



Measure/ Author	Summary	Current Text Version	Status	Location	Position
<u>AB 11</u> <u>Portantino</u> D	Taxes: credits: small businesses. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law authorize various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws, including a credit in an amount equal to \$3,000, prorated as provided, for each full-time employee hired during the taxable year by a qualified employer, as defined. Existing law caps the total amount of credit which may be allocated under those provisions to \$400,000,000. This bill would reduce the total amount of credit which may be allocated under those laws to \$200,000,000. This bill contains other related provisions.	Introduced: 12/6/2010 pdf html	2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.	2/1/2012 A . DEAD	Watch
<u>AB 37</u> <u>Huffman</u> D	Smart grid deployment: smart meters. The federal Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 states that it is the policy of the United States to maintain a reliable and secure electricity structure that achieves certain objectives that characterize a smart grid. Existing federal law requires each state regulatory authority, with respect to each electric utility for which it has ratemaking authority, and each nonregulated electric utility, to consider certain standards and to determine whether or not it is appropriate to implement those standards to carry out the purposes of the federal Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act. The existing standards include time-based metering and communications, consideration of smart grid investments, and providing purchases with smart grid information, as specified. This bill would require the CPUC, by January 1, 2012, to identify alternative options for customers of electrical corporations that decline the installation of	Introduced: 12/6/2010 pdf html	2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.	2/1/2012 A . DEAD	Watch

	<p>wireless advanced metering infrastructure devices, commonly referred to as smart meters, as part of an approved smart grid deployment plan. The bill would also require the CPUC, when it has identified those alternative options, to require each electrical corporation to permit a customer to decline the installation of an advanced metering infrastructure device and make the alternative options available to that customer. The bill would also require the CPUC to disclose certain information to customers about the technology of smart meters. The bill would require the CPUC to direct each electrical corporation to suspend the deployment of advanced metering infrastructure until the CPUC has complied with the above requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>				
<p><u>AB 49</u> <u>Gatto D</u></p>	<p>Development: expedited permit review. The Permit Streamlining Act requires each state agency and local agency to compile one or more lists that specify in detail the information that will be required from any applicant for a development project, and requires a public agency that is the lead agency for a development project, or a public agency which is a responsible agency for a development project that has been approved by the lead agency, to approve or disapprove the project within applicable periods of time. The act also requires any state agency which is the lead agency for a development project to inform the applicant that the Office of Permit Assistance has been created to assist, and provide information to, developers relating to the permit approval process. This bill would require the office to provide information to developers explaining the permit approval process at the state and local levels, or assisting them in meeting statutory environmental quality requirements, as specified, and would prohibit the office or the state from incurring any liability as a result of the provision of this assistance. The bill would require the office to assist state and local agencies in streamlining the permit</p>	<p>Amended: 3/24/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>2/1/2012 A . DEAD</p>	<p>Watch</p>

	<p>approval process, and an applicant in identifying any permit required by a state agency for the proposed project. The bill would authorize the office to call a conference of parties at the state level to resolve questions or mediate disputes arising from a permit application for a development project. The bill would require that the office be located exclusively in Sacramento, and to consist of no more than 4 personnel through 2013. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>				
<p><u>AB 66</u> <u>Chesbro</u> D</p>	<p>Taxation: vehicle license fees. The Vehicle License Fee Law, in lieu of any ad valorem property tax upon vehicles, imposes an annual license fee for any vehicle subject to registration in this state in the amount of 1% of the market value of that vehicle, as provided, for a specified amount of time. Existing law also, until June 30, 2011, imposes an additional tax equal to 0.15% of the market value of specified vehicles, as determined by the Department of Motor Vehicles, to the vehicle license fee, to be deposited in the General Fund and transferred to the Local Safety and Protection Account, a continuously appropriated fund. This bill would repeal the provision relating to the sunset date and repeal of the additional 0.15% tax, thereby depositing additional moneys into a continuously appropriated fund. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>Introduced: 12/13/2010 pdf html</p>	<p>2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>2/1/2012 A . DEAD</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 70</u> <u>Monning</u> D</p>	<p>State Department of Public Health: funding opportunities. Existing law requires the State Department of Public Health to perform various duties relating to public health, including, but not limited to, administering programs related to the prevention of chronic diseases. This bill would provide that, in regard to a request for applications, a funding opportunity announcement, or other similar solicitation, if specified requirements are met, the State Department of Public Health may enter into an agreement with another eligible applicant making that applicant the lead agency, as specified. This bill would require a lead agency designee, among</p>	<p>Amended: 1/23/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>1/26/2012 - In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.</p>	<p>1/26/2012 S . RLS.</p>	<p>Watch</p>

