to institute certain educational programs related to special access laws.				
<a href="#">AB 1616 Gatto D</a>	<b>Food safety: cottage food operations.</b> Existing law, the Sherman Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law (Sherman Law), requires the State Department of Public Health to regulate the manufacture, sale, labeling, and advertising activities related to food, drugs, devices, and cosmetics in conformity with the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. The Sherman Law makes it unlawful to manufacture, sell, deliver, hold, or offer for sale any food that is misbranded. Food is misbranded if its labeling does not conform to specified federal labeling requirements regarding nutrition, nutrient content or health claims, and food allergens. Violation of this law is a misdemeanor. This bill would include a cottage food operation, as defined, that is registered or has a permit within the private home exemption of the California Retail Food Code. The bill would also exclude a cottage food operation from specified food processing establishment and Sherman Law requirements. This bill would require a cottage food operation to meet specified requirements relating to training, sanitation, labeling, and permissible types of sales. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/25/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/26/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1623</a>	<b>Weights and measures: inspection fees.</b> Existing law requires the	Amended:	4/25/2012 - Read	4/25/2012	<b>OK to</b>

<a href="#">Yamada</a> <b>D</b>	<p>sealer of a county to inspect and test weighing and measuring devices, as specified, that are used or sold in the county. Existing law also requires the sealer of a county to weigh or measure packages to determine whether they contain the amount represented, as provided. Existing law, until January 1, 2013, permits the board of supervisors of a county to charge fees, not to exceed the county's total cost of actually inspecting or testing weighing and measuring devices required of the county sealer, to recover the costs of the county sealer to perform these duties. This bill would extend the authority of the board of supervisors of a county to charge fees to recover the costs of the county sealer, as provided, until January 1, 2018. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	4/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	second time. Ordered to third reading.	A . THIRD READING	<b>Oppose if Needed</b>
<a href="#">AB 1625</a> <a href="#">Allen</a> <b>D</b>	<p><b>Transition to Organics Act.</b> Existing law prohibits a food from being sold as organic unless it meets certain criteria, and accurate and specific records are kept detailing its production, handling, and sale. This bill would enact the California Transition to Organics Act of 2012. The bill would establish the Transition to Organics Fund in the State Treasury, which would consist of moneys from industry and citizen sources. The bill would limit the expenditure of moneys from the fund to providing financial assistance to persons who transition their conventional farms to certified organic farms, and to covering administrative and operational expenses incurred in administering the act, as specified. The fund would be administered by the Secretary of Food and Agriculture, as provided, and the secretary would be authorized to adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of the act. The bill would also authorize the secretary to levy a civil penalty, as provided, upon a person who renders or furnishes false information to the secretary under the act.</p>	Amended: 4/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	4/26/2012 A . THIRD READING	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1627</a> <a href="#">Dickinson</a> <b>D</b>	<p><b>Energy: vehicle miles traveled.</b> The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project</p>	Amended: 4/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/17/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	4/11/2012 A . B.,P. & C.P.	<b>Oppose</b>

	would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. This bill would require the office, not later than January 1, 2014, to prepare and make available a manual containing specified information designed to be used by local governments, local agencies, and project developers to evaluate and incorporate measures and strategies to reduce vehicle miles traveled (VMT) in new residential and commercial building projects. The bill would require the office, not later than January 1, 2014, to make recommendations to the Legislature and local policymakers of measures to improve the reduction of VMT related to residential and commercial building projects. This bill contains other existing laws.				
<a href="#">AB 1631</a> <a href="#">Monning D</a>	<b>Arbitration: legal representation.</b> Existing law, until January 1, 2013, permits persons admitted to the bar of any other state to represent a party in an arbitration proceeding in this state, or to render legal services in this state in connection with an arbitration proceeding in another state. Existing law requires those out-of-state attorneys to serve upon the arbitrator, the parties, the State Bar of California, and counsel, a certificate containing specified information within a reasonable period of time after the attorney expresses his or her intent to appear in an arbitration. This bill would delete the repeal date of January 1, 2013, thereby making these provisions operative indefinitely. This bill would make conforming changes to an existing provision of law.	Introduced: 2/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on JUD.	4/26/2012 S . JUD.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1632</a> <a href="#">Gordon D</a>	<b>Agricultural product marketing: community supported agriculture.</b> Existing law encourages the Department of Food and Agriculture to assist producers in organizing certified farmers' markets, field retail stands, farm stands, and other forms of direct marketing by providing technical advice on marketing methods and in complying with the regulations that affect direct marketing programs. This bill would also encourage the department to assist in organizing the marketing of community supported agriculture.	Introduced: 2/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/4/2012 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee. (Refers to 3/12/2012 hearing)	2/23/2012 A . AGRI.	
<a href="#">AB 1636</a> <a href="#">Monning D</a>	<b>Health and wellness programs.</b> Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care. Existing law provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance. The California Health Benefit Exchange is established in state government	Introduced: 2/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/18/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	4/18/2012 A . APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	<b>Oppose</b>

	<p>to facilitate enrollment of qualified individuals in qualified health plans. The State Department of Public Health is authorized to perform specified activities relating to the protection, preservation, and advancement of public health. This bill would require the Department of Managed Health Care, in collaboration with the Department of Insurance, the California Health Benefit Exchange, and the State Department of Public Health, to convene a special committee to review and evaluate health and wellness incentive and rewards programs offered by health care service plans, health insurers, and employers. The bill would require the committee to evaluate these programs for effectiveness based upon scientific evidence and to examine the extent to which these programs may result in specified discrimination. The bill would require the committee to meet publicly and would require the first meeting to be conducted no later than March 30, 2013.</p>				
<p><a href="#">AB 1640 Mitchell D</a></p>	<p><b>CalWORKs and CalFresh benefits: pregnant mothers.</b> Existing federal law provides for allocation of federal funds through the federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) block grant program to eligible states. Existing law provides for the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program under which, through a combination of state and county funds and federal funds received through the TANF program, each county provides cash assistance and other benefits to qualified low-income families. This bill would require CalWORKs aid to be paid to a pregnant mother at any time after verification of pregnancy, regardless of whether she is eligible for the Cal-Learn Program. The bill also would prohibit, to the extent permitted by federal law, a pregnant woman or pregnant teenager from being denied or made ineligible for CalFresh benefits, or from being required to participate in CalFresh E &amp; T, at any time after verification of pregnancy. Because the bill would expand eligibility for CalWORKs aid under some circumstances, the bill would increase the duties of counties in administering the program, thus imposing a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/13/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>3/28/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.</p>	<p>3/28/2012 A . APPR. SUSPENSE FILE</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 1648 Brownley D</a></p>	<p><b>Political Reform Act of 1974: advertisements: disclosure.</b> The Political Reform Act of 1974 regulates mass mailings, known as slate</p>	<p>Amended: 4/10/2012</p>	<p>4/18/2012 - In committee: Set,</p>	<p>4/18/2012 A . APPR. SUSPENSE</p>	<p><b>Oppose</b></p>

	<p>mailers, that support or oppose multiple candidates or ballot measures for an election. The act requires that each slate mailer identify the slate mailer organization or committee primarily formed to support or oppose one or more ballot measures that is sending the slate mailer, and to contain other specified information in specified formatting. The act requires that each candidate and each ballot measure that has paid to appear in the slate mailer be designated by an asterisk. This bill would instead require that a candidate or ballot measure appearing in the slate mailer be designated by an asterisk if the slate mailer organization or committee primarily formed to support or oppose one or more ballot measures that is sending the slate mailer has received payment to include the candidate or ballot measure in the slate mailer. The bill would also recast the language of the prescribed notice to voters that must be included on a slate mailer. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p><a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.</p>	<p>FILE</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 1687</a> <a href="#">Fong D</a></p>	<p><b>Workers' compensation: utilization review.</b> Existing law establishes a workers' compensation system to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of his or her employment. Existing law requires every employer to establish a utilization review process, either directly or through its insurer or an entity with which an employer contracts for these services, for the purpose of reviewing and approving, modifying, delaying, or denying treatment recommendations made by physicians with respect to injured workers. Existing law requires that communications regarding decisions to approve requests by physicians specify the specific medical treatment service approved, and that responses regarding decisions to modify, delay, or deny medical treatment services requested by physicians include a clear and concise explanation of the reasons for the employer's decision, a description of the criteria or guidelines used, and the clinical reasons for the decisions regarding medical necessity. This bill would additionally require that communications or responses regarding decisions to modify, delay, or deny medical treatment services requested by physicians also include a clear and concise explanation of the available options for objecting to the modification, delay, or denial of those medical services , to appear on the first page of the communication in no less than 12-point bold type so as to be prominently visible to the</p>	<p>Amended: 3/12/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/18/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 9. Noes 3.) (April 18). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.</p>	<p>4/18/2012 A . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Oppose</b></p>

	employee . This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">AB 1689</a> <a href="#">Donnelly</a> R	<b>Electronic benefits transfer.</b> Existing law, administered by the State Department of Social Services, provides for the establishment of a statewide electronic benefits transfer (EBT) system for the purpose of providing financial and food assistance benefits to needy Californians. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to the law relating to the EBT system.	Introduced: 2/15/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/16/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee March 17.	2/15/2012 A . PRINT	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1721</a> <a href="#">Donnelly</a> R	<b>Air pollution: violations.</b> Existing law establishes the State Air Resources Board as the state agency with primary jurisdiction over the regulation of air pollution. Existing law grants to air pollution control and air quality management districts the primary authority for the control of air pollution from all sources other than vehicular sources. Existing law subjects violators of air pollution laws to specified civil , administrative, and criminal penalties. This bill, commencing January 1, 2013, would require the state board, an air pollution control district, or an air quality management district, as specified, except for violations causing actual injury, as defined, to issue a warning for the first violation of any rule, regulation, permit, or order of the state board or of a district, as specified, whether for a civil, administrative, or criminal penalty. The bill, for administrative penalties, would require the state board, except for violations causing actual injury, as defined, to issue a warning for the first violation of any regulation of the state. The bill would prohibit the state board or a district, as specified, from issuing a second violation sooner than 60 days following the issuance of the first violation . By adding to the duties of air pollution control and air quality management districts, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/16/2012 - In committee: Set second hearing. Failed passage. Reconsideration granted.	4/16/2012 A . NAT. RES.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">AB 1730</a> <a href="#">Olsen</a> R	<b>Legislative Transparency Act.</b> Existing law requires the Assembly Committee on Rules, the Senate Committee on Rules, and the Joint Rules Committee to annually prepare a report to the public of all expenditures made from the operating fund subject to their direction and control, including a list of expenditures for each Member and committee of the Legislature, as prescribed. This bill would require the Assembly Committee on Rules , the Senate Committee on Rules , and the Joint Rules Committee, as appropriate, to provide to each	Amended: 3/26/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/17/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Failed passage.	4/17/2012 A . E. & R.	<b>Watch</b>

	Member of the Assembly and Senate a monthly report of that Member's office and committee budgets , as specified. The bill would require each Member of the Legislature to publish the monthly budget report on the Member's Internet Web site or legislative committee Internet Web site, as specified . This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">AB 1740</a> <a href="#">V. Manuel</a> <a href="#">Pérez D</a>	<b>Employment protections: victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking.</b> This bill would extend these protections to victims of stalking. The bill would also prohibit an employer from discharging or in any manner discriminating or retaliating against an employee because of the employee's known status as a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and require the employer to provide reasonable accommodations for such a victim. Because a violation of the bill's requirements under certain circumstances would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/25/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/26/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 1744</a> <a href="#">Lowenthal,</a> <a href="#">Bonnie D</a>	<b>Employee compensation: itemized statements.</b> Existing law requires every employer, semimonthly or at the time of each payment of wages, to furnish each employee with an accurate itemized statement in writing showing specified information. Existing law provides that a knowing and intentional violation of this provision is a misdemeanor. This bill would additionally require that the itemized statement include, if the employer is a temporary services employer, the name and address of the legal entities that secured the services of the employer and total hours worked for each legal entity. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 1.) (April 18). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/19/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 1746</a> <a href="#">Williams D</a>	<b>Schools: nutrition: beverages.</b> Existing law permits the sale of only certain beverages to pupils at schools. The beverages that may be sold include fruit-based and vegetable-based drinks, drinking water, milk, and, in middle and junior high schools, an electrolyte replacement beverage if those beverages meet certain nutritional requirements. This bill, commencing July 1, 2013, would recast those provisions and would restrict the sale of electrolyte replacement beverages in middle schools and high schools to specified times before and after school.	Introduced: 2/17/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/18/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	4/18/2012 A . APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	
<a href="#">AB 1775</a>	<b>Wage garnishment: exempt earnings.</b> The Wage Garnishment	Amended:	4/26/2012 -	4/26/2012	<b>Watch</b>

<p><a href="#">Wieckowski</a> D</p>	<p>Law governs earnings withholding orders and provides definitions of certain terms. Existing law requires a levy of execution upon the earnings of a judgment debtor to be made by service of an earnings withholding order upon the debtor's employer. Existing law limits the amount of earnings of a judgment debtor that may be subject to an earnings withholding order to the amount specified by federal law, unless an exception applies. Federal law prohibits the amount of earnings that may be subject to garnishment from exceeding 25% of an individual's weekly disposable earnings or the amount by which the individual's disposable earnings for the week exceed 30 times the federal minimum hourly wage in effect at the time the earnings are payable. This bill would define "disposable earnings" as the portion of an individual's earnings that remains after deducting all amounts required to be withheld by law. The bill would also prohibit the amount of an individual judgment debtor's weekly disposable earnings subject to garnishment from exceeding the lesser of 25% of the individual's weekly disposable earnings or the amount by which the individual's disposable earnings for the week exceed 40 times the state minimum hourly wage in effect at the time the earnings are payable, unless an exception applies. For any pay period other than weekly, the bill would also require the use of certain multipliers to determine a maximum amount subject to garnishment that is proportional in effect to a calculation based on the amount by which the individual's earnings for a workweek exceed 40 times the state minimum wage, except as specified. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>4/17/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>Referred to Com. on JUD.</p>	<p>S . JUD.</p>	
<p><a href="#">AB 1789</a> <a href="#">Morrell</a> R</p>	<p><b>Wage orders: review: private rights of action.</b> Existing law regulates the wages, hours, and working conditions of any man, woman, and minor employed in any occupation, trade, or industry, whether compensation is measured by time, piece, or otherwise, except for individuals employed as outside salespersons and individuals participating in specified national service programs. Under existing law, the Industrial Welfare Commission within the Department of Industrial Relations is authorized to adopt rules, regulations, and orders to ensure that employers comply with those provisions of law. This bill would require the commission to review and, if necessary, revise every wage order in effect as of January 1, 2013, to ensure that each order is consistent with current work</p>	<p>Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/18/2012 - Action From L. &amp; E.: Failed passage.</p>	<p>4/19/2012 A . L. &amp; E.</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>

	conditions in the industry covered by that wage order. The commission would be required to indicate on its Internet Web site that an order has been reviewed and whether revision of the order is needed. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">AB 1808 Williams D</a>	<b>Meyers-Milias-Brown Act: public employees.</b> The Meyers-Milias-Brown Act establishes procedures governing the resolution of disputes regarding wages, hours, and other terms and conditions of employment between public employers and public employee organizations. Under the act, public employees have the right to form, join, and participate in the activities of employee organizations of their own choosing for purposes of representation on all matters of employer-employee relations. For purposes of the act, "public employee" is defined as any person employed by any public agency, including employees of the fire departments and fire services of counties, cities, cities and counties, districts, and other political subdivisions of the state, but does not include persons elected by popular vote or appointed to office by the Governor. This bill would expand the definition of "public employee" to include any person employed by an employer that is a not a public agency, but with which a public agency shares or codetermines decisions governing essential employment conditions of that person. The bill would also state that its provisions are declaratory of existing law.	Introduced: 2/21/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	3/1/2012 A . P.E.,R. & S.S.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 1834 Brownley D</a>	<b>Recycling: reusable bags.</b> The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989, as administered by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, requires an operator of a store, as defined, to establish an at-store recycling program that provides customers the opportunity to return clean plastic carryout bags to that store and to make reusable bags available to customers. These requirements are repealed on January 1, 2013. This bill would define the term "reusable bag" for purposes of the act.	Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on E.Q.	4/19/2012 S . E.Q.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1837 Donnelly R</a>	<b>Human trafficking.</b> Under existing law, any person who deprives or violates the personal liberty of another with the intent to effect or maintain a felony violation of specified sex crimes, extortion, or to obtain forced labor or services, is guilty of human trafficking. A violation of those provisions is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for 3, 4, or 5 years, except that if the victim was under	Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/23/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee March 24.	2/22/2012 A . PRINT	<b>Watch</b>

	18 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense, the offense is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for 4, 6, or 8 years. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to these provisions.				
<a href="#">AB 1844 Campos D</a>	<b>Employer use of social media.</b> Existing law generally regulates the conduct of employers in the state. This bill would prohibit an employer from requiring an employee or prospective employee to disclose a user name or account password to access a personal social media account that is exclusively used by the employee or prospective employee.	Amended: 4/26/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Read second time and amended.	4/26/2012 A . L. & E.	<b>Removed Support</b>
<a href="#">AB 1845 Solorio D</a>	<b>Unemployment compensation benefits: overpayment assessments: termination: income tax withholding.</b> Existing law requires the director of the Employment Development Department to maintain a separate reserve account for each employer, and generally requires the director to credit each reserve account with all the contributions paid on the employer's behalf and to charge against the employer's reserve account unemployment compensation benefits paid to an unemployed individual during any benefit year during his or her base period. Under existing law, certain benefits paid to claimants are not charged to an employer's reserve account, except as provided, if the department rules that specified circumstances exist. This bill would provide that an employer's reserve account is not relieved of charges relating to a benefit overpayment established on or after October 22, 2013, if the department determines that the payment was made because the employer, or an agent of the employer, was at fault for failing to respond timely or adequately to any request of the department for information relating to a claim for unemployment compensation benefits and the employer or agent has established a pattern of failing to respond timely or adequately to such requests, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/11/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/18/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 13. Noes 0.) (April 18). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/18/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1846 Gordon D</a>	<b>Consumer operated and oriented plans.</b> Existing law, the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA), requires the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services to establish the Consumer Operated and Oriented Plan program for the purpose of fostering the creation of qualified nonprofit health insurance issuers to offer qualified health plans in the	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - Do pass as amended and be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.	4/24/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>

	<p>individual and small group markets in the states in which they are licensed to offer those plans. Existing law provides for the regulation of various forms of insurance by the Insurance Commissioner and requires insurers to obtain a certificate of authority from the commissioner in order to be admitted to transact insurance business in the state. This bill would authorize the commissioner to issue a certificate of authority to a consumer operated and oriented plan (CO-OP) established consistent with PPACA, as specified. The bill would specify that a CO-OP issued a certificate of authority is subject to all other provisions of law relating to insurance and would further specify that a CO-OP insurer and any solvency loan obtained by the CO-OP from the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services are subject to certain requirements imposed on mutual insurers. The bill would authorize the commissioner to request documentation relating to a CO-OP's solvency or start-up loan. The bill would prohibit a CO-OP from converting or selling to a for-profit or nonconsumer-operated entity after receiving a solvency loan, would prohibit a CO-OP from implementing a governance structure that does not meet PPACA standards, and would authorize the commissioner to revoke a CO-OP insurer's certificate of authority for violating those prohibitions. The bill would authorize the Department of Insurance to enact regulations implementing these provisions and would enact other related provisions.</p>				
<p><a href="#">AB 1878</a> <a href="#">Gaines,</a> <a href="#">Beth R</a></p>	<p><b>Disability access: liability.</b> Under existing law, a person, firm, or corporation that interferes with the access rights of a disabled individual is liable for the actual damages of each offense and any amount determined by a judge or jury of up to 3 times the amount of the actual damages, but in no case less than \$1,000. Existing law requires the State Architect to develop and submit for approval and adoption building standards for making buildings, structures, sidewalks, curbs, and related facilities accessible to, and usable by, persons with disabilities. This bill would establish notice requirements for an alleged aggrieved party to follow before bringing an action against a microbusiness, as defined, for an alleged violation of the above-described provisions. The bill would require that party to provide specified notice to the owner of the property, agent, or other responsible party where the alleged violation occurred. Further, this bill would require the owner, agent, or other responsible party to</p>	<p>Amended: 4/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/25/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on JUD.</p>	<p>4/25/2012 A . JUD.</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>

	respond within 30 days with a description of the improvements to be made or with a rebuttal to the allegations. If the owner, agent, or other responsible party elects to fix the alleged violation, the bill would provide 120 days to apply for any necessary permits and to remedy the alleged violation. The provisions of the bill would not apply to claims for recovery of special damages for an injury in fact, and the bill would require a court or jury to consider previous or pending actual damage awards received or prayed for by the alleged aggrieved party for the same or similar injury.				
<a href="#">AB 1879</a> <a href="#">Gaines,</a> <a href="#">Beth</a> R	<b>Disability access: State Architect.</b> Existing law requires the Division of the State Architect to develop and submit building standards regulations, including regulations to increase accessibility to buildings, structures, sidewalks, and curbs by persons with disabilities. These standards are required to be at least as high as those promulgated under the federal Americans with Disabilities Act. Existing law also requires the Division of the State Architect to submit proposed amendments to the California Code of Regulations to the United States Department of Justice to ensure that California's accessibility building standards are consistent with federal regulations. This bill would require the State Architect to prepare a report containing all federal and state disability access regulations and noting any state disability access regulations that are in direct conflict with federal disability access regulations. This would require the State Architect to make the report available to the Governor and the Legislature by January 1, 2014, in the form that the State Architect decides is the least costly. This reporting provision would become inoperative as of January 1, 2017.	Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	4/25/2012 A . APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">AB 1882</a> <a href="#">Block</a> D	<b>Labor standards.</b> Existing law prohibits an employer from employing an employee for longer hours than those fixed, or under other conditions prohibited, by an order of the Industrial Welfare Commission. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.	Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/23/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee March 24.	2/22/2012 A . PRINT	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1888</a> <a href="#">Gatto</a> D	<b>Vehicles: commercial driver's licenses: traffic violator school.</b> Existing law provides for the licensing and administration by the Department of Motor Vehicles of traffic violator schools, operators, and instructors. Existing law authorizes the court, after a deposit of bail and bail forfeiture, a plea of guilty or no contest, or a conviction,	Amended: 4/25/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/26/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Support</b>

	<p>to order a continuance of the proceeding against a person who receives a notice to appear in court for a violation of a statute relating to safe operation of a vehicle, in consideration for completion of a program at a licensed school for traffic violators. The court is authorized to order that the conviction be held confidential, unless the person holds a commercial driver's license or the violation occurred in a commercial vehicle. The court is prohibited from ordering or permitting a person who holds a class A, class B, or commercial class C driver's license to complete a licensed traffic violator school. Existing law requires that no violation point count be assessed if the record of conviction is confidential. The driving privilege of a person whose driving record shows 6 or more points within specified timeframes is subject to suspension or revocation. A violation of the Vehicle Code is a crime. This bill would allow the court, after a deposit of the specified fee or bail, a plea of guilty or no contest, or a conviction, to order or permit a person who holds a class A license, class B license, or commercial class C driver's license to attend a traffic violator school for a traffic offense while operating a vehicle requiring only a class C license, and not requiring a certificate, endorsement, or class M license . The bill would specify that the record of conviction would not be confidential, would require that the record of conviction be disclosed to insurers for insurance underwriting and rating purposes, and would not count as a violation point for specified purposes .</p>				
<p><a href="#">AB 1889</a> <a href="#">Fong D</a></p>	<p><b>Acupuncture: license requirements.</b> Existing law, the Acupuncture Licensure Act, provides for an Acupuncture Board within the Department of Consumer Affairs to license and regulate the practice of acupuncture. This bill would require an applicant for a license to practice acupuncture to also pass a practical examination administered by the board. This bill contains other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/25/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (April 24). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.</p>	<p>4/25/2012 A . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 1895</a> <a href="#">Garrick R</a></p>	<p><b>Alcoholic beverages: licensees.</b> The Alcoholic Beverage Control Act contains various provisions regulating the application for, the issuance of, the suspension of, and the conditions imposed upon, alcoholic beverage licenses by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control. Existing law restricts the exercise of privileges or</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>2/23/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee March 24.</p>	<p>2/22/2012 A . PRINT</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	performance of acts under a license to those persons authorized to do so by a license issued under the act. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to this provision.				
<a href="#">AB 1897 Campos</a> D	<b>Land use: general plan: healthy food element.</b> The Planning and Zoning Law requires that a city or county general plan consist of various elements, including, among other things, a land use element that designates the proposed general distribution and general location and extent of the uses of the land for housing, business, industry, open space, education, public buildings and grounds, solid and liquid waste disposal facilities, and other categories of public and private uses of land, as specified . This bill would additionally require the land use element to identify food deserts, as defined, within the city or county and consider zoning changes to mitigate those areas currently designated as food deserts .	Amended: 4/16/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/17/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.	4/17/2012 A . L. GOV.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 1902 Jones</a> R	<b>Publication: newspaper of general circulation: Internet Web site.</b> Existing law requires that various types of notices are provided in a newspaper of general circulation. Existing law requires a newspaper of general circulation to meet certain criteria, including, among others, that it be published and have a substantial distribution to paid subscribers in the city, district, or judicial district in which it is seeking adjudication. This bill would provide that a newspaper that is available on an Internet Web site may also qualify as a newspaper of general circulation, provided that newspaper meets certain criteria.	Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/18/2012 - In committee: Set first hearing. Failed passage. Reconsideration granted.	4/18/2012 A . L. GOV.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1906 Nestande</a> R	<b>California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: market-based compliance mechanisms: utilities.</b> The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 establishes the State Air Resources Board as the state agency responsible for monitoring and regulating greenhouse gas emission sources. The act requires the state board to adopt regulations to require the reporting and verification of statewide greenhouse gas emissions and to monitor and enforce compliance with this program. The act also requires the state board to adopt regulations to provide for a statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit to be achieved by 2020, equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions levels in 1990. Existing law authorizes the state board to include market-based compliance mechanisms, as defined, to comply with the regulations. This bill would require any investor-owned utility and any publicly owned utility that is subject to the act to use any	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/23/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	4/9/2012 A . NAT. RES.	<b>Watch</b>

	proceeds it obtains from the monetization of any greenhouse gas emission allowances for the benefit of ratepayers to reduce rates that are above the cost of service .				
<a href="#">AB 1911</a> <a href="#">Donnelly R</a>	<b>Sales and use taxes: exemption: manufacturing.</b> Existing sales and use tax laws impose taxes on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. That law provides various exemptions from those taxes. The bill would exempt from those taxes, on and after January 1, 2013, the gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption of, qualified tangible personal property purchased by a qualified person for use primarily in the manufacturing process, as specified, and qualified tangible personal property purchased by a contractor for specified purposes, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/16/2012 - In committee: Set, second hearing. Referred to REV. & TAX. suspense file.	4/16/2012 A . REV. & TAX SUSPENSE FILE	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1922</a> <a href="#">Lara D</a>	<b>Heavy-duty vehicles: smoke emissions.</b> Existing law requires the State Air Resources Board to adopt regulations requiring owners or operators of heavy-duty diesel motor vehicles to perform regular inspections of their vehicles for excessive emissions of smoke. This bill would require the state board to amend a specified regulation relating to the inspection of heavy-duty diesel motor vehicles for excessive emissions of smoke.	Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/23/2012 - Do pass as amended and be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.	4/24/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1924</a> <a href="#">Buchanan D</a>	<b>CEQA: environmental impact reports.</b> The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment, or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA prescribes certain requirements for the review of draft EIRs, as specified. This bill would make various	Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/23/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee March 24.	2/22/2012 A . PRINT	<b>Watch</b>

	technical, nonsubstantive changes in those provisions relating to the requirements for the review of draft EIRs.				
<a href="#">AB 1933</a> <a href="#">Gordon D</a>	<b>Beverage containers: enforcement.</b> The existing California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act requires a distributor of specified beverage containers to pay a redemption payment to the Department of Resource Recycling and Recovery, for each beverage container, as defined, sold or transferred, for deposit in the California Beverage Container Recycling Fund. Existing law requires any person importing more than a 100 pounds of aluminum, bimetel, or plastic beverage container material, or more than 1,000 pounds of glass beverage container material, into the state to report the material and provide an opportunity for inspection and prohibits any person from falsifying documents required pursuant to the act or the regulations adopted by the department. A violation of the act is a crime. This bill would decrease the amount of materials for which a person is required to report to the department to 25 pounds of aluminum, bimetel, or plastic beverage container material, or more than 250 pounds of glass beverage container material, and would additionally require the person to provide the department with certain documentation regarding those materials. Since a violation of this requirement would be crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	4/26/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">AB 1941</a> <a href="#">Ma D</a>	<b>Taxation: qualified heavy equipment.</b> The California Constitution authorizes the Legislature to classify personal property for differential taxation or for exemption by means of a statute approved by a 2/3 vote of the membership of each house. This bill would, pursuant to this constitutional authorization, on and after January 1, 2013, impose a tax on every qualified lessee, as defined, of qualified heavy equipment, as defined, for the privilege of leasing or renting qualified heavy equipment in this state at the rate of 1.25% of the gross receipts of the qualified lessee. This bill would provide that this tax shall be in lieu of any personal property tax on qualified heavy equipment. This bill would require the tax to be administered by the State Board of Equalization and to be collected pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Fee Collection Procedures Law. This bill would require all revenues, interest, penalties, and other amounts	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/9/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on REV. & TAX.	4/9/2012 A . REV. & TAX	<b>Watch</b>

	derived from the imposition of the tax to be deposited in the Heavy Equipment Revenue Fund in the State Treasury, established by this bill. This bill would require all revenues in the fund, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to be used to reimburse local entities for their loss of property tax revenues resulting from this bill. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">AB 1948</a> <a href="#">Grove R</a>	<b>Wage and hour laws: Legislature.</b> Existing law affords wage and hour protections to employees in the state. These protections include laws that regulate overtime compensation and require employees to be given meal and rest periods. Violations of these protections is a crime. Generally, these wage and hour laws are inapplicable to employees of the state. This bill would make specified wage and hour laws applicable to the Legislature. Because a violation of these requirements would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program by creating a new crime. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/18/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	4/19/2012 A . L. & E.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1964</a> <a href="#">Yamada D</a>	<b>Discrimination in employment: reasonable accommodations.</b> Existing law, the California Fair Employment and Housing Act, protects and safeguards the right and opportunity of all persons to seek, obtain, and hold employment without discrimination or abridgment on account of race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, or sexual orientation. Specifically, an employer or other covered entity is required to reasonably accommodate the religious belief or observance , or disability or medical condition, of an individual unless the accommodation would be an undue hardship on the conduct of the business of the employer or other entity. This bill would specify a factor to be considered in determining undue hardship for the purposes of these protections against discrimination , and would provide that an accommodation is not reasonable if the accommodation requires segregation of an employee from customers or the general public . The bill would include the practice of wearing religious clothing or a religious hairstyle as a belief or observance covered by the protections.	Amended: 4/16/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - From committee: Do pass as amended and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 9. Noes 0.) (April 24).	4/26/2012 A . SECOND READING	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 1969</a> <a href="#">Gaines,</a>	<b>Regulations: filing.</b> The Administrative Procedure Act generally sets forth the requirements for the adoption, publication, review, and	Amended: 4/16/2012	4/24/2012 - In committee: Set,	4/24/2012 A . B.,P. & C.P.	<b>Watch</b>

<p><a href="#">Beth R</a></p>	<p>implementation of regulations by state agencies, and for review of those regulatory actions by the Office of Administrative Law. That act requires the office to transmit a copy of a regulation to the Secretary of State for filing if the office approves the regulation or fails to act on it within 30 days. That act provides that a regulation or an order of repeal of a regulation becomes effective on the 30th day after it is filed with the Secretary of State, unless prescribed conditions occur. This bill would prohibit the office from transmitting any regulation to the Secretary of State for filing that it receives between January 1, 2013, and January 1, 2015, inclusive, until after January 1, 2015. This bill would exempt from the requirements of this bill a regulation proposed by a public safety or public health agency or department.</p>	<p><a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>first hearing. Failed passage.</p>		
<p><a href="#">AB 1970 Skinner D</a></p>	<p><b>Social Services Modernization and Efficiency Act of 2012.</b> Existing law provides for protection, care, and assistance for people of the state, and the promotion of the welfare and happiness of all people in the state by providing appropriate aid and services to the needy and distressed. Programs established for this purpose include CalWORKs, which provides cash assistance and other social services to needy families, using federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) block grant program, state, and county funds, and CalFresh, whereby nutrition assistance benefits allocated to the state federal government are distributed to eligible individuals by each county. Counties administer the CalWORKs and CalFresh programs. This bill, the Social Services Modernization Act of 2012, would require a final operational state plan submitted by any department administered by the Secretary of California Health and Human Services state agency to a federal agency in the context of providing public social services to be electronically available on the relevant department's Internet Web site, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 4/19/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/26/2012 - Read second time. Ordered to third reading.</p>	<p>4/26/2012 A . THIRD READING</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 1972 Huber D</a></p>	<p><b>Sales and use taxes: exemption: manufacturing equipment: research and development.</b> The Sales and Use Tax Law imposes a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/9/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to REV. &amp; TAX. suspense file.</p>	<p>3/8/2012 A . REV. &amp; TAX SUSPENSE FILE</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	consumption in this state. That law provides various exemptions from those taxes. This bill would provide that, notwithstanding Section 2230 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, no appropriation is made and the state shall not reimburse local agencies for sales and use tax revenues lost by them pursuant to this bill. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">AB 1982</a> <a href="#">Gorell R</a>	<b>Regulations: effective date: legislative review.</b> The Administrative Procedure Act governs the procedure for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of regulations by state agencies and for the review of those regulatory actions by the Office of Administrative Law. That act requires an agency, prior to submitting a proposal to adopt, amend, or repeal an administrative regulation, to determine the economic impact of that regulation, in accordance with certain procedures. That act defines a major regulation as a regulation that the agency determines has an expected economic impact on California business enterprises and individuals in an amount exceeding \$50,000,000. That act requires the office to transmit a copy of a regulation to the Secretary of State for filing if the office approves the regulation or fails to act on it within 30 days. That act provides that a regulation or an order of repeal of a regulation becomes effective on the 30th day after it is filed with the Secretary of State, unless prescribed conditions occur. This bill would require the office to submit to the Legislature for review a copy of each major regulation that it submits to the Secretary of State. This bill would extend the time period that a regulation becomes effective after being filed with the Secretary of State from 30 days to 90 days. This bill would specify that the list of prescribed conditions that prevent a regulation from becoming effective include a statutory override of the regulation.	Amended: 4/18/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 2.) (April 24). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/25/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 1994</a> <a href="#">Huber D</a>	<b>Disability access: causes of action.</b> Under existing law, a person, firm, or corporation that interferes with the access rights of a disabled individual is liable for the actual damages of each offense and any amount determined by a judge or jury of up to 3 times the amount of the actual damages, but in no case less than \$1,000. Existing law requires the State Architect to develop and submit for approval and adoption building standards for making buildings, structures, sidewalks, curbs, and related facilities accessible to, and usable by,	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/8/2012 - Referred to Com. on JUD.	3/8/2012 A . JUD.	<b>Support</b>

	<p>persons with disabilities, as specified. This bill would require every county to establish a program that requires an alleged aggrieved party under the state access laws to file a complaint with the county planning department in which an alleged violation occurred. The bill would require the county planning department to refer every complaint received under this act to a certified access specialist to determine what measures are necessary to remedy the alleged violation and the estimated timeframe for remedy. The bill would require the adoption of a compliance schedule and require issuance of building permits to the owner, agent, or responsible party of the alleged violation. The bill would require all complaints to be subject to the compliance schedule prior to a cause of action being filed. The bill would authorize the county to charge a fee to the owner, agent, or responsible party of the alleged violation for the costs of the program and the compliance schedule. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>				
<p><a href="#">AB 1999 Brownley D</a></p>	<p><b>Employment: familial status protection.</b> Existing law, the California Fair Employment and Housing Act, protects and safeguards the right and opportunity of all persons to seek, obtain, and hold employment without discrimination or abridgment on account of race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, age, or sexual orientation. This bill would include "familial status" as an additional basis upon which the right to seek, obtain, and hold employment cannot be denied.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/26/2012 - From committee: Do pass as amended and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 3.) (April 24).</p>	<p>4/26/2012 A . SECOND READING</p>	<p><b>Oppose</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 2003 Torres D</a></p>	<p><b>Junk dealers and recyclers: nonferrous materials: payment.</b> Existing law requires junk dealers and recyclers, as defined, to keep written records of all sales and purchases made in the course of their business. Existing law prohibits a junk dealer or a recycler from providing payment for nonferrous material, as defined, unless the payment is made by cash or check, the check is mailed or the cash or check is provided no earlier than 3 days after the date of sale, and other specified requirements are met. This bill would allow payment for nonferrous materials by check only.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/26/2012 - Read second time. Ordered to third reading.</p>	<p>4/26/2012 A . THIRD READING</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 2014 Ammiano D</a></p>	<p><b>Property taxation: change in ownership: legal entities: task force.</b> The California Constitution generally limits ad valorem taxes</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/23/2012</p>	<p>3/22/2012 - Referred to Com.</p>	<p>3/22/2012 A . REV. &amp; TAX</p>	<p><b>Oppose</b></p>

	<p>on real property to 1% of the full cash value of that property. For purposes of this limitation, "full cash value" is defined as the assessor's valuation of real property as shown on the 1975-76 tax bill under "full cash value" or, thereafter, the appraised value of that real property when purchased, newly constructed, or a change in ownership has occurred. Existing property tax law specifies those circumstances in which the transfer of ownership interests in a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or other legal entity results in a change in ownership of the real property owned by that entity, and generally provides that a change in ownership as so described occurs when a legal entity or other person obtains a controlling or majority ownership interest in the legal entity. Existing law also specifies other circumstances in which certain transfers of ownership interests in legal entities result in a change in ownership of the real property owned by those legal entities. This bill would require the Legislature to convene a task force composed of specified citizens and officials to update the work done by a task force in 1979 that provided recommendations to the Legislature regarding the definition of change of ownership described above for complex legal entities, as provided.</p>	<p><a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>on REV. &amp; TAX.</p>		
<p><a href="#">AB 2035</a> <a href="#">Bradford D</a></p>	<p><b>Electronic benefits transfer cards: skimming.</b> Existing law, administered by the State Department of Social Services, provides for the establishment of a statewide electronic benefits transfer (EBT) system for the purpose of providing financial and food assistance benefits to needy Californians. Under existing law, a recipient does not incur any loss of electronic benefits if his or her EBT card or personal identification number has been lost or stolen. This bill additionally would provide that a recipient would not incur any loss of electronic benefits stolen through the practice of skimming, as defined. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 4/16/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/26/2012 - Read second time. Ordered to third reading.</p>	<p>4/26/2012 A . THIRD READING</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 2037</a> <a href="#">Davis D</a></p>	<p><b>Income taxes: hiring credits: investment credits.</b> The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws, including a credit in the amount of \$3,000 for each full-time employee hired by a qualified employer applicable to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and ending upon a cut-off date calculated based upon an estimate by the Franchise Tax Board of claims cumulatively totaling</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/17/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on REV. &amp; TAX. (Ayes 4. Noes 0.) (April 17). Re-referred to</p>	<p>4/17/2012 A . REV. &amp; TAX</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	\$400,000,000 for all taxable years, as specified. Existing law also creates the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, which has specified duties in regard to low-income housing credits. This bill would instead calculate the cut-off date for the above-described hiring credit based upon an estimate by the Franchise Tax Board of claims cumulatively totaling \$100,000,000 for all taxable years, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions.		Com. on REV. & TAX.		
<a href="#">AB 2039 Swanson D</a>	<b>Family and medical leave.</b> Existing law, the Moore-Brown-Roberti Family Rights Act, makes it an unlawful employment practice for an employer, as defined, to refuse to grant a request by an eligible employee to take up to 12 workweeks of unpaid protected leave during any 12-month period (1) to bond with a child who was born to, adopted by, or placed for foster care with, the employee, (2) to care for the employee's parent, spouse, or child who has a serious health condition, as defined, or (3) because the employee is suffering from a serious health condition rendering him or her unable to perform the functions of the job. Under the act, "child" means a biological, adopted, foster, or stepchild, a legal ward, or a child of a person standing in loco parentis, who is either under 18 years of age or an adult dependent child. The act defines "parent" to mean the employee's biological, foster, or adoptive parent, stepparent, legal guardian, or other person who stood in loco parentis to the employee when the employee was a child. This bill would increase the circumstances under which an employee is entitled to protected leave pursuant to the Family Rights Act by (1) eliminating the age and dependency elements from the definition of "child," thereby permitting an employee to take protected leave to care for his or her independent adult child suffering from a serious health condition, (2) expanding the definition of "parent" to include an employee's parent-in-law, and (3) permitting an employee to also take leave to care for a seriously ill grandparent, sibling, grandchild, or domestic partner, as defined.	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/18/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to APPR. suspense file.	4/18/2012 A . APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 2043 Wagner R</a>	<b>Appeals: representative actions.</b> Existing law specifies the judgments and orders from which an appeal may be taken to the court of appeal. This bill would add an order granting or denying class action certification, allowing appeal from the order at the discretion of the court of appeal. The bill would specify various	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Failed passage.	4/24/2012 A . JUD.	<b>Support</b>

	factors the court would be required to consider in determining whether to allow the appeal.				
<a href="#">AB 2047</a> <a href="#">Beall D</a>	<b>Alcoholic beverages: tied-house restrictions: advertising.</b> Existing law generally prohibits a manufacturer of alcoholic beverages and a winegrower from paying, crediting, or compensating a retailer for advertising or paying or giving anything of value for the privilege of placing a sign or advertisement with a retail licensee. It authorizes, as an exception, the holder of a winegrower's license, a beer manufacturer, a distilled spirits manufacturer, or a distilled spirits manufacturer's agent, to purchase advertising space and time from, or on behalf of, an on-sale retail licensee, under certain conditions, if the on-sale retail licensee is the owner, manager, agent of the owner, assignee of the owner's advertising rights, or major tenant of specified facilities. This bill would expand the exceptions to existing law to allow beer manufacturers, winegrowers, distilled spirits rectifiers, distilled spirits manufacturers, or distilled spirits manufacturer's agents to purchase advertising space and time from, or on behalf of, on-sale retail licensees at specified facilities located in the City of San Jose, subject to additional requirements, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/8/2012 - Referred to Com. on G.O.	3/8/2012 A . G.O.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2048</a> <a href="#">Donnelly R</a>	<b>State Board of Equalization: administration: interest.</b> The Sales and Use Tax Law, and other laws by reference to that law, provide that interest is paid by taxpayers and fee payers with respect to underpayments of various taxes, surcharges, and fees at a modified adjusted rate per annum, as defined by reference to a specified federal statute, and that interest is paid to taxpayers and fee payers with respect to overpayments of various taxes, surcharges, and fees as determined in accordance with a specified federal statute, which requires that the rate paid on overpayments be based on the rate of 13-week treasury bills, as specified. This bill would revise the definition of "modified adjusted rate per annum," which would thereby require that interest on overpayments be determined in the same manner as interest on underpayments is now determined.	Amended: 4/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (February 23). Re- referred to Com. on APPR.	4/24/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">AB 2050</a> <a href="#">Allen D</a>	<b>Corporations: political activity: disclosures.</b> Existing law, the General Corporation Law, provides for the regulation of corporations. Under existing law, every publicly traded domestic corporation is required to file annually a statement, on a form	Amended: 3/14/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/17/2012 - In committee: Set, second hearing. Hearing canceled	3/15/2012 A . JUD.	<b>Oppose</b>