	other things, to agree in advance to terms and conditions of the designation, set by the department, as specified.				
<u>AB 71</u> <u>Huber</u> D	Political Reform Act of 1974: Lobbyists. Existing law, the Political Reform Act of 1974, requires the Secretary of State to establish and maintain on the Internet an updated Directory of Lobbyists, Lobbying Firms, and Lobbyist Employers. The act further requires lobbyist employers and persons making certain payments to influence legislative or administrative actions to file periodic reports disclosing, among other information, their lobbying interests. This bill would require that the online directory maintained by the Secretary of State also contain information regarding lobbying interests. The bill would require that the periodic reports filed by lobbyist employers and other persons contain, in addition to their lobbying interests, the bill numbers of any legislation lobbied during the reporting period. The bill would also require the Secretary of State to display on his or her Internet Web site, within 90 days of the end of each calendar quarter, a list of the lobbying interests containing a specific reference to a bill number, accompanied by a list of all lobbyist employers who reported each of those lobbying interests, reported for the prior calendar quarter. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 6/23/2011 pdf html	8/15/2011 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.	7/5/2011 S . APPR.	Watch
<u>AB 103</u> Committee on Budget	State funds: State Agency Investment Fund. Existing law provides for the investment of certain state moneys by the Treasurer through the Pooled Money Investment Account, according to specified criteria. This bill would create the State Agency Investment Fund in the State Treasury, for the receipt of deposits by state agencies of up to \$500,000,000 each, from moneys not required by law to be deposited in the Pooled Money Investment Account, for a total of \$10,000,000,000 in the fund at any one time. It would authorize the Director of Finance, in consultation with the Treasurer, to set certain terms and conditions for the deposits, and require the	Amended: 7/11/2011 pdf html	8/31/2011 - Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Leno.	8/31/2011 S . INACTIVE FILE	Watch

	Treasurer to invest the moneys held in the fund through the Pooled Money Investment Account, according to specified criteria. It would continuously appropriate moneys in the fund to the Controller for the payment of interest expenditures and the return of deposits to depositors. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<u>AB 197</u> <u>Monning D</u>	Recovery of wages: liquidated damages. Under existing law, in a court action to recover wages unpaid in violation of the minimum wage set by the Industrial Welfare Commission within the Department of Industrial Relations, the court may award liquidated damages to an employee equal to the amount of wages unlawfully unpaid, plus interest. This bill would increase the amount of liquidated damages that may be awarded to an employee to twice the amount of the wages unlawfully unpaid, plus interest. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 6/2/2011 pdf html	9/6/2011 - Ordered to inactive file at the request of Assembly Member Charles Calderon.	9/6/2011 A . INACTIVE FILE	Neutral
<u>AB 226</u> <u>Solorio D</u>	Unemployment insurance: reporting requirements: status of funds. Existing unemployment insurance law requires the Employment Development Department to submit to the Legislature in May and October of each year a report on the status of the Unemployment Fund and the Unemployment Compensation Disability Fund, containing actual and forecasted information on each fund, as specified. This bill would additionally require the department, whenever the Unemployment Fund indicates a negative balance, to include in the status report on the Unemployment Fund the estimated impact on employers from the changes in a specified federal tax credit and the estimated amount the state is expected to pay in interest charges on any outstanding loan to the federal government .	Amended: 4/14/2011 pdf html	9/9/2011 - Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Kehoe.	9/9/2011 S . INACTIVE FILE	Watch
<u>AB 231</u> <u>V. Manuel</u> <u>Pérez D</u>	Economic development: economic development areas. The Enterprise Zone Act provides for the designation and oversight by the Department of Housing and Community Development of various types of economic development areas throughout the state, including enterprise zones, targeted tax areas, local agency	Amended: 6/7/2011 pdf html	2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the	2/1/2012 A . DEAD	Watch