	<p>prescribed by the Secretary of State, that includes, among other things, the name of the independent auditor that prepared the most recent auditor's report on the corporation's annual financial statements and information about the board of directors. This bill would prohibit a domestic corporation from making any monetary contribution to any candidate for local or state office in this state or any other state. The bill would also require every domestic corporation making any monetary contribution in excess of \$1,000 to any candidate for federal office or any statewide ballot, referendum, or initiative voted on in this state to make a specified disclosure to the Secretary of State within 10 days thereof. The bill would require the Secretary of State to make the disclosure public, including on its Internet Web site.</p>		at the request of author.		
<p><a href="#">AB 2052</a> <a href="#">Buchanan D</a></p>	<p><b>Environmental quality: CEQA.</b> The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant impact on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that impact. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA provides for the judicial review of a lead agency's decision to certify an EIR. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to these provisions.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>2/24/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee March 25.</p>	<p>2/23/2012 A . PRINT</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 2059</a> <a href="#">Gorell R</a></p>	<p><b>Sales and use tax: qualified purchaser.</b> Existing law provides that a return, showing specified purchases by a qualified purchaser that were subject to the use tax during the preceding year and that have not been paid to a specified retailer, must be filed, along with a remittance of the amount of tax due, with the State Board of Equalization on or before April 15. Existing law further provides that a qualified purchaser is a specified person that receives at least \$100,000 in gross receipts from business operations per calendar year. This bill would increase the threshold amount of gross receipts from business operations per calendar year from \$100,000 to</p>	<p>Amended: 4/18/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/23/2012 - In committee: Set, second hearing. Held under submission.</p>	<p>4/23/2012 A . REV. &amp; TAX</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	<p>\$500,000. The bill would authorize the board to grant a reasonable extension of time for filing a use tax return, as specified, and to grant a reasonable extension of time for the payment of use tax when it determines that good cause exists. This bill would authorize the board to grant an extension for filing a use tax return if an extension is granted for filing a return for tax imposed under the Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law, as provided.</p>				
<p><a href="#">AB 2090 Berryhill, Bill R</a></p>	<p><b>Regulations.</b> The Administrative Procedure Act generally sets forth the requirements for the adoption, publication, review, and implementation of regulations by state agencies, and for review of those regulatory actions by the Office of Administrative Law. The act requires an agency, prior to submitting a proposal to adopt, amend, or repeal an administrative regulation, to determine the economic impact of the regulation by preparing an economic impact analysis. The act defines a major regulation as a regulation that the agency determines has an expected economic impact on California business enterprises and individuals in an amount exceeding \$50,000,000. Existing law requires an agency proposing to adopt, amend, or repeal a major regulation to also prepare a standardized regulatory impact analysis. This bill would instead define a major regulation as a regulation that the agency determines has an expected economic impact on California business enterprises and individuals in an amount exceeding \$15,000,000. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 4/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/18/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (April 17). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.</p>	<p>4/18/2012 A . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 2091 Berryhill, Bill R</a></p>	<p><b>Regulations: new or emerging technology.</b> The Administrative Procedure Act generally sets forth the requirements for the adoption, publication, review, and implementation of regulations by state agencies, and for review of those regulatory actions by the Office of Administrative Law. The act requires an agency that is proposing an administrative regulation to prepare and submit to the office, and make available to the public upon request, specific information. The act requires the office to return to an agency any proposed regulation that does not meet certain requirements. This bill would require a state agency proposing an administrative regulation that would require a person or entity to use a new or emerging technology or equipment in order to achieve the identified purpose of the regulation to determine if that technology is available and effective in accordance</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/24/2012 - In committee: Set, second hearing. Failed passage.</p>	<p>4/24/2012 A . B.,P. &amp; C.P.</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>

	with certain requirements. The bill would also require the state agency that is proposing the regulation to include certain provisions in the regulation. The bill would require the state agency to submit to the office, and make available to the public upon request, a statement that the agency has complied with the requirements of this act. The bill would require the office to return to the agency the proposed regulation if the agency has not complied with the prescribed requirements.				
<a href="#">AB 2099</a> <a href="#">Cedillo</a> D	<b>Employment: wage and hour violations.</b> Under existing law, every employer or other person acting either individually or as an officer, agent, or employee of another person, who requires or causes an employee to work for longer hours than those fixed or to work under conditions of labor prohibited by an order of the Industrial Welfare Commission, who pays or causes to be paid to an employee a wage less than minimum wage fixed by an order of the commission, or who violates or refuses or neglects to comply with any specified provision of the Labor Code or any order or ruling of the commission is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than \$100 or by imprisonment for not less than 30 days, or both. This bill would increase the fine for a violation of this provision from not less than \$100 to not less than \$250. The bill would also make technical, nonsubstantive changes.	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/9/2012 - Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	4/9/2012 A . THIRD READING	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 2103</a> <a href="#">Ammiano</a> D	<b>Employment: wages and hours: overtime.</b> Existing law, with certain exceptions, establishes 8 hours as a day's work and a 40-hour workweek, and requires payment of prescribed overtime compensation for additional hours worked. A violation of overtime compensation laws is a crime. Existing law provides that for the purpose of computing the overtime rate of compensation required to be paid to a nonexempt full-time salaried employee, the employee's regular hourly rate shall be 1/40th of the employee's weekly salary. This bill would provide that payment of a fixed salary to a nonexempt employee shall be deemed to provide compensation only for the employee's regular, nonovertime hours, notwithstanding any private agreement to the contrary. Because a violation of this provision would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 1.) (April 18). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/19/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Oppose</b>

<a href="#">AB 2105</a> <a href="#">Grove R</a>	<p><b>Junk dealers: scrap metal.</b> Existing law defines a junk dealer to include any person engaged in the business of buying, selling, and dealing in junk. Existing law defines junk to include, among other things, ferrous and nonferrous scrap metals and alloys. Existing law requires a junk dealer in this state to keep written records of all sales and purchases of junk made in the course of his or her business and to report daily to the chief of police or to the sheriff, as specified. A junk dealer that fails to keep these records is guilty of a misdemeanor. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation regarding scrap metals and recycling.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>2/24/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee March 25.</p>	<p>2/23/2012 A . PRINT</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<a href="#">AB 2117</a> <a href="#">Gorell R</a>	<p><b>Waste discharge requirements: stormwater.</b> Under existing law, the State Water Resources Control Board (state board) and the California regional water quality control boards prescribe waste discharge requirements for the discharge of stormwater in accordance with the federal national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) permit program. Existing law requires the state board or the regional boards to issue waste discharge requirements which apply and ensure compliance with all applicable provisions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and any more stringent effluent standards or limitations necessary to implement water quality control plans, or for the protection of beneficial uses, or to prevent nuisance. This bill would prohibit implementation of any new stormwater effluent standards or limitations more stringent than the provisions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act until January 1, 2017. This bill would require the state board, in consultation with affected stakeholders , to prepare a comprehensive statewide stormwater plan, as prescribed, if the United States Environmental Protection Agency agrees to provide grant money to cover the costs and to submit the plan to the Legislature by January 1, 2016. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 4/11/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/24/2012 - Do pass as amended and be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.</p>	<p>4/24/2012 A . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>
<a href="#">AB 2135</a> <a href="#">Blumenfield D</a>	<p><b>Building standards: solar distributed generation technology on residential and commercial property.</b> The California Building Standards Law provides for the adoption of building standards by state agencies by requiring all state agencies that adopt or propose adoption of any building standard to submit the building standard to the California Building Standards Commission for approval and adoption. In the absence of a designated state agency, the</p>	<p>Amended: 4/18/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/25/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: to consent</p>	<p>4/25/2012 A . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	<p>commission is required to adopt specific building standards, as prescribed. Existing law requires the commission to publish, or cause to be published, editions of the code in its entirety once every 3 years. The commission is authorized to act through a procedure for emergency standards, as defined, upon a finding of an emergency. This bill would require the commission, the Department of Housing and Community Development, and the State Fire Marshal to cooperate in developing a model ordinance and guidelines to assist local agencies to develop building standards and permitting processes for solar distributed generation technology on residential and commercial property and post the model ordinance and guidelines on their respective Internet Web sites.</p>		<p>calendar. (Ayes 9. Noes 0.) (April 24). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.</p>		
<p><a href="#">AB 2144</a> <a href="#">John A. Pérez</a> D</p>	<p><b>Local government: infrastructure and revitalization financing districts.</b> Existing law authorizes the creation of infrastructure financing districts, as defined, for the sole purpose of financing public facilities, subject to adoption of a resolution by the legislative body and affected taxing entities proposed to be subject to division of taxes and 2/3 voter approval. Existing law authorizes the legislative body to, by majority vote, initiate proceedings to issue bonds for the financing of district projects by adopting a resolution, subject to specified procedures and 2/3 voter approval. Existing law requires an infrastructure financing plan to include the date on which an infrastructure financing district will cease to exist, which may not be more than 30 years from the date on which the ordinance forming the district is adopted. Existing law prohibits a district from including any portion of a redevelopment project area. Existing law, the Polanco Redevelopment Act, authorizes a redevelopment agency to take any action that the agency determines is necessary and consistent with state and federal laws to remedy or remove a release of hazardous substances on, under, or from property within a project area, whether the agency owns that property or not, subject to specified conditions. This bill would authorize the creation of an infrastructure and revitalization financing district and the issuance of debt with 55% voter approval. The bill would authorize the creation of a district for up to 40 years and the issuance of debt with a final maturity date of up to 30 years. The bill would delete the prohibition on a district including any portion of a redevelopment project area, and authorize a district to finance projects in redevelopment project areas and</p>	<p>Amended: 4/16/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/26/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 3.) (April 25). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.</p>	<p>4/26/2012 A . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	former redevelopment project areas and former military bases. The bill would authorize a city to form a district to finance a project or projects on a former military base, if specified conditions are met. The bill would provide that the issuance of debt by such a district on land of a former military base that is publicly owned is not subject to voter approval. This bill contains other related provisions.				
<a href="#">AB 2159</a> <a href="#">Norby</a> R	<b>Alcoholic beverages: licenses.</b> The Alcoholic Beverage Control Act authorizes the holder of a license to exercise specified rights and privileges and no others at the premises for which the license is issued and during the year for which the license is issued. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision.	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/24/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee March 25.	2/23/2012 A . PRINT	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2163</a> <a href="#">Knight</a> R	<b>Environmental quality: California Environmental Quality Act: judicial review.</b> The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. This bill would extend indefinitely the use of the alternative method for the preparation of the record of proceedings and the alternative judicial review procedures. The bill would expand projects that would be eligible for those alternative processes to include, among others, commercial development projects exceeding 125,000 square feet, residential development projects exceeding 50 units, and projects with over 20 acres of cultivated development. The bill would repeal the requirements that the project will result in a minimum investment of \$100,000,000, be located in an infill site, and be certified by the Governor. The bill would instead require a residential, retail, commercial, sports, cultural, entertainment, or recreation use project that qualifies for these alternative processes to be designed to meet or exceed the standards for the CalGreen Tier 1 building as provided in the California Green Building Standard. Because this bill would	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - In committee: Set, second hearing. Failed passage.	4/26/2012 A . NAT. RES.	<b>Watch</b>

	expand the use of the alternative method for preparing the record of proceedings, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">AB 2166 Feuer D</a>	<b>Hazardous materials: chemicals of concern.</b> Existing law requires the Department of Toxic Substances Control to adopt regulations to establish a process to identify and prioritize chemicals or chemical ingredients in consumer products, to establish a process for evaluating chemicals of concern in consumer products and their potential alternatives for the purposes of limiting exposure or to reduce the level of hazard posed by chemicals of concern, and a range of regulatory responses that the department may take following the evaluation. Existing law requires the department to appoint members to the Green Ribbon Science Panel, which provides advice to the department in the implementation of the above provisions. Existing law requires the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment to evaluate and specify the hazard traits, and environmental and toxicological end-point data. This bill would delete obsolete provisions in the above provisions.	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	3/8/2012 A . E.S. & T.M.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2176 Logue R</a>	<b>Employment: meal periods.</b> Existing law requires an employer to provide a meal period or periods to an employee who works a specified number of hours in a shift. The meal periods may be waived by mutual consent under specified circumstances. Existing law provides exemptions from these requirements for specified occupations and employees covered by collective bargaining agreements. This bill, in addition, would provide an exemption from the meal period requirements for commercial drivers operating a vehicle that is required to display placards pursuant to a specified statute.	Amended: 4/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/11/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on L. & E.	4/11/2012 A . L. & E.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 2184 Hall D</a>	<b>Alcoholic beverages: tied-house restrictions.</b> Existing law, known as tied-house restrictions, prohibits specified licensees from furnishing, giving, or lending money or other thing of value, directly or indirectly, to a person engaged in operating, owning, or maintaining an off-sale licensed premises. This bill would provide that the autographing of a bottle or bottles of distilled spirits at a promotional event conducted at an off-sale licensed retail premises by a person who holds an ownership interest in that distilled spirits brand is not a thing of value.	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 16. Noes 0.) (April 18). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/19/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>

<a href="#">AB 2188</a> <a href="#">Lowenthal,</a> <a href="#">Bonnie D</a>	<p><b>Commercial motor vehicles: commercial driver's license program: federal compliance.</b> Existing law declares the intent of the Legislature to adopt those standards required of drivers by the Federal Highway Administration of the United States Department of Transportation, as set forth in the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 and to reduce or prevent commercial motor vehicle accidents, fatalities, and injuries by permitting drivers to hold only one license, disqualifying drivers for certain criminal offenses and serious traffic violations, and strengthening licensing and testing standards. This bill would make changes to the requirements applicable to the holding of commercial driver's licenses regarding, among other things, medical certifications, military exemptions, out-of-service order violations, and violations occurring in other jurisdictions, to conform to federal law. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	Amended: 3/27/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/17/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: to consent calendar. (Ayes 14. Noes 0.) (April 16). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/17/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2195</a> <a href="#">John A.</a> <a href="#">Pérez D</a>	<p><b>California Jobs Act of 2012.</b> Existing law regulates wages, hours, safety, and other aspects of public and private employment. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to reduce the number of unemployed persons in the state.</p>	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/24/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee March 25.	2/23/2012 A . PRINT	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2229</a> <a href="#">Williams D</a>	<p><b>Alcoholic beverages: distilled spirits: tastings.</b> The Alcoholic Beverage Control Act authorizes a licensed distilled spirits manufacturer to conduct tastings of distilled spirits produced or bottled by, or produced or bottled for, the licensee, on the licensed premises, under specified conditions. The act provides that a violation of its provisions is a misdemeanor, unless otherwise specified. This bill would authorize licensed distilled spirits manufacturers to charge consumers for tastings and would impose additional conditions on the provision of tastings by the licensee. Because the violation of a provision of a license is punishable as a misdemeanor, the bill expands the definition of an existing crime, thereby creating a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	Amended: 4/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/18/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	4/11/2012 A . G.O.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2244</a> <a href="#">Conway R</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation: supplemental job displacement benefits.</b> Existing workers' compensation law requires employers to compensate their employees for injuries sustained during the course of his or her employment. Existing law provides that if an injury causes permanent disability and the injured employee does not return</p>	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/27/2012 - Read first time.	2/24/2012 A . PRINT	<b>Watch</b>

	to work for the employer within 60 days of the termination of temporary disability, the injured employee is eligible for supplemental job displacement benefits in the form of a nontransferable voucher for education-related retraining or skill enhancement. Existing law provides that employers who meet certain criteria shall not be liable for the supplemental job displacement benefit. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to these provisions.				
<a href="#">AB 2246</a> <a href="#">John A. Pérez</a> <b>D</b>	<b>Public health: food access.</b> Existing law establishes, until July 1, 2017, the California Healthy Food Financing Initiative to expand access to nutritious foods in underserved, urban, and rural communities. Existing law establishes the California Healthy Food Financing Initiative Council and requires the council to implement the initiative. Existing law requires the council, among other things, to develop financing options using public or private moneys and resources to support access to healthy foods. This bill would require the council to establish and maintain an Internet Web site . This bill would require the Internet Web site, by March 31, 2013, to include, but not be limited to, prescribed information, including information on actions that the council has taken and funding sources that are available to support access to healthy foods.	Amended: 4/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: to consent calendar. (Ayes 9. Noes 0.) (April 25). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/25/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2258</a> <a href="#">Wieckowski</a> <b>D</b>	<b>Retail fuel sales: price discounts.</b> The Unfair Practices Act prohibits certain unfair trade practices. Under the act, it is unlawful for any person engaged in business to sell or use any article or product as a loss leader. Existing law defines "loss leader" as any article or product sold at less than cost where the purpose is to induce, promote, or encourage the purchase of other merchandise, where the effect is a tendency or capacity to mislead or deceive purchasers or prospective purchasers, or where the effect is to divert trade from or otherwise injure competitors. This bill, for purposes of determining whether an article or product is a loss leader, would provide that a person or related person, as defined, selling automotive fuel at the retail level does not sell below cost if a fuel price discount, concession, or reduction is provided in connection with the purchase of other articles or products and the total price of the fuel and the other articles or products equals or exceeds the total cost of the fuel and the other articles or products. The bill would define various terms for these purposes.	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Failed passage.	4/24/2012 A . B.,P. & C.P.	<b>Support</b>

<a href="#">AB 2271</a> <a href="#">Perea</a> <b>D</b>	<p><b>Sales and Use Taxes: worthless accounts.</b> Existing sales and use tax laws authorize a deduction or refund of tax in the case of worthless and written-off accounts held by a retailer or lender under specified circumstances, which include preparing and retaining a proper election before claiming the deduction or refund. This bill would instead authorize a proper election to be established when the retailer and lender prepare and retain an election form, as provided. This would provide that a deduction or refund claimed shall not be disallowed solely on the ground that a proper election was not established prior to claiming a refund or deduction, as specified.</p>	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: to consent calendar. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (April 23). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/24/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2280</a> <a href="#">Lara</a> <b>D</b>	<p><b>California Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children.</b> Existing law, the California Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC Program) , administered by the State Department of Public Health, provides for the issuance of nutrition coupons, as defined, to certain low-income women, infants, and children who have been determined to be at nutritional risk. The WIC Program , which implements a program authorized under existing federal law, provides for the redemption of nutrition coupons by recipients at any authorized retail food vendor. Existing law provides that a vendor or any person who, among other things, knowingly redeems coupons in excess of the price charged other customers is subject to specified sanctions . This bill would require the department, within 30 days, to provide written notice, as prescribed, to a vendor if the department determines that the vendor has committed an initial violation for which a pattern of the violation must be established to impose a sanction. This bill would require the notice to be delivered to the vendor before the department conducts a second investigation for purposes of establishing a pattern of the violation.</p>	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - Do pass as amended and be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.	4/24/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">AB 2282</a> <a href="#">Berryhill,</a> <a href="#">Bill</a> <b>R</b>	<p><b>Personal rights: violations: standing.</b> Existing law provides that all persons in this state are entitled to the full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business establishments without regard to sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, or sexual orientation. Existing law further prohibits a business establishment from, among other things,</p>	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee. (Refers to 4/24/2012 hearing)	4/9/2012 A . JUD.	<b>Watch</b>

	boycotting, blacklisting, refusing to contract with, sell to, or trade with a person based on the criteria described above, and from discriminating on the price charged for similar or like services on the basis of a person's gender. Existing law provides that all persons within this state have the right to be free from any violence, or intimidation by threat of violence, committed against their persons or property because of the criteria described above, or position in a labor dispute, or because another person perceives them to have any of those characteristics. A person aggrieved by a violation of any of the above-described provisions may bring a civil action seeking relief, as specified. This bill would authorize a person aggrieved by a violation of any of the above-described provisions to bring an action seeking relief only if that the person has suffered an injury in fact, the injury in fact was caused by the violation, and the violation is redressable. This bill contains other existing laws.				
<a href="#">AB 2297</a> <a href="#">Hayashi D</a>	<b>California Retail Food Code: skilled nursing facilities: intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled.</b> Existing law, the California Retail Food Code, provides for the regulation of health and sanitation standards for retail food facilities, as defined, by the State Department of Public Health and is primarily enforced by local health agencies. A violation of any provision of the code is a misdemeanor. This bill would exclude from the definition of a retail food facility an intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled, as defined , with a capacity of 6 beds or fewer . The bill would require an intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled to notify the local health department and the State Department of Public Health within 24 hours of a foodborne illness or outbreak. By expanding the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/25/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2298</a> <a href="#">Ma D</a>	<b>Junk dealers and recyclers.</b> Existing law requires junk dealers and recyclers, as defined, to keep written records of all sales and purchases made in the course of their business. Existing law requires a junk dealer or recycler to allow for periodic inspection by specified persons, including persons authorized by the county sheriff or the head of a city police department, of any premises maintained for purposes of determining compliance with the recordkeeping	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Read second time. Ordered to consent calendar.	4/26/2012 A . CONSENT CALENDAR	<b>Watch</b>

	requirements, and, upon inspection, requires the junk dealer or recycler to produce sales and purchase records. This bill would, in addition, authorize persons appointed by the head of a county agricultural commission to carry out the periodic inspection of the premises of junk dealers and recyclers.				
<a href="#">AB 2305 Huffman</a> D	<b>Franchises.</b> Existing law provides for the regulation of franchises and establishes certain duties, obligations, and remedies for parties to a franchise agreement. The California Franchise Relations Act sets forth certain requirements related to the termination, nonrenewal, and transfer of franchises, among other things. The Franchise Investment Law sets forth various powers of the Commissioner of Corporations relative to the registration of an offer or sale of a franchise, unless exempted, and prohibits certain fraudulent and unfair practices. This bill would revise both the California Franchise Relations Act and the Franchise Investment Law. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Failed passage.	4/24/2012 A . B.,P. & C.P.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 2317 Berryhill</a> , <a href="#">Bill</a> R	<b>Food facilities: sanitization.</b> Existing law, the California Retail Food Code, requires all food facilities in which food is prepared or in which multiservice utensils and equipment are used to provide manual methods to effectively clean and sanitize utensils, as specified. Existing law requires manual sanitization to be accomplished in a number of prescribed ways, including the application of sanitizing chemicals by immersion, manual swabbing, or brushing, using specified solutions. A violation of these provisions is a misdemeanor. This bill would authorize manual sanitization to be accomplished by immersion, manual swabbing, or brushing, using a solution of 0.5 ppm ozone for at least 30 seconds. By expanding the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/15/2012 - Referred to Com. on HEALTH.	3/15/2012 A . HEALTH	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2318 Bradford</a> D	<b>Enterprise zones.</b> The Enterprise Zone Act authorizes the designation of certain depressed areas in this state as enterprise zones for purposes of providing specific economic incentives within those areas. Existing law makes legislative findings and declarations related to the act. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these legislative findings and declarations.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/27/2012 - Read first time.	2/24/2012 A . PRINT	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2321 Smyth</a> R	<b>Plastic packaging containers: compostable.</b> Existing law requires rigid plastic packaging containers, as defined, that are sold or offered	Introduced: 2/24/2012	4/16/2012 - In committee: Set,	3/15/2012 A . NAT. RES.	<b>Watch</b>

	<p>for sale in this state to meet specified criteria, including, but not limited to, that the container be made from 25% postconsumer material, and provides for the enforcement of these requirements by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery. Certain classes of rigid plastic packaging containers are exempt from those requirements. Existing law, as of January 1, 2013, prohibits the sale of a plastic product, as defined, labeled as "compostable," "home compostable," or "marine degradable" unless it meets certain ASTM standard specifications, or other certain requirements. This bill would define the term "compostable rigid plastic packaging container" as a rigid plastic packaging container that is labeled with the term "compostable" and is in compliance with those labeling requirements. The bill would additionally exempt compostable rigid plastic packaging from those material requirements.</p>	<p><a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.</p>		
<p><a href="#">AB 2322 Gatto D</a></p>	<p><b>California Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children.</b> Existing law, the California Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC Program), authorizes establishment of a statewide program, administered by the State Department of Public Health, for providing nutritional food supplements to low-income pregnant women, low-income postpartum and lactating women, and low-income infants and children under 5 years of age, who have been determined to be at nutritional risk. The program, which implements a program authorized under existing federal law, provides for the redemption of nutrition coupons by recipients at any authorized retail food vendor. This bill would require a WIC Program-authorized food vendor to be either a farmer participating in the Farmers Market Nutrition Program, or a licensed retail outlet that meets certain food stocking requirements. This bill would require the department to adopt regulations to specify certain criteria the department shall use and actions the department shall take when initiating a moratorium on new WIC Program vendor location applications. This bill would require the department to seek any federal approvals necessary to implement these provisions. This bill contains other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 4/11/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/24/2012 - Do pass as amended and be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.</p>	<p>4/24/2012 A . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 2336 Mansoor R</a></p>	<p><b>Plastic products: labeling.</b> Existing law, as of January 1, 2013, prohibits the sale of a plastic product, including plastic bags, labeled as "compostable," "home compostable," or "marine degradable"</p>	<p>Amended: 4/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/23/2012 - In committee: Set, second hearing.</p>	<p>4/10/2012 A . NAT. RES.</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>

	<p>unless it meets certain specifications, certifications, or a standard adopted by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery. Existing law also prohibits the sale of a plastic product that is labeled as "biodegradable," "degradable," "decomposable," or as otherwise specified, and imposes certain labeling requirements upon a manufacturer of a compostable plastic bag. Prior to January 1, 2013, existing law imposed those prohibitions on plastic bags and plastic food or beverage containers. Existing law provides for the imposition by a city, a county, or the state of a civil penalty for a violation of those prohibitions. This bill would instead prohibit a manufacturer from selling a plastic product that does not meet those labeling requirements. The bill would delete the authority of a city or county to impose a civil penalty for a violation of those provisions. The bill would prohibit a civil penalty or other liability from being assessed, and would prohibit an action to enforce the labeling requirements from being commenced, continued, or maintained, unless the action is preceded by a written notice and the person is given an opportunity of not less than 30 days to remedy the violation. The bill would apply this prohibition to assessments and actions to enforce labeling requirements pursuant to the provisions regulating the labeling of plastic products on and after January 1, 2013, or plastic bags before that date, if the person manufacturing the plastic product submits an action plan to the department, city, or county and the plan is approved, as specified. The bill would provide that the action plan may allow the sale of a plastic product that is not in compliance until a date specified in the action plan. The bill would require the department, city, or county to approve the action plan within a specified time and the person would be required to agree to comply with the labeling requirements on or after the date specified in the action plan.</p>		<p>Hearing canceled at the request of author.</p>		
<p><a href="#">AB 2347</a> <a href="#">Achadjian R</a></p>	<p><b>California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: emission reduction measures.</b> The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources of emissions of greenhouse gases. The state board is required to adopt a statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions level in 1990 to be achieved by 2020, and to adopt rules and regulations in an open public process to achieve</p>	<p>Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/23/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.</p>	<p>4/9/2012 A . NAT. RES.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective greenhouse gas emission reductions. The act, requires the state board, when adopting those regulations to, among other things, minimize leakage and defines leakage to mean a reduction in emissions of greenhouse gases within the state that is offset by an increase in emissions of greenhouse gases outside the state. This bill would additionally define leakage to mean a shift in jobs from within the state to locations outside of the state .				
<a href="#">AB 2373</a> <a href="#">Norby R</a>	<b>Independent contractor: definition.</b> Existing law defines "independent contractor" for purposes of the Labor Code to mean a person who renders service for a specified recompense for a specified result under the control of his or her principal as to the result of his or her work only and not as to the means by which this result is accomplished. This bill would amend that definition to state that whether a person is an independent contractor is determined by considering various factors, as specified. The bill would amend various other statutory codes to incorporate this definition of independent contractor.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/22/2012 - Referred to Coms. on L. & E. and INS.	3/22/2012 A . L. & E.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">AB 2377</a> <a href="#">Huber D</a>	<b>Enforcement of judgments: appeals.</b> Existing law specifies the circumstances in which an undertaking is required in order for the enforcement of a judgment or order to be stayed on appeal, including if the judgment or order is for money or the payment of money, or for costs awarded pursuant to specified provisions. Existing law requires that the undertaking in these cases be for double the amount of the judgment or order unless given by an admitted surety insurer, in which event the judgment would be 1 1/2 times the amount of the judgment or order. This bill would provide that the undertaking be set at the amounts described above unless the court, after notice and hearing, and for good cause shown, determines that a different amount is appropriate. The bill would also make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/9/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on JUD.	4/9/2012 A . JUD.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">AB 2378</a> <a href="#">Huber D</a>	<b>Rendering: enforcement.</b> Existing law generally regulates persons engaged in certain businesses dealing with dead animals and pet food processing, including, among others, renderers, collection center operators, pet food processors, dead animal haulers, and transporters of inedible kitchen grease. These regulatory provisions are enforced by the Department of Food and Agriculture. A person	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation:	4/24/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>

	<p>who violates these provisions is generally subject to imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year or a fine of not more than \$1,000, or both that fine and imprisonment. A person who violates these provisions either after a prior conviction for violating these provisions or with the intent to defraud or mislead is subject to punishment in a county jail or the state prison, as specified, and a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both that imprisonment and fine. Existing law also authorizes the Secretary of Food and Agriculture to levy a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for each violation against a person who violates provisions governing renderers and transporters of inedible kitchen grease and any regulations adopted pursuant to those provisions. A person against whom a civil penalty is levied may appeal the penalty to the secretary within 10 days of receiving notification of the penalty. This bill would increase the maximum fines for the crimes described above to \$5,000 and \$15,000, respectively. The bill would increase the maximum civil penalty that may be imposed to \$5,000, and would extend the period of time in which a person may appeal the civil penalty to 20 days. The bill would authorize the secretary to file with the superior court a certified copy of the final decision that directs payment of a civil penalty, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>		<p>to consent calendar. (Ayes 10. Noes 0.) (April 24). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.</p>		
<p><a href="#">AB 2404 Fuentes D</a></p>	<p><b>California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: Local Emission Reduction Program.</b> The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 requires the State Air Resources Board to adopt regulations to require the reporting and verification of emissions of greenhouse gases and to monitor and enforce compliance with the reporting and verification program, and requires the state board to adopt a statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions level in 1990 to be achieved by 2020. The act requires the state board to adopt rules and regulations in an open public process to achieve the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective greenhouse gas emission reductions and authorizes the state board to use market-based compliance mechanisms to achieve these ends. The act authorizes the state board to adopt a schedule of fees to be paid by the sources of greenhouse gas emissions regulated pursuant to the act, and requires the revenues collected pursuant to that fee to be deposited into the Air Pollution</p>	<p>Amended: 4/11/2012  <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/23/2012 - Do pass as amended and be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.</p>	<p>4/23/2012 A . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Oppose</b></p>

	Control Fund and be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the purposes of carrying out the act. This bill would create the Local Emission Reduction Program and would require specified moneys collected under the market-based compliance mechanisms be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for award under the program to specified local governmental entities for specified purposes by the state board. The bill would require the state board, in coordination with other state agencies, as appropriate, to develop standards and guidelines to ensure the funded projects maximize the funds appropriated, provide environmental and economic benefits, and do not conflict with the act.				
<a href="#">AB 2439</a> <a href="#">Eng D</a>	<b>Corporation taxes: payments: disclosure.</b> The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law impose taxes on, or measured by, income. Existing law requires the Franchise Tax Board to make available as a matter of public record each calendar year a list of the 250 largest tax delinquencies in excess of \$100,000, and requires the list to include specified information with respect to each delinquency. This bill would require the Controller, upon receipt of specified tax payment information that the bill would require to be disclosed by specified corporations, to both publish that payment information and make that information a matter of public record, as provided. This bill would also make findings and declarations regarding this provision.	Amended: 4/11/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/23/2012 - Do pass as amended and be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.	4/23/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2444</a> <a href="#">Portantino D</a>	<b>Grand theft: taking in concert.</b> Existing law generally provides that grand theft is theft committed when the money, labor, or real or personal property taken is of a value exceeding \$950 and is punishable as either a misdemeanor or a felony. Existing law further provides that if 2 or more persons conspire to commit a crime, that conspiracy is punishable as either a misdemeanor or felony, as specified. This bill would additionally provide that grand theft occurs where money, labor, or real or personal property in an aggregate amount of \$950 is taken as a result of an agreement or prior arrangement to take and the taking is made in concert with one or more other individuals. By creating a new crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - In committee: Set, second hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	3/15/2012 A . PUB. S.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">AB 2446</a>	<b>Environmental quality: notices.</b> The California Environmental	Amended:	4/23/2012 - In	4/9/2012	<b>Watch</b>

<a href="#">Perea</a> <b>D</b>	Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. This bill would additionally require the lead agency to provide a notice of completion of an EIR to every person who has filed a written request for notices, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program. The bill would additionally require the State Clearinghouse to provide, upon request, to the legislator a notice determining the necessity for an EIR. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	A . NAT. RES.	
<a href="#">AB 2449</a> <a href="#">Norby</a> <b>R</b>	<b>Workers' compensation: independent contractors.</b> Existing law establishes a workers' compensation system to compensate an employee for an injury sustained in the course of his or her employment. Existing law requires that these provisions be liberally construed by the courts with the purpose of extending the benefits of these provisions for the protection of persons injured in the course of their employment. This bill would, require that these provisions be strictly construed by the courts with respect to what constitutes an independent contractor, as defined for purposes of limiting the inappropriate extension of these benefits to persons not intended to receive them.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/15/2012 - Referred to Com. on INS.	3/15/2012 A . INS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2487</a> <a href="#">Cedillo</a> <b>D</b>	<b>Payment of wages: definitions.</b> Existing law defines the terms "wages" and "labor" for purposes of provisions regarding the payment of wages to employees in various general occupations. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/27/2012 - Read first time.	2/24/2012 A . PRINT	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2499</a> <a href="#">Conway</a> <b>R</b>	<b>Heavy-duty vehicles: smoke emissions.</b> Existing law requires the State Air Resources Board (state board) to adopt regulations requiring owners or operators of heavy-duty diesel motor vehicles to perform regular inspections of their vehicles for excessive emissions of smoke. Existing law additionally requires the state board to adopt	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/27/2012 - Read first time.	2/24/2012 A . PRINT	<b>Watch</b>

	regulations that require that heavy-duty diesel motor vehicles subject to the above-described requirements utilize emission control equipment and alternative fuels. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive revision to the requirement that the state board adopt regulations that require that heavy-duty diesel motor vehicles subject to the above-described requirements utilize emission control equipment and alternative fuels.				
<a href="#">AB 2517</a> <a href="#">Eng D</a>	<b>Wage liens: laborers and car washing and polishing employees.</b> Existing law provides that specified persons, including laborers, as defined, who contribute labor, skill, or services to a work of improvement, shall have a mechanic's lien upon the property so improved. This bill would authorize a car washing and polishing employee to record and enforce a wage lien upon specified real and personal property for wages and other compensation and related penalties and damages owed the employee. The bill would prescribe requirements relating to the recording and enforcement of the wage lien. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/16/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - From committee: Do pass as amended and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 3.) (April 24).	4/26/2012 A . SECOND READING	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 2540</a> <a href="#">Gatto D</a>	<b>Veterans' Home of California: county veterans service officers.</b> Existing law authorizes the board of supervisors of each county to appoint, prescribe the qualifications of, and fix the compensation of an officer to be titled "county veterans service officer," whose duty is to administer specified aid provided veterans, to investigate all claims, applications, or requests for aid made, and to perform any other veteran-related services as requested by the county board of supervisors. Existing law provides for the establishment and operation of the Veterans' Home of California at various sites for aged and disabled veterans who meet certain eligibility requirements. This bill would continuously appropriate, on a fiscal year basis, from the General Fund, \$90 million to the Department of Veterans Affairs for the purpose of operating specified veterans' homes in California and \$15 million to the Department of Veterans Affairs for the purposes of funding county veterans service officers, thereby making an appropriation.	Amended: 4/25/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on REV. & TAX.	4/26/2012 A . REV. & TAX	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2557</a> <a href="#">Feuer D</a>	<b>Real property: maintenance and abatement.</b> Existing law, until January 1, 2013, requires a legal owner to maintain vacant residential property purchased or acquired through foreclosure. Existing law	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/17/2012 - Do pass as amended.	4/17/2012 A . JUD.	<b>Watch</b>

	<p>also authorizes a governmental entity to impose civil fines for failure to maintain that property of up to \$1,000 per day for a violation, after notice and an opportunity to correct the violation is given. This bill would authorize a person whose property is injuriously affected or whose enjoyment is lessened by a property owner's violation of those property maintenance provisions to bring an action for injunctive relief. The bill would authorize an action to be brought either in a small claims court or superior court within the county in which the property is situated. The bill would also authorize a prevailing plaintiff to recover court costs and reasonable attorney's fees if the action is brought in superior court. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>				
<p><a href="#">AB 2560</a> <a href="#">Allen D</a></p>	<p><b>Alcoholic beverages: licenses.</b> The Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, administered by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control, regulates the sale and distribution of alcoholic beverages and the granting of licenses for the manufacture, distribution, and sale of alcoholic beverages within the state. The act also provides for a limitation on the amount of on-sale general licenses that may be issued by the department based on the population of the county in which the licensed premises are located, as provided. This bill would provide an exception to this limitation for a county of the 18th class, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/18/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.</p>	<p>3/19/2012 A . G.O.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">AB 2563</a> <a href="#">Smyth R</a></p>	<p><b>California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: offsets.</b> The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 requires the State Air Resources Board to adopt regulations to require the reporting and verification of emissions of greenhouse gases and to monitor and enforce compliance with the reporting and verification program, and requires the state board to adopt a statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions level in 1990 to be achieved by 2020. The act requires the state board to adopt rules and regulations in an open public process to achieve the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective greenhouse gas emission reductions. The act authorizes the state board to include the use of market-based compliance mechanisms. This bill would , if the state board uses its authority to include the use of market-based compliance mechanisms, require the state board to adopt a specified process for the review and consideration of new</p>	<p>Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/17/2012 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee. (Refers to 4/16/2012 hearing)</p>	<p>4/9/2012 A . NAT. RES.</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>

	offset protocols and, commencing in 2012 and continuing annually thereafter, use that process to review and consider new offset protocols. The bill would require the state board, no later than July 1, 2013, to present at a state board meeting an economic assessment of the role of offsets in reducing the cost of complying with the act for the state's economy and a report considering the advantages and disadvantages of an expanded supply of offsets . This bill contains other related provisions.				
<a href="#">AB 2577 Galgiani D</a>	<b>Environmental quality: public comments.</b> The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. This bill would specify that the lead agency does not have a duty to consider, evaluate, or respond to comments received after the expiration of the public review period. The bill would provide these comments are not a part of the record of proceedings for the EIR, negative declaration, or mitigated negative declaration. This bill contains other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/17/2012 - In committee: Hearing postponed by committee. (Refers to 4/16/2012 hearing)	3/19/2012 A . NAT. RES.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2586 Hueso D</a>	<b>The California Healthy Choices Program.</b> Existing law requires the Department of Food and Agriculture, headed by the Secretary of Food and Agriculture, to promote and protect the agricultural industry of the state. Existing law also establishes the California Healthy Food Financing Initiative for the purpose of promoting healthy food access in the state, and requires the department to implement the initiative. This bill would require the department to establish the California Healthy Choices Program to certify grocery stores, as defined, that promote healthy food choices. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/23/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	4/9/2012 A . AGRI.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 2599 Berryhill,</a>	<b>Unfair competition: private enforcement actions.</b> Existing law defines unfair competition to include an unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent	Introduced: 2/24/2012	3/19/2012 - Referred to Com.	3/19/2012 A . JUD.	<b>Support</b>