	<p>military base recovery areas (LAMBRAs), and Manufacturing Enhancement Areas, collectively known as geographically targeted economic development areas, or G-TEDAs. Pursuant to these provisions, qualifying entities in those areas may receive certain tax and regulatory incentives. This bill would rename the act as the California Economic and Community Development Zone Act. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>		Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.		
<p><u>AB 232</u> <u>V. Manuel</u> <u>Pérez D</u></p>	<p>Community Development Block Grant Program: funds. Existing law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to allocate funds under the federal Community Development Block Grant Program to cities and counties. Existing law requires the department to determine, and announce in the applicable Notice of Funding Availability, the maximum amount of grant funds that may be used for economic development projects and programs, housing for persons and families of low or moderate income or for purposes directly related to the provision or improvement of housing opportunities for these persons and families, and for cities and counties that apply on behalf of certain Indian tribes. Existing law requires the department to develop and use certain eligibility criteria and requirements for certain economic development fund applications. This bill would make changes to the eligibility criteria and requirements developed and used by the department. The bill would also make conforming changes.</p>	<p>Amended: 1/4/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>1/26/2012 - In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.</p>	<p>1/26/2012 S . RLS.</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 234</u> <u>Wieckowski D</u></p>	<p>Income tax: credits: full-time employees: hires. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law authorize various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws, including a credit for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, in the amount of \$3,000 for each full-time employee hired by a qualified employer, with a maximum cumulative credit of \$400,000,000 for all taxable years. Those laws define "qualified employer" as a taxpayer that employed 20</p>	<p>Amended: 1/4/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>2/1/2012 A . DEAD</p>	<p>Watch</p>

	or fewer employees as of the last day of the preceding taxable year. This bill would, under both laws, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, redefine "qualified employer" to mean a disabled veteran business enterprise, a disadvantaged business enterprise, a microbusiness, or a small business, respectively, as defined, redefine "qualified full-time employee," as provided, and increase the amount of credit allowed for each qualified full-time employee to either \$4,500 or \$9,100, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions.				
<u>AB 236 Swanson D</u>	Income taxes: credits: qualified employees. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law authorize various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws, including a credit for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, in an amount equal to \$3,000 for each net increase of full-time employee hired during the taxable year by a qualified employer, as defined. Existing law caps the total amount of that credit that may be allocated under those provisions to \$400,000,000. This bill would reduce the total amount of credit that may be allocated under those laws to \$350,000,000. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 1/17/2012 pdf html	2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.	2/1/2012 A . DEAD	Watch
<u>AB 248 Perea D</u>	Income taxes: credit: qualified medical services exclusion: hiring credit. The Personal Income Tax Law authorizes various credits against the taxes imposed by that law , including a credit in an amount equal to \$3,000 for each net increase of full-time employee hired during the taxable year by a qualified employer, as defined. Existing law caps the total amount of that credit that may be allocated under those provisions to \$400,000,000 . This bill would reduce the total amount of credit that may be allocated under those laws to \$250,000,000. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 1/11/2012 pdf html	2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.	2/1/2012 A . DEAD	
<u>AB 252 Calderon, Charles D</u>	Alcoholic beverage control: licensees. Existing provisions of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act generally prohibit manufacturers, winegrowers, bottlers, importers, wholesalers, and others from	Introduced: 2/3/2011 pdf html	8/25/2011 - Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator	8/25/2011 S . INACTIVE FILE	Watch

	<p>performing certain activities, with specified exceptions. Existing law, until January 1, 2014, permits a manufacturer of distilled spirits, winegrower, rectifier, or distiller, or any authorized agent of that person to provide, free of charge, entertainment, food, and distilled spirits, wine, or nonalcoholic beverages to consumers over 21 years of age at an invitation-only event in connection with the sale or distribution of wine or distilled spirits, as specified. This bill would additionally permit a distilled spirits manufacturer's agent to provide entertainment, food, and distilled spirits, wine, and nonalcoholic beverages at an event described above, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>		Simitian.		
<p><u>AB 279</u> <u>Garrick R</u></p>	<p>Sales and use taxes: wireless communication devices: bundled transactions. The Sales and Use Tax Law imposes a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. Under existing sales and use tax regulations, gross receipts from a retail sale of a wireless telecommunication device sold in a bundled transaction with wireless telecommunication service are generally equal to the amount of the unbundled sales price of the wireless telecommunication device. This bill would, instead, limit the gross receipts from a retail sale of a wireless telecommunication device sold in a bundled transaction with wireless telecommunication service to the bundled sales price of the wireless telecommunication device. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 3/8/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>1/17/2012 - From committee without further action pursuant to Joint Rule 62 (a).</p>	<p>5/3/2011 A . REV. & TAX SUSPENSE FILE</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 303</u> <u>Knight R</u></p>	<p>Sales and use taxes: exemption: manufacturing: research and development. The Sales and Use Tax Law imposes a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in</p>	<p>Amended: 5/24/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From</p>	<p>2/1/2012 A . DEAD</p>	<p>Watch</p>