<a href="#">Bill R</a>	business act or practice, unfair, deceptive, untrue, or misleading advertising, and any false representations to the public. Existing law, as amended by Proposition 64 at the November 2, 2004, statewide general election, authorizes an action for relief from this prohibited conduct to be brought by the Attorney General, a district attorney, a county counsel, or a city attorney or prosecutor, or by any person who suffered an injury in fact and has lost money or property as a result of the unfair competition, and provides various remedies, including injunctive relief, restitution, and civil penalties. This bill would define the injury in fact required for a private person to bring suit under these provisions as damages suffered by each individual plaintiff or member of a class amounting to at least \$500, adjusted for inflation, as specified. The bill would also provide that it shall become effective only when submitted to, and approved by, the voters of California.	<a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	on JUD.		
<a href="#">AB 2602 Furutani D</a>	<b>Employment Training Panel: duties: annual report: Governor: Internet Web site.</b> Existing law establishes the Employment Training Panel (ETP) in the Employment Development Department, and prescribes the membership and functions and duties of the ETP with regard to the development and implementation of specified employment training programs. Existing law requires the ETP to report annually to the Legislature on projects during the previous fiscal year, and requires the annual report to provide separate summaries of specified information on projects. This bill would additionally require the ETP to report that same project information annually to the Governor and would require the ETP to post the report on its Internet Web site for inspection by the public.	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/10/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	4/9/2012 A . L. & E.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2603 Morrell R</a>	<b>Sales and use taxes.</b> Existing law partially exempts from the taxes imposed by sales and use tax laws the gross receipts from the sale in this state of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, diesel fuel used in farming and food processing. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to this provision.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/27/2012 - Read first time.	2/24/2012 A . PRINT	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2630 Hueso D</a>	<b>Public contracts: State Contract Act: report.</b> Existing law requires the Department of General Services to make available a report on state agency contracting activity containing certain information. This bill would require the Department of General Services, beginning in the year 2013, to include in that report the list	Amended: 4/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 2.)	4/25/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>

	of activities that each state agency used to inform small businesses of each of the existing preferences available under state law, and the total number of preferences used in bidding packages by each state agency for the year.		(April 24). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.		
<a href="#">AB 2638</a> <a href="#">Eng D</a>	<b>State government: fiscal affairs.</b> Existing law requires the Department of Finance to report annually to the Legislature with regard to tax expenditures, as defined. Existing law requires the report to include specified information. This bill would require the report to include, if available, anticipated revenue loss pursuant to the final fiscal committee analysis of the act that established the tax expenditure, adjusted for inflation. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/17/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 2.) (February 23). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/24/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2670</a> <b>Committee on Natural Resources</b>	<b>Solid waste recycling: facilities.</b> The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 requires rigid plastic packaging containers that are sold or offered for sale in this state to meet, on average, one of specified criteria and defines terms for purposes of those requirements. One of those criteria that a rigid plastic packaging container may meet to satisfy this requirement is that the container be source reduced. The act provides for the enforcement of these requirements by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery and provides that an entity making a false certification pursuant to those requirements is subject to a violation for fraud. This bill would revise the definitions of the various terms used in the those requirements, including revising the definition of the term "source reduced" to impose new requirements, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program by changing the definition of a crime. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/17/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: to consent calendar. (Ayes 9. Noes 0.) (April 16). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/17/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2673</a> <b>Committee on Jobs, Economic Development, and the E</b>	<b>Economic development: enterprise zones.</b> The Enterprise Zone Act provides for the designation and oversight by the Department of Housing and Community Development of various types of economic development areas throughout the state, including enterprise zones, targeted tax areas, local agency military base recovery areas (LAMBRAs), and manufacturing enhancement areas, collectively known as geographically targeted economic development areas, or G-TEDAs. Pursuant to these provisions, qualifying entities in those areas may receive certain tax and regulatory incentives. This bill would define, for purposes of the act, the term "census tract" to	Introduced: 3/5/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/17/2012 - Do pass as amended and be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.	4/17/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>

	include the term "census block group," and modify specified reporting requirements to the Department of Housing and Community Development.				
<a href="#">AB 2674 Swanson D</a>	<b>Employment records: right to inspect.</b> Under existing law, an employee has the right to inspect the personnel records that his or her employer maintains relating to the employee's performance or to any grievance concerning the employee. This bill would require an employer to maintain personnel records for a specified period of time and to provide a current or former employee, or his or her representative, an opportunity to inspect and receive a copy of those records within a specified period of time, except during the pendency of a lawsuit filed by the employee or former employer relating to a personnel matter. In addition, in the event an employer violates these provisions, the bill would permit a current or former employee or the Labor Commissioner to recover a penalty of \$750 from the employer, and would further permit a current or former employee to obtain injunctive relief and attorney's fees. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 1.) (April 18). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/19/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">AB 2677 Swanson D</a>	<b>Public works: wages: fringe benefit contributions.</b> Existing law requires that, except as specified, not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, determined by the Director of Industrial Relations, as specified, be paid to workers employed on public works projects. Existing law deems per diem wages to include specified employer payments and provides that employer payments are a credit against the obligation to pay the general prevailing rate of per diem wages. Existing law, however, provides that credits for employer payments do not reduce the obligation to pay the hourly straight time or overtime wages found to be prevailing. This bill would provide that an increased fringe benefit contribution that results in a lower hourly straight time or overtime wage is not considered to be a violation of the applicable prevailing wage determination so long as specified conditions are met. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 1.) (April 18). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/19/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2678 Committee on Labor and Employment</a>	<b>Working hours.</b> Existing law provides that, with specified exceptions, employees are entitled to one day's rest in 7, and an employer may not cause his or her employees to work more than 6 days in 7. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those	Introduced: 3/5/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/6/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee April 5.	3/5/2012 A . PRINT	<b>Watch</b>

	provisions.				
<a href="#">AB 2681</a> <b>Committee on Agriculture</b>	<b>Food waste.</b> Existing law makes it unlawful for a person to feed swine any garbage, as defined, unless the garbage has been processed in accordance with specified provisions of law, and unless the person has a valid annual license issued by the Director of Food and Agriculture, except any institution or agency of the state, a county, or any municipal or other public corporation. Existing law provides that the application for a license shall be accompanied by a \$20 fee, and a \$20 penalty if the fee is not paid when due. The bill would repeal and recast those provisions, and would instead make it unlawful for a person to feed swine food waste, as defined, unless the food waste has been processed in accordance with specified provisions and the person has obtained a license. The bill would provide that the license shall expire on July 1 of each year, and would authorize the department to collect a reasonable fee for the license and for renewal of the license. The bill would also specify that in addition to other penalties, a person who is convicted of a violation of these provisions shall not be allowed to recover compensation from the Department of Food and Agriculture for the confiscation or destruction of swine. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 3/8/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/23/2012 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	4/11/2012 A . NAT. RES.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">AB 2694</a> <b>Committee on Governmental Organization</b>	<b>Alcoholic beverages.</b> Existing law provides that licenses provided for in a specified article within the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act authorize the license holder to exercise the rights and privileges specified in that article. This bill would provide that the licenses provided for in the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act authorize the license holder to exercise the rights and privileges specified in that act. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 4/12/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: to consent calendar. (Ayes 16. Noes 0.) (April 18). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/19/2012 A . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">ACR 92</a> <a href="#">Donnelly R</a>	<b>Human trafficking.</b> This resolution would recognize the month of January 2012, and each following January, as National Slavery and Human Trafficking Prevention Month, and it would recognize February 1, 2012, and each following February 1, as California's Free From Slavery Day.	Amended: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/7/2012 - In Senate. To Com. on RLS.	2/7/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>

<a href="#">ACR 99</a> <a href="#">Fuentes</a> D	<b>National Coupon Month.</b> This measure would recognize September 2012 as National Coupon Month and would acknowledge the value of coupons in achieving significant savings for California's consumers.	Amended: 3/21/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/9/2012 - Ordered to inactive file at the request of Assembly Member Fuentes.	4/9/2012 A . INACTIVE FILE	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 23</a> <a href="#">Simitian</a> D	<b>Energy: renewable energy resources.</b> Existing law creates the California renewables portfolio standard program (RPS program) and the Renewable Energy Resources Program to increase the amount of electricity generated per year from eligible renewable energy resources, as defined. This bill would extend the compliance date for these corresponding reporting and regulatory requirements , as provided . This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 9/9/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	9/10/2011 - Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 52. Noes 17. Page 3248.) Ordered to the Senate.	9/10/2011 S . SENATE	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 77</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Community redevelopment.</b> The Community Redevelopment Law authorizes the establishment of redevelopment agencies in communities to address the effects of blight, as defined. Existing law provides that an action may be brought to review the validity of the adoption or amendment of a redevelopment plan by an agency, to review the validity of agency findings or determinations, and other agency actions. This bill would revise the provisions of law authorizing an action to be brought against the agency to determine or review the validity of specified agency actions. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 3/15/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	7/5/2011 - Reconsideration granted. (Page 2185.) Ordered to inactive file on request of Assembly Member Allen.	7/5/2011 A . INACTIVE FILE	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 359</a> <a href="#">Hernandez</a> D	<b>Food facilities: hand washing.</b> Existing law, the California Retail Food Code, establishes uniform health and sanitation standards for mobile food facilities and retail food facilities, as defined. The law requires the State Department of Public Health to adopt regulations to implement and administer those provisions, and delegates primary enforcement duties to local health agencies. A violation of any of these provisions is punishable as a misdemeanor. This bill would revise requirements in connection with glove use and hand washing. This bill would revise the definition of "limited food preparation," and authorize a local enforcement agency to approve temporary alternative storage methods and locations. By imposing new duties upon local agencies, and expanding the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/16/2012 - Referred to Com. on HEALTH.	4/16/2012 A . HEALTH	<b>Watch</b>

<p><a href="#">SB 366</a> <a href="#">Calderon D</a></p>	<p><b>Regulations: agency review.</b> Existing law, the Administrative Procedure Act, governs the procedure for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of regulations by state agencies and for the review of those regulatory actions by the Office of Administrative Law. Existing law creates the State and Consumer Services; Business, Transportation and Housing; California Emergency Management; California Environmental Protection; California Health and Human Services; Labor and Workforce Development; Natural Resources; and Youth and Adult Correctional Agencies in state government with various duties to oversee the actions of state departments that are within those agencies. This bill would, until January 1, 2013, require each state agency, defined, to mean every state office, officer, department, division, bureau, board, and commission, except the California State University within 180 days of the effective date of the bill, to undertake specified actions in regards to the regulations that have been adopted by the state agency, including, among others, identifying any regulations that are duplicative, overlapping, inconsistent, or out of date, and adopting, amending, or repealing regulations to reconcile or eliminate any duplication, overlap, inconsistency, or out-of-date provisions, after conducting a publicly noticed hearing, as specified, and using procedures for adopting emergency regulations. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/15/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>1/31/2012 - Returned to Secretary of Senate pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>1/31/2012 S . DEAD</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 419</a> <a href="#">Simitian D</a></p>	<p><b>Solid waste: home-generated sharps.</b> Existing law requires a pharmaceutical manufacturer selling or distributing medication that is intended to be self-injected at home to submit, on an annual basis, to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery a plan supporting the safe collection and proper disposal of specified waste devices. The manufacturer is required to post and maintain a copy of the plan on its Internet Web site. This bill would require the above plan to be submitted in an electronic format as prescribed by the department. The bill would require the manufacturer to post and maintain a copy of the plan in a readily accessible location on its Internet Web site.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/16/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>1/9/2012 - Ordered to inactive file on request of Assembly Member Allen.</p>	<p>1/9/2012 A . INACTIVE FILE</p>	<p><b>Neutral</b></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 568</a> <a href="#">Lowenthal D</a></p>	<p><b>Recycling: polystyrene food containers.</b> Existing law requires all rigid plastic bottles and rigid plastic containers sold in the state to be labeled with a code that indicates the resin used to produce the rigid</p>	<p>Amended: 7/12/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>9/8/2011 - Ordered to inactive file on request of</p>	<p>9/8/2011 A . INACTIVE FILE</p>	<p><b>Oppose</b></p>

	<p>plastic bottle or rigid plastic container. The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989, administered by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, requires every rigid plastic packaging container, as defined, sold or offered for sale in this state to generally meet one of specified criteria. This bill would prohibit a food vendor, on and after January 1, 2016, from dispensing prepared food to a customer in a polystyrene foam food container and would define related terms. The bill would provide that a food vendor that is a school district is not required to comply with the bill's requirements until July 1, 2017, and would allow a food vendor that is a school district to dispense prepared food to a customer in a polystyrene foam food container after that date if the governing board of the school district elects to adopt a policy to implement a verifiable recycling program for polystyrene foam food containers , which would be renewable, as specified . The bill would also allow a food vendor to dispense prepared food to a customer in a polystyrene foam food container after January 1, 2016, in a city or county if the city or county elects to adopt an ordinance establishing a specified recycling program for polystyrene foam food containers , which would be operative, as specified .</p>		<p>Assembly Member Allen.</p>		
<p><a href="#">SB 777</a> <a href="#">Lieu D</a></p>	<p><b>Workers' compensation insurance: coverage program.</b> Existing law requires the Labor Commissioner to establish and maintain a program that systematically identifies unlawfully uninsured employers. Existing law requires all state departments and agencies and any rating organization, as specified, to cooperate with the Labor Commissioner and on reasonable request provide information and data in their possession reasonably necessary to carry out the program. This bill would require the Director of Industrial Relations, in consultation with the state department or agency, or rating organization, in possession of the information or data, to determine the reasonableness of any request to provide the information and data.</p>	<p>Amended: 1/4/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on INS.</p>	<p>4/19/2012 A . INS.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 778</a> <a href="#">Padilla D</a></p>	<p><b>Alcoholic beverages licensees: contests and sweepstakes.</b> The Alcoholic Beverage Control Act prohibits any licensee from giving any premium, gift, or free goods in connection with the sale or distribution of any alcoholic beverage, except as provided. This bill would permit an authorized licensee, as defined, to conduct, sponsor,</p>	<p>Amended: 1/5/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/16/2012 - Referred to Com. on G.O.</p>	<p>4/16/2012 A . G.O.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	or participate in a consumer contest or sweepstakes, as defined, offering the chance to win prizes, if specified conditions are met. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">SB 783</a> <a href="#">Dutton R</a>	<b>Special access: liability.</b> Under existing law, a person, firm, or corporation that interferes with the access rights of a disabled individual is liable for the actual damages of each offense and any amount determined by a judge or jury of up to 3 times the amount of the actual damages, but in no case less than \$1,000. Existing law requires the State Architect to develop and submit for approval and adoption building standards for making buildings, structures, sidewalks, curbs, and related facilities accessible to, and usable by, persons with disabilities, as specified. This bill would establish notice requirements for an alleged aggrieved party to follow before bringing an action against a business for an alleged violation of the above-described provisions. The bill would require that party to provide specified notice to the owner of the property, agent, or other responsible party where the alleged violation occurred. The bill would require that owner, agent, or other responsible party to respond within 30 days with a description of the improvements to be made or with a rebuttal to the allegations, as specified. If that owner, agent, or other responsible party elects to fix the alleged violation, the bill would provide 120 days to do so. The bill would provide that its provisions do not apply to claims for recovery of special damages for an injury in fact, and would authorize the court to consider previous or pending actual damage awards received or prayed for by the alleged aggrieved party for the same or similar injury. The bill would further state the intent of the Legislature to institute certain educational programs related to special access laws. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 6/6/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	9/10/2011 - Returned to Secretary of Senate pursuant to Joint Rule 62(a).	9/10/2011 S . SENATE	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">SB 829</a> <a href="#">Rubio D</a>	<b>Public contracts: public entities: project labor agreements.</b> Existing law sets forth the requirements for the solicitation and evaluation of bids and the awarding of contracts by public entities and authorizes a public entity to use, enter into, or require contractors to enter into, a project labor agreement for a construction project if the agreement includes specified taxpayer protection provisions. Existing law also provides that if a charter provision, initiative, or ordinance of a charter city prohibits the governing board's consideration of a	Chaptered: 4/26/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Chaptered by the Secretary of State, Chapter Number 11, Statutes of 2012	4/26/2012 S . CHAPTERED	<b>Watch</b>

	project labor agreement for a project to be awarded by the city, or prohibits the governing board from considering whether to allocate funds to a city-funded project covered by such an agreement, state funding or financial assistance may not be used to support that project, as specified. This bill would additionally provide that if a charter provision, initiative, or ordinance of a charter city prohibits, limits, or constrains in any way the governing board's authority or discretion to adopt, require, or utilize a project labor agreement that includes specified taxpayer protection provisions for some or all of the construction projects to be awarded by the city, state funding or financial assistance may not be used to support any construction projects awarded by the city, as specified.				
<a href="#">SB 863</a> <a href="#">Lieu D</a>	<b>Workers' compensation: liens.</b> Existing law establishes a workers' compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of his or her employment. This bill would recast these provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 6/6/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	8/22/2011 - Read second time. Ordered to consent calendar. From consent calendar. Ordered to third reading. Ordered to inactive file on request of Assembly Member Charles Calderon.	8/22/2011 A . INACTIVE FILE	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 900</a> <a href="#">Leno D</a>	<b>Mortgages and deeds of trust: foreclosure.</b> Existing law generally regulates mortgages and deeds of trust, including establishing procedures for foreclosure in the case of default. This bill would express the intent of Legislature to enact legislation to amend the state's foreclosure laws to implement and make permanent the servicing standards and other provisions of the National Mortgage Settlement.	Amended: 4/26/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - In Senate. Concurrence in Assembly amendments pending.	4/26/2012 S . UNFINISHED BUSINESS	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">SB 950</a> <a href="#">Alquist D</a>	<b>Sales and use taxes: administration: tax amnesty.</b> The Sales and Use Tax Law imposes sales and use taxes which are administered by the State Board of Equalization. This bill would require the board to develop and administer a tax amnesty program for taxpayers subject to sales taxes and for taxpayers who are qualified purchasers, as defined, subject to use taxes during a 2-month period beginning _____, and ending _____, inclusive, or during	Introduced: 1/4/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/28/2012 - Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	2/2/2012 S . G. & F.	<b>Oppose</b>

	any other 2-month period ending before _____, as provided.				
<a href="#">SB 957</a> <a href="#">Leno D</a>	<b>2012-13 Budget.</b> This bill would make appropriations for support of state government for the 2012-13 fiscal year. This bill contains other related provisions.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	1/10/2012 - Introduced. Read first time. Referred to Com. on B. & F.R.	1/10/2012 S . BUDGET & F.R.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 964</a> <a href="#">Wright D</a>	<b>Administrative Procedure Act: State Water Resources Control Board and California regional water quality control boards.</b> Existing law establishes the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality control boards and authorizes them to adopt regulations to carry out their powers and duties. Existing law generally requires state agencies to adopt regulations in accordance with prescribed procedures and requirements, and requires the Office of Administrative Law to review adopted regulations and to make specified determinations. However, existing law grants to the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality control boards various exemptions to the above requirements, including an exemption for the adoption of regulations for the issuance, denial, or revocation of specified waste discharge requirements and permits. This bill would provide that the exemption for the adoption of regulations for the issuance, denial, or revocation of specified waste discharge requirements and permits shall not apply to any general permits or waivers issued under state law or the federal National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, as defined, thereby requiring the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality control boards to comply with provisions that require the adoption of regulations under those circumstances.	Amended: 4/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/23/2012 - Set, first hearing. Failed passage in committee. (Ayes 2. Noes 5. Page 3261.) Reconsideration granted.	4/23/2012 S . E.Q.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">SB 965</a> <a href="#">Wright D</a>	<b>State Water Resources Control Board and California regional water quality control boards: ex parte communications.</b> Under existing law, the State Water Resources Control Board (state board) and the California regional water quality control boards (regional boards) implement the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act by prescribing waste discharge requirements for discharges to the waters of the state, as specified. Existing law authorizes the state board and regional boards to hold hearings necessary for carrying out their duties, as specified.	Amended: 3/28/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/23/2012 - Do pass as amended, and re-refer to the Committee on Appropriations	4/23/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Support</b>