	<p>this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. That law provides various exemptions from those taxes. This bill would, until January 1, 2017, exempt from a specified portion of those taxes the gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state, of tangible personal property, purchased for use by a qualified person, primarily in manufacturing or other processes, as specified, in research and development, and for use by a contractor purchasing that property for use in a construction contract, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>		<p>committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>		
<p><u>AB 304</u> <u>Knight R</u></p>	<p>Income taxes: credits: hiring credit. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law authorize various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws, including a credit for an increase in qualified employees, for a qualified employer who employs 20 or fewer employees. This bill would, under both laws, for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2011, and before January 1, 2015, allow a credit to a qualified employer, which means an employer of 30 or more employees who are located in California, of either \$3,000 or \$5,000, as specified, for each qualified employee, as defined, employed by the qualified employer, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>Amended: 5/25/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>2/1/2012 A . DEAD</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 333</u> <u>Grove R</u></p>	<p>California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: cap-and-trade program. (1) The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources of emissions of greenhouse gases. The state board is required to adopt a statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions level in 1990 to be achieved by 2020, and to adopt rules and regulations in an open public process to achieve the maximum technologically feasible and</p>	<p>Amended: 5/11/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>2/1/2012 A . DEAD</p>	

cost-effective greenhouse gas emission reductions. The act authorizes the state board, in furtherance of achieving the statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit by January 1, 2011, to adopt a regulation that establishes a system of market-based declining annual aggregate emission limits for sources or categories of sources that emit greenhouse gas emissions, applicable from January 1, 2012, to December 31, 2020, inclusive, that the state board determines will achieve the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective reductions in greenhouse gas emissions, in the aggregate, from those sources or categories of sources. The act also authorizes the state board to include in its regulations the use of market-based compliance mechanisms to comply with the regulations, subject to prescribed requirements. This bill would require the state board to make findings and submit a status report to the Legislature no later than July 31, 2011, on the readiness of a proposed cap-and-trade program to begin January 1, 2012. The bill would authorize the board, if it makes a specified finding in the status report, to commence the cap-and-trade program after January 1, 2012, but no later than January 1, 2013. The bill would require the board to provide an annual cap-and-trade status report to the Legislature . This bill contains other related provisions.

AB 350
Solorio D

Displaced Janitor Opportunity Act.
Existing law, the Displaced Janitor Opportunity Act, requires contractors and subcontractors, that are awarded contracts or subcontracts by an awarding authority to provide janitorial or building maintenance services at a particular job site or sites, to retain, for a period of 60 days, certain employees who were employed at that site by the previous contractor or subcontractor. The act requires the successor contractors and subcontractors to offer continued employment to those employees retained for the 60-day period if their performance during that 60-day period is satisfactory. The act authorizes an employee who was

Amended:
9/2/2011
[pdf](#) [html](#)

9/10/2011 -
Read third time.
Refused
passage. (Ayes
17. Noes 18.
Page 2488.).

9/6/2011
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Oppose

	<p>not offered employment or who has been discharged in violation of these provisions by a successor contractor or successor subcontractor, or an agent of the employee, to bring an action against a successor contractor or successor subcontractor in any superior court of the state having jurisdiction over the successor contractor or successor subcontractor, as specified. This bill would rename the act the Displaced Property Service Employee Opportunity Act and make the provisions of the act applicable to property services, which would consist of licensed security, as defined, window cleaning, food cafeteria and dietary services, janitorial services, and building maintenance services. This bill would exclude from the definitions of "contractor" and "subcontractor" specified types of food service providers. The bill also would make conforming changes.</p>				
<p><u>AB 368</u> <u>Morrell</u> R</p>	<p>Minimum annual tax: exemptions. Existing law, generally, imposes a minimum franchise tax of \$800, except as provided, on every corporation incorporated in this state, qualified to transact intrastate business in this state, or doing business in this state, and on every limited partnership, limited liability partnership, and limited liability company registered, qualified to transact business, or doing business in this state, as specified. This bill would, for the first 6 taxable years of a corporation, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, and limited liability company that is a small business, as defined, and that first commences business operations on or after January 1, 2012, and before January 1, 2018, reduce that minimum tax, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/14/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>2/1/2012 A . DEAD</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 375</u> <u>Skinner</u> D</p>	<p>Workers' compensation: hospital employees: presumption. Existing law provides that an injury of an employee arising out of and in the course of employment is generally compensable through the workers' compensation system. Existing law provides that, in the case of certain public employees, the term "injury" includes heart trouble, hernia,</p>	<p>Amended: 8/31/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>9/9/2011 - Read third time. Refused passage. (Ayes 20. Noes 16. Page 2474.).</p>	<p>9/1/2011 S . THIRD READING</p>	<p>Oppose</p>

	<p>pneumonia, human immunodeficiency virus, lower back impairment, and other injuries and diseases. This bill would provide, with respect to hospital employees who provide direct patient care in an acute care hospital, as defined, that the term "injury" includes a bloodborne infectious disease, as defined, or methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) that develops or manifests itself during the period of the person's employment with the hospital. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>				
<p><u>AB 391</u> <u>Pan D</u></p>	<p>Secondhand dealers and pawnbrokers: electronic reporting. Existing law generally requires secondhand dealers and coin dealers, as defined, to report specified transactions to the local law enforcement agency where their businesses are located. Under existing law, secondhand dealers and coin dealers are required to report this information using an electronic reporting system 12 months after the Department of Justice develops that system. This bill would instead require that secondhand dealers and coin dealers report this information using the electronic reporting system on and after the date that the system is implemented. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 1/23/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>2/2/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.</p>	<p>2/2/2012 S . PUB. S.</p>	<p>Oppose</p>
<p><u>AB 448</u> <u>Ammiano D</u></p>	<p>Property taxation: change in ownership. The California Constitution generally limits ad valorem taxes on real property to 1% of the full cash value of that property. For purposes of this limitation, "full cash value" is defined as the assessor's valuation of real property as shown on the 1975-76 tax bill under "full cash value" or, thereafter, the appraised value of that real property when purchased, newly constructed, or a change in ownership has occurred. Existing property tax law specifies those circumstances in which the transfer of ownership interests in a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or other legal entity results in a change in ownership of the real property owned by that entity, and generally provides that a change in ownership as so described</p>	<p>Amended: 1/4/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>2/1/2012 A . DEAD</p>	<p>Oppose</p>

	<p>occurs when a legal entity or other person obtains a controlling or majority ownership interest in the legal entity. Existing law also specifies other circumstances in which certain transfers of ownership interests in legal entities result in a change in ownership of the real property owned by those legal entities. This bill would instead specify that when 100% of the ownership interests in a legal entity, as defined, are sold or transferred in a single transaction, as specified, the real property owned by that legal entity has changed ownership, whether or not any one legal entity or person that is a party to the transaction acquires more than 50% of the ownership interests. The bill would require the State Board of Equalization to notify assessors when a change in ownership as so described occurs. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>				
<p><u>AB 523</u> <u>Valadao R</u></p>	<p>Ethanol: Alternative and Renewable Fuel and Vehicle Technology Program. Existing law establishes the Alternative and Renewable Fuel and Vehicle Technology Program, administered by the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission (Energy Commission), to provide to specified entities, upon appropriation by the Legislature, grants, loans, loan guarantees, revolving loans, or other appropriate measures, for the development and deployment of innovative technologies that transform California's fuel and vehicle types to help attain the state's climate change goals. Existing law specifies certain alternative and renewable fuel projects to develop and improve alternative and renewable low-carbon fuels, including ethanol, are eligible for funding. Existing law, until July 1, 2013, establishes requirements for biorefiners to receive loans from the California Ethanol Producer Incentive Program. This bill would provide that on and after July 1, 2013, the eligibility for funding of projects for the production of ethanol is limited to projects for the production of ethanol that are not derived from corn.</p>	<p>Amended: 1/24/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>1/31/2012 - In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.</p>	<p>1/31/2012 S . RLS.</p>	