	<p>This bill would provide that the ex parte communications provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act do not apply to specified proceedings of the state board or a regional board. This bill would instead, prohibit a state board, regional board member, or a person, other than a board staff member acting in his or her official capacity, who intends to influence the decision of a board member on a matter before the board, from conducting an ex parte communication, as defined. This bill would provide that if an ex parte communication occurs, the board member shall notify the interested party that a full disclosure of the ex parte communication shall be entered in the board's record. This bill would also provide, however, that a communication is not a prohibited ex parte communication if the communication is fully disclosed and a request is made that the communication be placed in the board's official record of the proceeding, as specified. This bill contains other existing laws.</p>				
<p><a href="#">SB 982</a> <a href="#">Evans D</a></p>	<p><b>Corporations: political activities: shareholder disclosure.</b> Existing law, the General Corporation Law, provides for the regulation of corporations. Under existing law, the board of directors of a corporation is required, except as specified, to send an annual report to shareholders containing, among other things, a balance sheet as of the end of that fiscal year and an income statement and a statement of cashflows for that fiscal year. This bill would require a corporation, as defined, that has shareholders located in this state and that makes a contribution or expenditure , as defined, to, or in support of, or in opposition to, a candidate, ballot measure campaign, or a signature-gathering effort on behalf of a ballot measure, political party, or political action committee to issue a report on the political expenditures of the corporation in the previous fiscal year , as well as 24 hours prior to each political contribution during the fiscal year, by specified means, including posting the report on the corporation's Internet Web site, if any. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 4/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/18/2012 - Set, second hearing. Hearing cancelled at request of author. (Refers to 4/18/2012 hearing)</p>	<p>4/9/2012 S . B. &amp; F. I.</p>	<p><b>Oppose</b></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 1004</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b></p>	<p><b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.</p>	<p>3/26/2012 A . BUDGET</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 1005</a></p>	<p><b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the</p>	<p>Introduced:</p>	<p>3/26/2012 -</p>	<p>3/26/2012</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

<b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	A . BUDGET	
<b><a href="#">SB 1006</a> Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">SB 1007</a> Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">SB 1008</a> Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">SB 1009</a> Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">SB 1010</a> Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">SB 1011</a> Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">SB 1012</a> Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<b><a href="#">SB 1013</a> Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>

<a href="#">SB 1014</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1015</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1016</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1017</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1018</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1019</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1020</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1021</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1022</a> <b>Committee on Budget and</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>

<b>Fiscal Review</b>					
<a href="#">SB 1023</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1024</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1025</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1026</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1027</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1028</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1029</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1030</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1031</a> <b>Committee on</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of	Introduced: 2/6/2012	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>

<b>Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	2012.	<a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	on BUDGET.		
<a href="#">SB 1032</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1033</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1034</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1035</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1036</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1037</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1038</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1039</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1040</a>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the	Introduced:	3/26/2012 -	3/26/2012	<b>Watch</b>

<b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	A . BUDGET	
<a href="#">SB 1041</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1042</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1043</a> <b>Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</b>	<b>Budget Act of 2012.</b> This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 2/6/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on BUDGET.	3/26/2012 A . BUDGET	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1058</a> <a href="#">Lieu D</a>	<b>Victims of Corporate Fraud Compensation Fund.</b> Existing law establishes the Victims of Corporate Fraud Compensation Fund, a continuously appropriated fund, within the State Treasury administered by the Secretary of State, the sole purpose of which is to provide restitution to victims of corporate fraud. This bill would revise and recast those provisions, including eliminating the requirement that the Secretary of State adopt those regulations. The bill would provide that an aggrieved person who obtains a final judgment, as specified, against a corporation based upon the corporation's fraud, misrepresentation, or deceit, made with intent to defraud, may file an application with the Secretary of State for payment from the fund for the amount unpaid on the judgment that represents the awarded actual and direct loss to the claimant in the final judgment . The bill would limit the amount to be paid from the fund to \$50,000 with respect to any one claimant, as specified . This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/17/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - Do pass as amended, and re-refer to the Committee on Appropriations	4/24/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1074</a> <a href="#">Dutton R</a>	<b>CalFresh eligibility: fingerprint imaging requirement.</b> Existing law requires each county to provide cash assistance and other social services to needy families through the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program using federal Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) block grant	Introduced: 2/14/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/1/2012 - Referred to Com. on HUMAN S.	3/1/2012 S . HUM. S.	<b>Watch</b>

	program, state, and county funds. This bill would extend the fingerprint imaging requirement to CalFresh. By increasing the duties of counties administering CalFresh, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">SB 1086</a> <a href="#">Dutton R</a>	<b>Sales and use taxes: wireless communication devices: bundled transactions.</b> Existing sales and use tax laws impose a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. Under existing sales and use tax regulations, gross receipts from a retail sale of a wireless telecommunication device sold in a bundled transaction with wireless telecommunication service are generally equal to the amount of the unbundled sales price of the wireless telecommunication device. This bill would, instead, limit the gross receipts from a retail sale of a wireless telecommunication device sold in a bundled transaction with wireless telecommunication service to the bundled sales price of the wireless telecommunication device. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/9/2012 - From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on GOV. & F.	4/9/2012 S . G. & F.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1093</a> <a href="#">Wyland R</a>	<b>Employment: alternate workweek.</b> Under existing law, an alternative workweek schedule proposed by an employer may be adopted through a 2/3 majority vote of the employer's employees in a secret ballot. Existing law provides that any alternative workweek schedule that was authorized pursuant to specified provisions and in effect on January 1, 2000, may be repealed by the affected employees. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.	Introduced: 2/16/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/1/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	3/1/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1099</a> <a href="#">Wright D</a>	<b>Regulations.</b> The Administrative Procedure Act generally sets forth the requirements for the adoption, publication, review, and implementation of regulations by state agencies. The act specifically provides that a regulation or order of repeal required to be filed with the Secretary of State shall become effective on the 30th day after the date of filing, subject to certain exceptions. This bill would instead provide that a regulation or order of repeal is effective on January 1 , April 1, July 1, or October 1, as specified, subject to the same	Amended: 4/25/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/25/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Support</b>

	exceptions. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">SB 1106</a> <a href="#">Strickland</a> R	<b>Recycling: reusable bags.</b> Existing law, part of the California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989, as administered by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, requires an operator of a store, as defined, to establish an at-store recycling program that provides customers the opportunity to return clean plastic carryout bags to that store and to make reusable bags available to customers. Existing law prohibits a city, county, or other local public agency from taking specified regulatory actions with regard to plastic carryout bags. A violation of these requirements is subject to civil liability penalties imposed by a local agency or the state. These requirements and prohibitions are repealed on January 1, 2013. This bill would delete the repeal date, thereby continuing those requirements and prohibitions indefinitely. The bill would require a person that manufactures a reusable bag to print or attach a warning label on the reusable bag containing specified information. The bill would also require a person who sells or distributes a reusable bag to conspicuously display that warning near the display where reusable bags are sold or distributed or provide that warning in another written form. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 4/18/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/23/2012 - Set, second hearing. Failed passage in committee. (Ayes 2. Noes 5. Page 3261.) Reconsideration granted.	4/23/2012 S . E.Q.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">SB 1114</a> <a href="#">Dutton</a> R	<b>Employment: overtime compensation.</b> Existing law, with certain exceptions, establishes 8 hours as a day's work and a 40-hour workweek, and requires payment of prescribed overtime compensation for additional hours worked. Existing law authorizes the adoption, by 2/3 of employees in a work unit, of alternative workweek schedules providing for workdays no longer than 10 hours within a 40-hour workweek. This bill, until January 1, 2015, instead would establish 40 hours as a week's work and require payment of prescribed overtime compensation for hours worked in excess of 10 hours in one workday. The bill would also make conforming changes.	Introduced: 2/17/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/11/2012 - Set, first hearing. Failed passage in committee. (Ayes 1. Noes 4. Page 3122.)	4/11/2012 S . L. & I.R.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">SB 1115</a> <a href="#">Dutton</a> R	<b>Flexible work schedules.</b> Existing law, with certain exceptions, establishes 8 hours as a day's work and a 40-hour workweek, and requires payment of prescribed overtime compensation for additional hours worked. Existing law authorizes the adoption, by 2/3 of employees in a work unit, of alternative workweek schedules	Introduced: 2/17/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/11/2012 - Set, first hearing. Failed passage in committee. (Ayes 1. Noes 3. Page	4/11/2012 S . L. & I.R.	<b>Support</b>

	providing for workdays no longer than 10 hours within a 40-hour workweek. Under existing law, any person who violates the provisions regulating work hours is guilty of a misdemeanor. This bill would permit an individual nonexempt employee employed by an employer with 10 or less employees to request an employee-selected flexible work schedule providing for workdays up to 10 hours per day within a 40-hour workweek, and would allow the employer to implement this schedule without any obligation to pay overtime compensation.		3122.) Reconsideration granted.		
<a href="#">SB 1118 Hancock</a> D	<b>Solid waste: used mattresses.</b> Existing law requires a retailer of various specified products, such as rechargeable batteries and cell phones, sold in the state to have in place a system for the acceptance and collection of those products for reuse, recycling, or proper disposal. This bill would require manufacturers of mattresses, on and after July 1, 2013, to establish and implement a program to collect and recycle used mattresses from consumers, as specified. The bill would also require a retailer, on and after July 1, 2013, in coordination with a manufacturer, to provide or arrange for the pickup of a used mattress from a consumer purchasing a new mattress. The bill would authorize the manufacturer, in lieu of establishing the program, to remit, on a voluntarily basis, to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery a payment of \$25 for each mattress sold in the state. The bill would require the moneys remitted to be deposited in the Mattress Recovery and Recycling Account, which the bill would establish in the Integrated Waste Management Fund. The bill would require moneys in the account, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to be expended by the department to implement a program to facilitate the recovery and recycling of used mattresses.	Amended: 4/25/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/25/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1129 Berryhill</a> R	<b>Stolen property.</b> Existing law generally provides that every person who knowingly buys or receives stolen property, or conceals, sells, or withholds property from the owner, knowing that the property is stolen, shall be punished by imprisonment in a county jail for not more than one year, or imprisonment in county jail for 16 months, or 2 or 3 years, as specified. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.	Introduced: 2/21/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/1/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	3/1/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1130</a>	<b>Energy: energy assessment: commercial buildings:</b>	Amended:	4/25/2012 - From	4/25/2012	<b>Watch</b>

<a href="#">De León</a> D	<b>retrofitting.</b> Existing law establishes incentives in the form of grants and loans to low-income residents, small businesses, and residential property owners for constructing and retrofitting buildings to be more energy efficient. The bill would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to analyze and evaluate standards for commercial energy building.	4/19/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 13. Noes 0.) (April 24). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	S . APPR.	
<a href="#">SB 1151</a> <a href="#">Steinberg</a> D	<b>Sustainable Economic Development and Housing Trust Fund: long-range asset management plan.</b> Existing law dissolved redevelopment agencies and community development agencies, as of February 1, 2012, and provides for the designation of successor agencies, as defined. Existing law imposes various requirements on successor agencies and subjects successor agency actions to the review of oversight boards. Existing law requires successor agencies to wind down the affairs of the dissolved redevelopment agencies and to, among other things, dispose of assets and properties of the former redevelopment agencies, as directed by the oversight board. Proceeds from the sale of assets are transferred to the county auditor-controller for distribution as property tax proceeds to taxing entities, as prescribed. This bill would provide that the asset disposition and transfer provisions do not apply to a jurisdiction in which a Community Development and Housing Authority (authority) has been formed by August 1, 2012. The bill would establish a Sustainable Economic Development and Housing Trust Fund, to be administered by an authority, to serve as a repository of the unencumbered balances and assets of the former redevelopment agency. The bill would authorize moneys from the fund to be expended for specified purposes relating to economic development and affordable housing. The bill would require an authority to prepare a long-range asset management plan that governs the disposition and ongoing use of the fund . The bill would require an authority to submit the plan to the Department of Finance by December 1, 2012, and would require the department to approve or return the plan for revision to the authority prior to final approval by December 31, 2012 .	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 5. Noes 3.) (April 24). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/25/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1152</a> <a href="#">Wyland</a> R	<b>Workers' compensation: official medical fee schedule.</b> Existing law establishes a workers' compensation system, administered by the	Introduced: 2/21/2012	3/1/2012 - Referred to Com.	3/1/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>

	Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of his or her employment. Existing law requires the administrative director, after public hearings, to adopt and revise an official medical fee schedule that establishes the reasonable maximum fees paid for medical services, with exceptions as specified. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to existing law.	<a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	on RLS.		
<a href="#">SB 1157 Berryhill R</a>	<b>Redevelopment: successor agencies: duties.</b> The Community Redevelopment Law authorizes the establishment of redevelopment agencies in communities to address the effects of blight, as defined. Existing law dissolved redevelopment agencies as of February 1, 2012, and provides for the designation successor agencies to act as successor entities to the dissolved redevelopment agencies. Existing law requires a successor agency to, among other things, continue to make payments due for enforceable obligations, remit unencumbered balances to the auditor-controller for distribution, and dispose of assets, as directed. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to the provisions of law relating to the duties of the successor agency.	Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/1/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	3/1/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1159 Calderon D</a>	<b>Plastic bag: labeling.</b> Existing law requires an operator of a store, as defined, to establish an at-store recycling program that provides to customers the opportunity to return clean plastic carryout bags to that store. Existing law prohibits a city, county, or other local public agency from taking specified regulatory actions with regard to the recycling of plastic carryout bags. These requirements and prohibitions are repealed on January 1, 2013. This bill would enact the Plastic Bag Reduction and Recycling Act of 2012 and would prohibit the operator of a supermarket, as defined, on and after July 1, 2013, from distributing a plastic carryout bag to a customer unless the plastic carryout bag displays the phrase "Please Recycle This Bag," in accordance with specified requirements. The bill would provide that a violation of this requirement by the operator of a supermarket is an infraction, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program by creating a new crime. The bill would authorize the city attorney or district attorney to bring an action against the operator of the supermarket convicted of violating this requirement for the recovery of the costs of the enforcement action. This bill contains	Amended: 4/17/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on E.Q.	4/26/2012 S . E.Q.	<b>Watch</b>

	other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">SB 1163</a> <a href="#">Walters R</a>	<b>Special access: liability.</b> Under existing law, a person, firm, or corporation that interferes with the access rights of a disabled individual is liable for the actual damages of each offense and any amount determined by a judge or jury of up to 3 times the amount of the actual damages, but in no case less than \$1,000. Existing law requires the State Architect to develop and submit for approval and adoption building standards for making buildings, structures, sidewalks, curbs, and related facilities accessible to, and usable by, persons with disabilities, as specified. This bill would establish notice requirements for an alleged aggrieved party to follow before bringing an action against a business for an alleged violation of the above-described provisions. The bill would require that party to provide specified notice to the owner of the property, agent, or other responsible party where the alleged violation occurred. The bill would require that owner, agent, or other responsible party to respond within 30 days with a description of the improvements to be made or with a rebuttal to the allegations, as specified. If that owner, agent, or other responsible party elects to fix the alleged violation, the bill would provide 120 days to do so. The bill would provide that its provisions do not apply to claims for recovery of special damages for an injury in fact, and would authorize the court to consider previous or pending actual damage awards received or prayed for by the alleged aggrieved party for the same or similar injury. The bill would further state the intent of the Legislature to institute certain educational programs related to special access laws. This bill contains other related provisions.	Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Set for hearing May 8.	3/1/2012 S . JUD.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">SB 1185</a> <a href="#">Price D</a>	<b>Centralized Intelligence Partnership Act.</b> Existing law requires various state entities, including, but not limited to, the State Board of Equalization, the Franchise Tax Board, and the Department of Justice, to enforce laws relating to the taxation and legal operation of businesses throughout the state under their respective jurisdictions. This bill would create a multiagency partnership consisting of specified state entities , to be known as the Centralized Intelligence Partnership, to collaborate in combating illegal underground operations by, among other activities, providing a central intake process and organizational structure, with an administrator and	Amended: 4/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 13. Noes 0. Page 3262.) (April 24). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/24/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Support</b>

	<p>support staff, to document, review, and evaluate data and complaints. The bill would create an advisory committee, comprised of one representative from each entity in the partnership, to provide guidance on the activities and operations of the partnership. The bill would require the advisory committee to the partnership to determine the appropriate agency to house the processing center for the partnership. The bill would authorize duly authorized representatives of members of the partnership to exchange information for the purpose of investigating illegal underground operations. The bill would require the partnership, starting on or before July 1, 2014, to annually report to the Legislature and entities participating in the partnership on its activities. The bill would require an additional report to be filed with the Legislature by December 1, 2018, to include the number of complaints received by the partnership and cases investigated or prosecuted, as specified.</p>				
<p><a href="#">SB 1186</a> <a href="#">Dutton R</a></p>	<p><b>Special access: liability.</b> Under existing law, a person, firm, or corporation that interferes with the access rights of a disabled individual is liable for the actual damages of each offense and any amount determined by a judge or jury of up to 3 times the amount of the actual damages, but in no case less than \$1,000. Existing law requires the State Architect to develop and submit for approval and adoption building standards for making buildings, structures, sidewalks, curbs, and related facilities accessible to, and usable by, persons with disabilities, as specified. This bill would establish notice requirements for an alleged aggrieved party to follow before bringing an action against a business for an alleged violation of the above-described provisions. The bill would require that party to provide specified notice to the owner of the property, agent, or other responsible party where the alleged violation occurred. The bill would require that owner, agent, or other responsible party to respond within 30 days with a description of the improvements to be made or with a rebuttal to the allegations, as specified. If that owner, agent, or other responsible party elects to fix the alleged violation, the bill would provide 90 days to do so. The bill would provide that its provisions do not apply to claims for recovery of special damages for an injury in fact, and would authorize the court to consider previous or pending actual damage awards received or prayed for by the alleged aggrieved party for the same or similar injury. The bill would</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>3/1/2012 - Referred to Com. on JUD.</p>	<p>3/1/2012 S . JUD.</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>

	further state the intent of the Legislature to institute certain educational programs related to special access laws. This bill contains other related provisions.				
<a href="#">SB 1190</a> <a href="#">Hancock D</a>	<b>Women, infants, and children's nutrition.</b> Existing law, the California Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC), under the administration of the State Department of Public Health, provides for the issuance of nutrition coupons, as defined, to certain low-income women, infants, and children who have been determined to be at nutritional risk. Under existing law, the department is required to include specified information on the nutrition coupons and, to the extent feasible, provide the information in a form that may be read by optical scanning technology readily available to vendors. Existing law requires the department to report to the Legislature by March 15, 2002, on the feasibility and costs of providing the information in that form. This bill would extend that deadline to July 1, 2013 and additionally would require the department to report to the Legislature regarding which electronic card option the state will use in implementing these provisions, as specified . This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/20/2012 - Set for hearing April 30.	4/12/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Neutral if Amended</b>
<a href="#">SB 1191</a> <a href="#">Simitian D</a>	<b>Landlord-tenant relations: disclosure of notice of default.</b> Existing law generally regulates the hiring of real property, including, among other things, specifying certain obligations imposed on landlords and obligations imposed on tenants. Existing law, until January 1, 2013, requires a tenant of property upon which a notice of sale has been posted to be provided a specified notice advising the tenant that, among other things, the new property owner may either give the tenant a new lease or rental agreement, or provide the tenant with a 60-day eviction notice, and that other laws may prohibit the eviction or provide the tenant with a longer notice before eviction. This bill would require every landlord who is in default under a mortgage or deed of trust secured by a single-family dwelling, or a multifamily dwelling not exceeding 4 units, and who has received a notice of default from the mortgagee, trustee, or other person authorized to take the foreclosure sale to disclose the notice of default in writing to any prospective tenant prior to executing a lease agreement for the property . The bill would also provide that a	Amended: 4/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - Set for hearing May 1.	4/23/2012 S . JUD.	<b>Watch</b>