<p><u>AB 577</u> <u>Miller R</u></p>	<p>Personal income tax: corporation taxes: capital gains: exclusion. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law provide that gain or loss upon the disposition of a capital asset is determined by reference to the adjusted basis of that asset. This bill would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, provide that gross income does not include any gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset, as defined, that is purchased during the 2011 or 2012 calendar year, and is held for more than one year. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>Amended: 3/31/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>2/1/2012 A . DEAD</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 643</u> <u>Davis D</u></p>	<p>Income taxes: hiring credits: investment credits. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law authorize various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws, including a credit in the amount of \$3,000 for each full-time employee hired by a qualified employer applicable to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and ending upon a cutoff date calculated based upon an estimate by the Franchise Tax Board of claims cumulatively totaling \$400,000,000 for all taxable years, as specified. Existing law also creates the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, which has specified duties in regard to low-income housing credits. This bill would instead calculate the cutoff date for the above-described hiring credit based upon an estimate by the Franchise Tax Board of claims cumulatively totaling \$100,000,000 for all taxable years, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>Amended: 1/12/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>2/1/2012 A . DEAD</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 854</u> <u>Garrick R</u></p>	<p>Income tax: health savings accounts. The Personal Income Tax Law authorizes various deductions in computing income that is subject to tax under that law. This bill would, for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2012, allow a deduction in connection with health savings accounts in conformity with federal law. In general, the deduction would be an amount equal to the aggregate amount paid in cash during the taxable year by, or on behalf of, an eligible individual, as</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/17/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>2/1/2012 A . DEAD</p>	<p>Support</p>

	defined, to a health savings account of that individual, as provided. This bill would, for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2012, also provide related conformity to that federal law with respect to the allowance of rollovers from Archer Medical Savings Accounts, health flexible spending arrangements, or health reimbursement accounts to a health savings account, and penalties in connection therewith. This bill contains other related provisions.				
<u>AB 951 Perea</u> D	Sales and use taxes: exemption: back-to-school products. The Sales and Use Tax Law imposes a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. This bill would provide an exemption from the sales tax for the gross receipts from the sale of a qualified back-to-school product, as defined, to a qualified purchaser, as defined, during a specified period in August of each year, commencing in 2012 and ending in 2016. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 6/13/2011 pdf html	2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.	2/1/2012 A . DEAD	Oppose
<u>AB 1007 Cook</u> R	Sales and use taxes: exemption: back-to-school products. The Sales and Use Tax Law imposes a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. This bill would provide an exemption from the sales tax for the gross receipts from the sale of a qualified back-to-school product , as defined, to a qualified purchaser, as defined, during a specified period in August of each year, commencing in 2012 and ending in 2016 . This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 5/24/2011 pdf html	2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.	2/1/2012 A . DEAD	Watch
<u>AB 1009</u>	Income tax: credits: full-time	Amended:	2/1/2012 -	2/1/2012	Neutral

<u>Wieckowski</u> D	employees: hires. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law authorize various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws, including a credit for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, in the amount of \$3,000 for each full-time employee hired by a qualified employer, with a maximum cumulative credit of \$400,000,000 for all taxable years. Those laws define "qualified employer" as a taxpayer that employed 20 or fewer employees as of the last day of the preceding taxable year. This bill would, under both laws, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, redefine "qualified employer" to mean a disabled veteran business enterprise, a disadvantaged business enterprise, a microbusiness, or a small business, respectively, as defined and redefine "qualified full-time employee," as provided. This bill contains other related provisions.	4/28/2011 pdf html	Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.	A . DEAD	
<u>AB 1019</u> <u>John A.</u> <u>Pérez</u> D	Solid waste: carpet stewardship. Existing law establishes a carpet stewardship program, administered by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, that requires a carpet manufacturer or a carpet stewardship organization to adopt a plan for the purpose of increasing the amount of postconsumer carpet that is diverted from landfills and recycled into secondary products or managed in a manner that is consistent with the state's hierarchy for waste management practice. Under the plan, an assessment is to be imposed on the carpet sold in the state for the purposes of funding the implementation of the plan. This bill would reenact the state law that enacted the carpet stewardship program and would provide that law continues to be operative on and after November 3, 2011. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 9/2/2011 pdf html	9/8/2011 - Read third time. Urgency clause refused adoption. (Ayes 24. Noes 14. Page 2407.) Motion to reconsider made by Senator Simitian. Reconsideration granted. (Ayes 40. Noes 0. Page 2407.)	9/8/2011 S . THIRD READING	Watch
<u>AB 1050</u> <u>Ma</u> D	Telecommunications: prepaid mobile telephony services: taxes and fees. (1) The existing Emergency Telephone Users Surcharge Act generally imposes a surcharge on amounts paid by every	Amended: 9/8/2011 pdf html	2/2/2012 - Re-referred to Com. on GOV. & F.	2/2/2012 S . G. & F.	Watch