	violation of those provisions would allow the tenant to void the lease and entitle the tenant to recovery of twice the monthly rent or twice the amount of actual damages from the landlord, and all prepaid rent, in addition to any other remedies that are available. The bill would also provide that if the tenant elects not to void the lease and the foreclosure sale has not yet occurred, the tenant may deduct twice the monthly rent from future rent obligations owed the landlord who received the notice of default. The bill would specify the content of the written disclosure notice.				
<a href="#">SB 1193 Steinberg D</a>	<b>Human trafficking: public posting requirements.</b> Existing law authorizes a victim of human trafficking, as defined, to bring a civil action for actual damages, compensatory damages, punitive damages, injunctive relief, any combination of those, or any other appropriate relief within 5 years of the date on which the trafficking victim was freed from the trafficking situation, or if the victim was a minor when the act of human trafficking against the victim occurred, within 8 years after the date the plaintiff attains the age of majority. This bill would require specified businesses and other establishments to post a notice that is at least 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches in size that contains information related to slavery and human trafficking, including information related to specified nonprofit organizations that provide services in support of the elimination of slavery and human trafficking. The bill would require the establishments to post the notice in a conspicuous place near the entrance of the establishment or in another conspicuous location in clear view of the public and employees where similar notices are customarily posted. The bill also would require the establishments to print the notice in English, Spanish, and in any other language that is the most widely spoken language in the county where the establishment is located and for which translation is mandated by the federal Voting Rights Act. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/18/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 4. Noes 1. Page 3207.) (April 17). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/18/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">SB 1208 Leno D</a>	<b>Publicly traded corporations: retiree compensation: disclosure.</b> Existing law provides for the formation and regulation of corporations. Existing law requires that domestic and foreign publicly traded corporations file annually with the Secretary of State a statement disclosing the compensation, as specified, paid to each of the members of the corporation's board of directors and its 5 most	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 4. Noes 1.) (April 24). Re-	4/25/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Oppose</b>

	highly compensated executive officers who are not members of the board, and the chief executive officer, if he or she is not among those executive officers. Existing law requires the Secretary of State to make that information, together with other information required to be included in that statement, publicly available, as specified. This bill would, instead, require that a publicly traded corporation include in that report total compensation, as defined, paid to each member of the board of directors, the principal executive officer, principal financial officer, and each of the 3 most highly compensated executive officers other than the principal executive officer or principal financial officer. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.		referred to Com. on APPR.		
<a href="#">SB 1211</a> <a href="#">Alquist D</a>	<b>Labor.</b> Under existing law, the Department of Industrial Relations administers and enforces various laws relating to employment and working conditions. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would make changes to laws pertaining to labor.	Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/1/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	3/1/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1214</a> <a href="#">Cannella R</a>	<b>Environmental quality: California Environmental Quality Act: judicial review.</b> The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. This bill would require a judicial proceeding challenging a project, except for a high-speed rail project, located in a distressed county, as defined, to be filed with the Court of Appeal with geographic jurisdiction over the project. This bill contains other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/22/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/16/2012 - Set, first hearing. Failed passage in committee. (Ayes 0. Noes 5. Page 3189.) Reconsideration granted.	4/16/2012 S . E.Q.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1219</a> <a href="#">Wolk D</a>	<b>Recycling: plastic bags.</b> Existing law requires an operator of a store, as defined, to establish an at-store recycling program that provides to customers the opportunity to return clean plastic carryout bags to that store. This requirement is repealed on January 1, 2013.	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/20/2012 - Set for hearing April 30.	4/17/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>

	<p>Existing law prohibits a city, county, or other local public agency from taking specified regulatory actions with regard to the recycling of plastic carryout bags. Existing law provides for the enforcement of those provisions by local agencies and by the state and requires the civil penalties collected by the state to be expended by the Attorney General, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to implement these requirements. This bill would extend those at-store recycling program requirements until January 1, 2020, and would repeal the provisions preempting local regulatory action.</p>				
<p><a href="#">SB 1230</a> <a href="#">Wright D</a></p>	<p><b>Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board: emissions control.</b> Existing law establishes the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board within the Department of Industrial Relations and requires the standards board to adopt occupational safety and health standards. Certain violations of these standards are crimes. This bill would require the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board to adopt standards designed to ensure the safety of the operator in the installation, use, and operation of a verified diesel emission control strategy, as defined, required by a regulation adopted by the State Air Resources Board to be installed on an on-road heavy-duty diesel-fueled motor vehicle. The bill would prohibit the State Air Resources Board from requiring a fleet owner, as defined, to install a verified diesel emission control strategy until 6 months after the adoption of the standards. Because certain violations of the safety standard adopted by the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board would be a crime pursuant to provisions of existing law, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/11/2012 - Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.</p>	<p>3/8/2012 S . L. &amp; I.R.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 1234</a> <a href="#">De León D</a></p>	<p><b>Retirement savings plans.</b> Existing federal law provides for tax-qualified retirement plans and individual retirement accounts or individual retirement annuities by which private citizens may save money for retirement. This bill would enact the California Secure Choice Retirement Savings Trust Act, which would create the California Secure Choice Retirement Savings Trust to be administered by the California Secure Choice Retirement Savings Investment Board, which would also be established by the bill. The bill would require eligible employers, as defined, to offer a payroll deposit retirement savings arrangement so that eligible employees, as</p>	<p>Amended: 4/17/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/25/2012 - Do pass as amended, and re-refer to the Committee on Appropriations.</p>	<p>4/25/2012 S . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Oppose</b></p>

	<p>defined, could contribute a portion of their salary or wages to a retirement savings program account in the California Secure Choice Retirement Savings Program , as specified. The bill would require eligible employees to participate in the program , unless the employee opts out of the program , as specified. The bill would require a specified percentage of the annual salary or wages of an eligible employee participating in the program to be deposited in the California Secure Choice Retirement Savings Trust, which would be segregated into a program fund and an administrative fund, both of which would be continuously appropriated to the board for purposes of the act. The bill would limit expenditures from the administrative fund, as specified. The bill would also require the board to establish a Gain and Loss Reserve Account within the program fund. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>				
<p><a href="#">SB 1255 Wright D</a></p>	<p><b>Employee compensation: itemized statements.</b> Existing law requires every employer, semimonthly or at the time of each payment of wages, to furnish each employee an accurate itemized statement in writing showing specified information, including, among other things, the name of the employee and the last 4 digits of his or her social security number or an employee identification number, the gross wages earned, all deductions, net wages earned, the inclusive dates of the period for which the employee is paid, and the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer and, if the employer is a farm labor contractor, as defined, the name and address of the legal entity that secured the services of the employer. Existing law provides that an employee suffering injury as a result of a knowing and intentional failure by an employer to comply with this requirement is entitled to recover the greater of all actual damages or a specified sum, not exceeding an aggregate penalty of \$4,000, and is entitled to an award of costs and reasonable attorney's fees. This bill would provide that an employee is deemed to suffer injury for purposes of the above-referenced penalty if the employer fails to provide a wage statement or fails to provide a wage statement showing the name of the employee and the last 4 digits of his or her social security number or employee identification number. The bill would also provide that an employee is deemed to suffer injury for that penalty if the employer fails to provide accurate and complete information, as specified, and the employee cannot promptly and easily determine</p>	<p>Amended: 3/29/2012  <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/26/2012 - Set for hearing May 8.</p>	<p>4/11/2012  S . JUD.</p>	<p><b>Neutral</b></p>

	from the wage statement alone the amount of the gross and net wages paid to the employee during the pay period and how those gross and net wages were determined by reference only to specified information on the itemized wage statement , the deductions the employer made from the gross wages to determine the net wages paid to the employee during the pay period, and the name and address of the employer or legal entity that secured the services of the employer, as specified.				
<a href="#">SB 1284</a> <a href="#">Lieu D</a>	<b>Unemployment insurance: disclosure of information.</b> Existing law provides that information obtained in the administration of the Unemployment Insurance Code is confidential and is for the exclusive use and information of the director in the discharge of his or her duties. Existing law authorizes an employee to receive his or her wage information upon written request by the employee. Existing law provides that a person who knowingly accesses, uses, or discloses confidential information without authorization is guilty of a misdemeanor. This bill would allow the Director of Employment Development to electronically transmit wage information of an employee to a creditor, upon the execution of a release by an employee, if specified requirements are met. By expanding the crime of knowingly and wrongfully accessing, using, or disclosing specified information, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/18/2012 - Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	4/9/2012 S . L. & I.R.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1293</a> <a href="#">Emmerson R</a>	<b>Food safety: allergens.</b> Existing federal law deems food to be misbranded if it contains a major food allergen, as defined, unless the labeling contains specified information. This bill would require, to the extent permitted by federal law, the State Department of Public Health to adopt certain standards for use of the terms "gluten free" and "wheat free" on food labels. By changing the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/8/2012 - Referred to Com. on HEALTH.	3/8/2012 S . HEALTH	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">SB 1301</a> <a href="#">Hernandez D</a>	<b>Prescription drugs: 90-day supply.</b> Existing law, the Pharmacy Law, provides for the licensure and regulation of the practice of pharmacy by the California State Board of Pharmacy. Existing law prohibits a person from furnishing a dangerous drug except upon the prescription of specified practitioners, except as specified. Existing law authorizes a pharmacist filling a prescription order for a drug	Amended: 4/16/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0. Page 3260.) (April	4/24/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>

	<p>product to substitute a generic drug product or a drug product with a different form of medication having the same active chemical ingredients of equivalent strength and duration of therapy as the prescribed drug product, subject to specified requirements. Existing law also authorizes a pharmacist to refill a prescription for a dangerous drug without the prescriber's authorization under specified circumstances. This bill would authorize a pharmacist , if the patient has completed an initial 30-day supply of a dangerous drug, to dispense not more than a 90-day supply of that dangerous drug other than a controlled substance pursuant to a valid prescription if the pharmacist is exercising his or her professional judgment, he or she dispenses no more than the total amount prescribed, including refills, and the prescriber has not specified on the prescription that dispensing the prescription in an initial amount followed by periodic refills is medically necessary. The bill would require a pharmacist dispensing a dangerous drug pursuant to these provisions to notify the prescriber of the change in the quantity of dosage units dispensed. The bill would provide that these provisions are not applicable to psychotropic medication or psychotropic drugs, as described.</p>		23). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.		
<p><a href="#">SB 1304 Berryhill R</a></p>	<p><b>Emergency services.</b> The California Emergency Services Act establishes, within the office of the Governor, the California Emergency Management Agency and sets forth the duties of the agency and its secretary with respect to specified emergency preparedness, mitigation, and response activities within the state. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to those provisions.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/23/2012  <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>3/8/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.</p>	<p>3/8/2012 S . RLS.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 1329 Simitian D</a></p>	<p><b>Prescription drugs: collection and distribution program.</b> Existing law authorizes a county to establish, by ordinance, a repository and distribution program under which a pharmacy that is owned by or contracts with the county may distribute surplus unused medications, as defined, to persons in need of financial assistance to ensure access to necessary pharmaceutical therapies. Existing law requires a county that has established a program to establish procedures to, among other things, ensure proper safety and management of any medications collected and maintained by a participating pharmacy. Existing law authorizes a skilled nursing facility, specified drug manufacturer, or pharmacy wholesaler to</p>	<p>Amended: 3/29/2012  <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/24/2012 - Set for hearing May 7.</p>	<p>4/12/2012 S . B., P. &amp; E.D.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	<p>donate medications to the program. Existing law requires medication under the program to be dispensed to an eligible patient, destroyed, or returned to a reverse distributor, as specified. Except in cases of noncompliance, bad faith, or gross negligence, existing law prohibits certain people and entities from being subject to criminal or civil liability for injury caused when donating, accepting, or dispensing prescription drugs in compliance with the program's provisions. This bill would authorize a county to establish the program by action of the county board of supervisors or by action of a public health officer of the county, as prescribed. This bill would also authorize specified primary care clinics and pharmacies to participate in the program. This bill would require a pharmacy or clinic seeking to participate in the program to inform the county health department in writing of its intent and prohibit the pharmacy or clinic from participating until the county health department has confirmed that it has received this notice . This bill would require participating pharmacies and clinics to disclose specified information to the county health department and require the county board of supervisors or public health officer to make this information available upon request to the California State Board of Pharmacy. This bill would authorize the county board of supervisors, public health officer, and California State Board of Pharmacy to prohibit a pharmacy or clinic from participating in the program, under certain circumstances. This bill would authorize licensed health and care facilities, as specified, to donate unused medications to the program. This bill would also make other conforming changes to those provisions.</p>				
<p><a href="#">SB 1333</a> <a href="#">Blakeslee</a> R</p>	<p><b>Employment: labor standards: consultation unit.</b> Existing law establishes the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement in the Department of Industrial Relations for the enforcement of labor laws. This bill would establish in the division the Labor Standards Consultation Unit for the purpose of providing consulting services to employees and employers with 100 or fewer employees regarding compliance with wage and hour laws. The bill would state the intent of the Legislature that the unit ultimately be self-supporting and, to further that end, would authorize the unit to charge a requester a fee for consulting services provided, not to exceed the actual cost to the unit, and to further fund its operation from grants obtained from for-profit or not-for-profit nongovernmental and governmental entities.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/25/2012 - Do pass as amended, and re-refer to the Committee on Appropriations.</p>	<p>4/25/2012 S . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>

	The bill would prohibit the division from citing an employer for a violation of any labor standard, order, or regulation discovered as a result of an employer requesting or accepting services from the unit pursuant to the bill if the employer remedies the violation within an unspecified number of days and the employer is not the subject of an ongoing investigation by the division.				
<a href="#">SB 1339</a> <a href="#">Yee D</a>	<b>Commute benefit policies.</b> Existing law creates the Metropolitan Transportation Commission, with various transportation planning and programming responsibilities in the 9-county San Francisco Bay Area. Existing law creates the Bay Area Air Quality Management District, with various responsibilities relative to the reduction of air pollution in the area of its jurisdiction, which incorporates a specified portion of the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Transportation Commission. This bill would authorize the Metropolitan Transportation Commission and the Bay Area Air Quality Management District to jointly adopt a commute benefit ordinance that requires covered employers operating within the common area of the 2 agencies with a specified number of covered employees to offer those employees certain commute benefits. The bill would require that the ordinance specify certain matters, including any consequences for noncompliance, and would impose a specified reporting requirement. The bill would make its provisions inoperative on January 1, 2017.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/17/2012 - Set for hearing April 30.	4/11/2012 S . E.Q.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">SB 1347</a> <a href="#">Vargas D</a>	<b>Workers' compensation: insurance.</b> Existing workers' compensation law generally requires employers to secure the payment of workers' compensation, including medical treatment, for injuries incurred by their employees that arise out of, or in the course of, employment. Existing law generally requires that every employer except the state secure the payment of compensation by being insured against liability to pay compensation by one or more insurers duly authorized to write compensation insurance in this state, or by securing from the Director of Industrial Relations a certificate of consent to self-insure against workers' compensation claims, as specified. Existing law establishes the Uninsured Employers Benefits Trust Fund, a continuously appropriated fund, for the purpose of paying nonadministrative expenses of the workers' compensation program for workers injured while employed by uninsured	Amended: 3/29/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/19/2012 - Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	4/9/2012 S . L. & I.R.	<b>Watch</b>

	employers, as specified. This bill would require the Director of Industrial Relations to designate a nonprofit mutual benefit corporation, defined by the bill as a reporting group, for the purposes of providing information regarding the administration, costs, and policy impacts of legislative and market changes in the administration of workers' compensation programs and benefits to injured employees of public self-insurers. The bill would establish a board of directors to govern the reporting group, initially consisting of up to 9 specified members, appointed by the California Association of Joint Powers Authorities, the California State Association of Counties (CSAC) Excess Insurance Authority, and other unspecified entities. This bill contains other related provisions.				
<a href="#">SB 1348</a> <a href="#">Gaines R</a>	<b>Environmental quality: CEQA: public projects: judicial review.</b> The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. This bill would establish specified judicial review procedures for the judicial review of the EIR for a project that will result in a minimum investment of \$10,000,000 subject to the requirements of CEQA. The bill would establish an alternative procedure for creating the administrative record. Because the lead agency would be required to use these alternative procedures for creating the administrative record, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/17/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/17/2012 - From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on RLS.	4/17/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1349</a> <a href="#">Yee D</a>	<b>The Social Media Privacy Act: postsecondary education and employment.</b> Existing law establishes and sets forth the missions and functions of the public and independent institutions of postsecondary education in the state. This bill would prohibit a postsecondary educational institution and an employer, whether	Amended: 3/27/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - Do pass as amended, and re-refer to the Committee on Appropriations.	4/25/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Oppose</b>

	public or private, from requiring, or formally requesting in writing, a student or an employee, or a prospective student or employee, to disclose the user name or account password for a personal social media account, or to otherwise provide the institution or employer with access to any content of that account. This bill contains other existing laws.				
<a href="#">SB 1354</a> <a href="#">Dutton R</a>	<b>California Environmental Quality Act: project.</b> Existing law, the California Environmental Quality Act, requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared by contract, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project, as defined, that may have a significant effect on the environment, or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change in the provisions defining a project.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	3/8/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.	3/8/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1362</a> <a href="#">La Malfa R</a>	<b>Meal periods.</b> Existing law requires an employer to provide a meal period or periods to an employee who works a specified number of hours in a shift. The meal periods may be waived by mutual consent under specified circumstances. Existing law provides exemptions from these requirements for specified occupations and employees covered by collective bargaining agreements. This bill, in addition, would provide an exemption from the meal period requirements for commercial drivers and other persons who are employed in the transportation industry and are either (a) governed by specified federal and state regulations with regard to their hours of service, or (b) employed by a "motor carrier," as defined by federal law, if compliance would commit the employer to a particular price, route, or service. The bill would provide that these exemptions apply to wage claims that are pending as of the bill's date of enactment.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/9/2012 - Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	3/8/2012 S . L. & I.R.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">SB 1374</a> <a href="#">Harman R</a>	<b>Liability: good faith reliance on administrative regulation.</b> Existing law provides that every person is responsible, not only for the result of his or her willful acts, but also for an injury occasioned to another by his or her want of ordinary care or skill in the management of his or her property or person, except so far as the latter has, willfully or by want of ordinary care, brought the injury upon himself or herself. This bill would provide that any person who relies upon a written order, ruling, approval, interpretation, or enforcement policy of a state agency shall not be liable or subject to punishment for a	Amended: 4/23/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - Set for hearing May 8.	4/23/2012 S . JUD.	<b>Support</b>

	violation of a civil statute or regulation in a judicial or administrative proceeding if the person pleads and proves to the trier of fact that, at the time the alleged act or omission occurred, the person had sought an applicable written order, ruling, approval, interpretation, or enforcement policy from the state agency charged with interpreting that area of law, and relied upon and conformed to that order, ruling, approval, interpretation, or enforcement policy . The bill would provide that these provisions apply to all actions and proceedings that have not resulted in a final judgment on or after January 1, 2013, regardless of whether the action or proceeding was commenced, or based upon, an alleged act or omission that occurred before, on, or after January 1, 2013. Additionally, the bill would state that it would not require a state agency to issue an order, ruling, approval, interpretation, or enforcement policy. This bill contains other existing laws.				
<a href="#">SB 1380</a> <a href="#">Rubio D</a>	<b>Environmental quality: California Environmental Quality Act: bicycle transportation plan.</b> The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA requires the lead agencies to make specified findings in an EIR. This bill would enact the California Public Health and Environmental Standards Act and would require documentation prepared pursuant to CEQA for the bicycle transportation plan to disclose applicable environmental laws, as specified. The bill would prohibit a cause of action from being brought in a judicial proceeding alleging noncompliance with CEQA related to those applicable environmental laws. This bill contains other existing laws.	Amended: 4/10/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/11/2012 - Set for hearing April 30.	3/27/2012 S . E.Q.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1391</a> <a href="#">Liu D</a>	<b>CalFresh benefits: overissuance.</b> Existing federal law provides for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), known	Amended: 4/23/2012	4/23/2012 - From committee with	4/23/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>

	<p>in California as CalFresh, under which supplemental nutrition assistance benefits allocated to the state by the federal government are distributed to eligible individuals by each county. Existing federal law provides for the collection of fraudulent and nonfraudulent overissuances of SNAP benefits, and authorizes the United States Secretary of Agriculture to delegate this power to the appropriate state agencies. Under existing law, a county administering CalFresh, and operating an early fraud detection and prevention program in accordance with existing law, is required to make a referral for fraud investigation when reasonable grounds for fraud exist, including when an overpayment or overissuance of benefits, or both, may result from an applicant's failure to report information pertinent to eligibility or benefits. This bill would establish procedures, consistent with federal law, for recovering CalFresh overissuances, including requiring benefits to be reduced when an overissuance is caused by intentional program violation, inadvertent household error, or fraud, or when caused by administrative error, under certain circumstances . This bill would authorize the State Department of Social Services to establish a minimum cost-effective threshold for collecting CalFresh overissuances, as specified. The bill would prohibit collection of an overissuance from being attempted, in connection with a household that is no longer receiving CalFresh benefits, when the overissuance is caused by administrative error and is less than \$125, or a greater threshold established by the state pursuant to a specified provision, whichever is greater. This bill would require collection of an overissuance to be attempted, in connection with a household that is no longer receiving CalFresh benefits, when the overissuance is caused by inadvertent household error and is \$35 dollars or more. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p><a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.</p>		
<p><a href="#">SB 1393</a> <a href="#">Negrete</a> <a href="#">McLeod</a> D</p>	<p><b>Alcoholic beverage control: licensees: returns.</b> Existing law allows a seller of beer to accept the return of recalled beer, and either exchange the beer or credit the retailer, as provided. This bill would revise this provision to allow the return of beer that is recalled or that is considered to present a health and safety issue by the manufacturer, importer, or governmental entity if distributed, offered for sale, or sold in the state, and would allow for the exchange of beer or a credit memorandum.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/24/2012 - Referred to Com. on G.O.</p>	<p>4/24/2012 A . G.O.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

<p><a href="#">SB 1410</a> <a href="#">Hernandez</a> D</p>	<p><b>Independent medical review.</b> Existing law provides for licensing and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care. Existing law provides for licensing and regulation of health insurers by the Insurance Commissioner. Existing law requires the department and the commissioner to establish an independent medical review system under which a patient may seek an independent medical review whenever health care services have been denied, modified, or delayed by a health care service plan or health insurer and the patient has previously filed a grievance that remains unresolved after 30 days. Existing law requires medical professionals selected by an independent medical review organization to review medical treatment decisions to meet certain minimum requirements, including that the medical professional be a clinician knowledgeable in the treatment of the patient's medical condition, knowledgeable about the proposed treatment, and familiar with guidelines and protocols in the area of treatment under review. This bill would make certain changes to requirements applicable to an independent medical review organization, effective on the later of January 1, 2013, or the termination date of a specified contract between the department or commissioner and an independent medical review organization to provide independent medical review services. The bill would require the medical professional to be a clinician expert in the treatment of the enrollee's medical condition and knowledgeable about the proposed treatment through recent or current actual clinical experience treating patients with the same or similar condition. This bill would require the application form provided to an enrollee or insured seeking independent review to include a section designed to collect information on the enrollee's or insured's ethnicity, race, and primary language spoken, which would be provided at the option of the enrollee or insured and used only for statistical purposes. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 4/26/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/26/2012 - From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.</p>	<p>4/26/2012 S . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 1412</a> <a href="#">Blakeslee</a> R</p>	<p><b>Sales and use taxes.</b> Existing sales and use tax laws impose a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. Existing law provides that the tax on a sale completed at an</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>3/22/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.</p>	<p>3/22/2012 S . RLS.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>

	auction will be computed according to the amount of the successful bid. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.				
<a href="#">SB 1419</a> <a href="#">Correa D</a>	<b>State Board of Equalization: discharge from accountability.</b> Existing law authorizes the State Board of Control to discharge any state agency or employee from accountability for the collection of taxes, licenses, fees, or money owing to the state if the debt is uncollectible or the amount of the debt does not justify the cost of its collection. Existing law authorizes the Franchise Tax Board to extinguish an outstanding liability for the payment of any tax, fee, or other liability deemed uncollectible that is due and owing to the state, if certain conditions are met. This bill would authorize the State Board of Equalization to extinguish an outstanding liability for the payment of any tax, fee, or other liability deemed uncollectible that is due and owing to the state, if certain conditions are met.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - Do pass as amended, and re-refer to the Committee on Appropriations.	4/25/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">SB 1420</a> <a href="#">Correa D</a>	<b>State Board of Equalization: sales and use taxes: administration: interest.</b> The Sales and Use Tax Law requires the payment of interest at a specified rate on a failure to timely pay taxes, specified prepayments, and amounts collected as tax under that law, from the date on which those amounts became due and payable to the state until the date of payment. That law authorizes the State Board of Equalization, in its discretion, to relieve all or any part of interest imposed under specified circumstances. This bill would allow the members of the board, meeting as a public body, to relieve all or any part of the interest imposed, not to exceed a specified amount in a 12-month period, if the board finds, in its discretion, that a person's failure to make a timely payment was due to extraordinary circumstances, as defined, and that it is inequitable to compute interest in accordance with existing law, and if the person, among other things, pays the amount due on which the interest is imposed and files with the board a statement under penalty of perjury setting forth specified information. By requiring persons to make these statements under penalty of perjury, this bill would expand the circumstances under which a person may be convicted of the crime of perjury and thereby impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - Do pass as amended, and re-refer to the Committee on Rules.	4/25/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">SB 1434</a>	<b>Location information: warrants.</b> Existing law authorizes a court or	Amended:	4/24/2012 - Do	4/24/2012	<b>Watch</b>

<a href="#">Leno D</a>	<p>magistrate to issue a warrant for the search of a place and the seizure of property or things identified in the warrant where there is probable cause to believe that specified grounds exist. Existing law also provides for a warrant procedure for the acquisition of stored communications in the possession of a provider of electronic communication service or a remote computing service. This bill would prohibit a government entity, as defined, from obtaining the location information of an electronic device without a warrant issued by a duly authorized magistrate unless certain exceptions apply, including in an emergency or when requested by the owner of the device. The bill would prohibit the use of information obtained in violation of these provisions from being used in a civil or administrative hearing. The bill would require a provider to prepare and publish a report containing specified information relating to requests for location information on the Internet, in a searchable format, on or before March 1 of each year.</p>	<p>4/9/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>pass as amended.</p>	<p>S . PUB. S.</p>	
<a href="#">SB 1465 Yee D</a>	<p><b>Export Financing Advisory Board.</b> The California Small Business Financial Development Corporation Law authorizes the formation of small business financial development corporations to grant loans or loan guarantees for the purpose of stimulating small business development. That law imposes certain duties with respect to that program on a director designated by the Secretary of Business, Transportation and Housing. The California Small Business Expansion Fund, which is created under that law and is continuously appropriated, provides funds to be used to pay for defaulted loan guarantees and administrative costs of these corporations. This bill would require the Secretary of Business, Transportation and Housing or his or her designee, to the extent that the secretary determines to be practical, enter into loans or loan guarantee agreements with financial institutions that provide export financing in the state for the purpose of increasing exports to out-of-state markets and increasing jobs in California. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 4/18/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/19/2012 - Withdrawn from committee. Re- referred to Com. on APPR.</p>	<p>4/19/2012 S . APPR.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<a href="#">SB 1478 Harman R</a>	<p><b>Appeals: undertaking.</b> Existing law specifies the circumstances in which an undertaking is required in order for the enforcement of a judgment or order to be stayed on appeal, including if the judgment or order is for money or the payment of money, or for costs awarded</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>4/26/2012 - Set for hearing May 8.</p>	<p>3/22/2012 S . JUD.</p>	<p><b>Support</b></p>

	pursuant to specified provisions. This bill would provide that the undertaking in these cases shall not exceed \$25,000,000, and, if the party posting the undertaking is an individual or small business, as defined, the undertaking shall not exceed \$1,000,000.				
<a href="#">SB 1486</a> <a href="#">Lieu D</a>	<b>Food facilities: menu labeling.</b> The Sherman Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law contains various provisions regarding the contents, packaging, labeling, and advertising of food, drugs, and cosmetics. The California Retail Food Code provides for the regulation of health and sanitation standards for retail food facilities, as defined, by the State Department of Public Health. Under existing law, local health agencies are primarily responsible for enforcing the California Retail Food Code. A violation of any of these provisions is punishable as a misdemeanor. The code requires fish that are received for sale or service to be commercially and legally caught or harvested. The code also imposes various labeling and storage requirements for shellstock. This bill would require a retail food facility, as defined, that offers or sells as a menu item seafood, as defined, to identify specified information regarding the seafood and, if the retail food facility has a drive-through area and uses a menu board to display or list menu items, to disclose on this menu board a statement that this specified information is available upon request . This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/16/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on RLS. (Ayes 5. Noes 3.) (April 25). Re-referred to Com. on RLS.	4/26/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Oppose</b>
<a href="#">SB 1507</a> <a href="#">Fuller R</a>	<b>California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: tractor-trailers: exemption.</b> The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources of emissions of greenhouse gases. The state board is required to adopt a statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions level in 1990 to be achieved by 2020, and to adopt rules and regulations in an open public process to achieve the maximum, technologically feasible, and cost-effective greenhouse gas emissions reductions. The act authorizes the state board to include the use of market-based compliance mechanisms. This bill would require any rule or regulation that applies to owners and drivers of heavy-duty tractors that pull 53-foot or longer box-type trailers and owners or drivers of 53-foot or longer box-type semitrailers that are pulled by heavy-duty tractors adopted by the	Amended: 4/25/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/25/2012 - From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on RLS.	4/25/2012 S . RLS.	<b>Watch</b>

	state board pursuant to the act to include an exemption for local-haul tractors, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions.				
<a href="#">SB 1520</a> <a href="#">Calderon D</a>	<b>State government: administrative efficiency.</b> The Administrative Procedure Act governs the procedure for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of regulations by state agencies and for the review of those regulatory actions by the Office of Administrative Law. The act requires each agency that proposes to adopt, amend, or repeal any major regulation, as defined, on or after November 1, 2013, to prepare a standardized economic impact analysis. The act requires an agency that seeks to adopt, amend, or repeal a major regulation to release a notice of proposed action that includes, among other things, the standardized economic impact analysis. The act requires an agency to file with the office, when it files the notice of proposed action, an initial statement of reasons that includes, among other things, the standardized economic impact analysis for each major regulation proposed on or after January 1, 2013. This bill would instead require that the statement of reasons include a standardized impact analysis for each major regulation proposed on or after November 1, 2013. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on E.Q. (Ayes 12. Noes 1. Page 3264.) (April 24). Re-referred to Com. on E.Q.	4/24/2012 S . E.Q.	<b>Support</b>
<a href="#">SB 1531</a> <a href="#">Wolk D</a>	<b>Alcoholic beverages: licensees.</b> The Alcoholic Beverage Control Act specifies the rules and procedures for the issuance and transfer of alcoholic beverage licenses by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control. The act requires the department to deny an application for a license if issuance or transfer of the license would result in or add to an undue concentration where, among other things, the ratio of on-sale or off-sale retail licenses to population in a specified area exceeds the ratio of on-sale or off-sale retail licenses to population within that area's county. Existing law specifies how the number retail licenses within a county is determined for purposes of this prohibition. This bill would revise the manner in which the number of retail licenses in a county is established.	Amended: 4/16/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/20/2012 - Set for hearing May 8.	4/19/2012 S . G.O.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1533</a> <a href="#">Padilla D</a>	<b>Electricity: energy crisis litigation.</b> Existing law, until January 1, 2013, requires the Attorney General to represent the Department of Finance and to succeed to all rights, claims, powers, and entitlements of the Electricity Oversight Board in any litigation or settlement to obtain ratepayer recovery for the effects of the 2000-02 energy	Amended: 3/27/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/24/2012 - Do pass as amended, and re-refer to the Committee on Appropriations.	4/24/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>

	crisis. Existing law additionally prohibits the Attorney General from expending the proceeds of any settlements of those claims, except as specified. This bill would delete the repeal of the above-described requirements.				
<a href="#">SB 1547 Simitian</a> D	<b>Recycling: beverage containers: enforcement.</b> The California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act requires a distributor of specified beverage containers to pay a redemption payment to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, for each beverage container, as defined, sold or transferred. Existing law prohibits any person from paying, claiming, or receiving any refund value, processing payment, handling fee, or administrative fee for imported beverage container material, previously redeemed containers, rejected containers, line breakage, or other ineligible material. Existing law also prohibits any person from redeeming or attempting to redeem those containers or materials, returning previously redeemed containers to the marketplace for redemption, or bringing those containers or materials to the marketplace for redemption, as specified. This bill would also require the department, when conducting those surveys, to exclude other ineligible material. This bill contains other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/20/2012 - Set for hearing April 30.	4/17/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SB 1548 Wyland</a> R	<b>State Board of Equalization: offer in compromise.</b> After January 1, 2007, and before January 1, 2013, the Sales and Use Tax Law, Use Fuel Tax Law, Cigarette and Tobacco Products Tax Law, Alcoholic Beverage Tax Law, Emergency Telephone Users Surcharge Act, Oil Spill Response, Prevention, and Administration Fees Law, Underground Storage Tank Maintenance Fee Law, Fee Collection Procedures Law, and Diesel Fuel Tax Law allow the State Board of Equalization to accept an offer in compromise on a final tax liability, as defined, imposed under or in accordance with those laws regardless of whether the liabilities are generated from a business has been discontinued or transferred or whether the taxpayer or feepayer has a controlling interest or association with a similar business as the transferred or discontinued business, as prescribed. Under these laws, a taxpayer or feepayer would be guilty of a felony if the taxpayer or feepayer conceals specified property or receives, withholds, destroys, mutilates, or falsifies specified items or makes a false statement related to the offer in compromise, as specified. This	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (April 25). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.	4/26/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Support</b>

	bill would eliminate the repeal date of January 1, 2013, thereby extending those provisions indefinitely. The bill, by eliminating the repeal date, would expand an existing crime and, thus, impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">SB 1549</a> <a href="#">Vargas D</a>	<b>Transportation projects: construction Manager/General Contractor project method.</b> Existing law sets forth the requirements for the solicitation and evaluation of bids and the awarding of contracts by state agencies for projects, as specified, and for local agencies for public works contracts, as specified. This bill would, upon authorization by the California Transportation Commission, allow a consolidated San Diego regional transportation entity, as specified, or the Department of Transportation to engage in a Construction Manager/General Contractor project delivery method, as specified, for up to 20 total projects for either local street or road, bridge, tunnel, or public transit projects within the jurisdiction of the local transportation entity or state highway, bridge, or tunnel projects by the Department of Transportation. The bill would require a transportation entity, as defined, to pay fees related to prevailing wage monitoring and enforcement into the State Public Works Enforcement Fund, a continuously appropriated fund, except as specified, and, thus, would make an appropriation. The bill would also require a progress report to be submitted by the transportation agency to the commission every year following the award of a contract under these provisions, and would require the commission to submit an annual report to the Legislature that includes the information in the report submitted by the transportation agency, as specified. This bill would require specified information to be verified under oath, thus imposing a state-mandated local program by expanding the scope of an existing crime. The bill would provide that its provisions are severable. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/26/2012 - From committee: Do pass as amended and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 9. Noes 0. Page 3211.) (April 17).	4/26/2012 S . SECOND READING	
<a href="#">SB 1572</a> <a href="#">Pavley D</a>	<b>California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: Greenhouse Gas Reduction Account.</b> The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources of emissions of greenhouse gases. The state board is required to adopt a	Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	4/23/2012 - Do pass as amended, and re-refer to the Committee on Appropriations	4/23/2012 S . APPR.	<b>Oppose</b>

	<p>statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions level in 1990 to be achieved by 2020, and to adopt rules and regulations in an open public process to achieve the maximum, technologically feasible, and cost-effective greenhouse gas emission reductions. The act authorizes the state board to include use of market-based compliance mechanisms. The act authorizes the state board to adopt a schedule of fees to be paid by the sources of greenhouse gas emissions regulated pursuant to the act, and requires the revenues collected pursuant to that fee schedule be deposited into the Air Pollution Control Fund and be available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the purposes of carrying out the act. This bill would create the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Account within the Air Pollution Control Fund. The bill would require moneys, as specified, collected pursuant to a market-based compliance mechanism be deposited in this account. The bill also would require those moneys, upon appropriation by the Legislature, be used for purposes of carrying out the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006. The bill would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would establish criteria for the development and implementation of an expenditure plan, as specified, for moneys appropriated from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Account.</p>				
<p><a href="#">SB 1573 Cannella R</a></p>	<p><b>Employment: meal periods.</b> Existing law requires an employer to provide an employee with one meal period during a work period of more than 5 hours and 2 meal periods during a work period of 10 hours, as prescribed. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/24/2012 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>3/22/2012 - Referred to Com. on RLS.</p>	<p>3/22/2012 S . RLS.</p>	<p><b>Watch</b></p>
<p><a href="#">SBX1 23 Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</a></p>	<p><b>Local taxation: counties: school districts: community college districts: county offices of education: general authorization.</b> The California Constitution prohibits the Legislature from imposing taxes for local purposes, but allows the Legislature to authorize local governments to impose them. This bill would authorize the governing board of any county or city and county, any school district, any community college district, and any county office of education, subject to specified constitutional and voter approval requirements, to levy, increase, or extend a local personal income tax, transactions and use tax, vehicle license fee, and excise tax, including, but not limited to, an alcoholic beverages tax, a cigarette and tobacco</p>	<p>Amended: 6/2/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>9/12/2011 - From Assembly without further action. (Final adjournment of the 2011-12 First Extraordinary Session 9/12/2011)</p>	<p>8/18/2011 A . DEAD</p>	<p><b>Oppose</b></p>

	products tax, a sweetened beverage tax, and an oil severance tax, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<a href="#">SCA 14 Cannella R</a>	<p><b>Expenditure limitations.</b> The California Constitution prohibits the annual appropriations subject to limitation, as defined, of any entity of state or local government from exceeding its adjusted annual appropriations limit and provides for the disposition of excess revenues received by the state, as specified. The California Constitution also establishes the Budget Stabilization Account, commonly known as the rainy day fund, in the General Fund, and requires the Controller, no later than September 30 of each year, to transfer from the General Fund to the account a sum equal to 3% of the estimated amount of General Fund revenues for the current fiscal year. This transfer of moneys is not required, unless otherwise directed by the Legislature by statute, in any fiscal year to the extent that the resulting balance in the account would exceed 5% of the General Fund revenue estimate set forth in the Budget Bill for that fiscal year, as enacted, or \$8 billion, whichever is greater. This transfer of moneys may also be suspended or reduced for a fiscal year, as specified, by an executive order issued by the Governor. This measure would repeal the existing provisions imposing annual appropriations limits. Commencing in the 2013-14 fiscal year, the measure would instead impose an annual state expenditure limit based on total expenditures in the prior fiscal year, excluding specified amounts allocated to school districts and community college districts to meet a constitutional minimum funding obligation, from General Fund revenues and special fund revenues, adjusted for the percentage change in state population and the percentage change in the cost of living, as specified. The measure would authorize the expenditure limit to be exceeded for an emergency, as defined, declared by the Governor, not including revenue shortfalls, excessive spending, or other similar conditions limiting the ability to fund government operations. The measure would require the Director of Finance to report quarterly on the state's compliance with the expenditure limits for the current fiscal year. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	Introduced: 6/28/2011 <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a>	2/2/2012 - Referred to Coms. on B. & F.R. and E. & C.A.	2/2/2012 S . B. & F. I.	<b>Watch</b>
<a href="#">SCA 15</a>	<p><b>Taxation: voter approval.</b> The California Constitution requires that</p>	Introduced:	2/2/2012 -	2/2/2012	<b>Oppose</b>

<a href="#">Hancock D</a>	<p>a change in state statute, passed by the Legislature, that results in a taxpayer paying a higher tax be imposed in an act that is passed with the approval of not less than 2/3 of the membership of each house of the Legislature. This measure would alternatively allow a change in state statute, passed by the Legislature, that results in a taxpayer paying a higher tax to be imposed in an act passed by a majority of the membership of each house of the Legislature, where that change becomes effective only when submitted to the voters and approved by a majority of the voters voting on that measure at a statewide election. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>7/14/2011  <a href="#">pdf</a> <a href="#">html</a></p>	<p>Referred to Coms. on GOV. &amp; F. and E. &amp; C.A.</p>	<p>S . G. &amp; F.</p>	
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**Total Measures: 324**

**Total Tracking Forms: 324**