person in the state for intrastate telephone service to provide revenues sufficient to fund "911" emergency telephone system costs. Surcharge amounts are paid to the State Board of Equalization on a monthly basis by the telephone service supplier and are deposited into the State Treasury to the credit of the State Emergency Telephone Number Account in the General Fund, to be expended for limited purposes, including to pay the Department of General Services for its costs in administration of the "911" emergency telephone number system. This bill would enact the Prepaid Wireless Surcharge Collection Act. The bill would establish a prepaid communications charge, as defined, based upon a percentage of the sales price of each retail transaction that occurs in this state for prepaid mobile telephony services, as defined. The prepaid communications charge would include a state component, as defined, and if a local government has adopted utility user taxes or other specified charges that are otherwise applicable to prepaid mobile telephony services and the retail transaction occurs within that jurisdiction, a local component. The bill would state the intent of the Legislature to develop a method whereby a seller is required to collect the local component. The bill would require a seller, as defined, to collect the prepaid communications charge from a consumer and remit the amounts collected to the State Board of Equalization pursuant to the Fee Collection Procedures Law. The bill would require the board to remit that portion of the state component collected pursuant to the Emergency Telephone Users Surcharge Act to the California Technology Agency and remit the balance of the state component, minus certain administrative costs incurred by the board, to the Public Utilities Commission. The bill would require the State Board of Equalization to remit the local component, if applicable, to the local government. The bill would require the Public Utilities Commission to annually compute the commission's reimbursement fee and

	specified telecommunications universal service program fees, to post notice of those fees on its Internet Web site and to notify the State Board of Equalization of the amounts. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<u>AB 1062</u> <u>Dickinson D</u>	Arbitration: appeals. Existing law specifies those types of orders and judgments from which an appeal may be taken, including, an order dismissing or denying a petition to compel arbitration. This bill would limit that basis from which an appeal may be taken to an order dismissing or denying a petition to compel arbitration if the party who opposed the petition to arbitrate is 65 years of age or older or a dependent adult, as defined .	Amended: 9/1/2011 pdf html	9/9/2011 - Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Evans.	9/9/2011 S . INACTIVE FILE	Oppose
<u>AB 1126</u> <u>Calderon,</u> <u>Charles D</u>	Transaction and use tax: rate. The Transaction and Use Tax Law authorizes a district to impose a transactions tax for the privilege of selling tangible personal property at retail upon every retailer in the district at a rate of 1/4 of 1%, or a multiple thereof, of the gross receipts of the retailer from the sale of all tangible personal property sold by that person at retail in the district. That law also requires that a use tax portion of a transaction and use tax ordinance be adopted to impose a complementary tax upon the storage, use, or other consumption in the district of tangible personal property purchased from any retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in the district at a rate of 1/4 of 1%, or a multiple thereof, of the sales price of the property whose storage, use, or other consumption is subject to the tax, as prescribed. This bill would decrease those rates to 1/8 of 1%.	Amended: 1/4/2012 pdf html	2/2/2012 - Referred to Com. on GOV. & F.	2/2/2012 S . G. & F.	Watch
<u>AB 1145</u> <u>Cedillo D</u>	Workers' compensation: permanent disability benefits. Existing law establishes a workers' compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of his or her employment. Existing law, for injuries that cause permanent partial disability and occur on or after January 1, 2004, provides supplemental job displacement benefits in the form of a	Amended: 1/4/2012 pdf html	1/26/2012 - In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	1/26/2012 S . RLS.	

	<p>nontransferable voucher for education-related retraining or skill enhancement for an injured employee who does not return to work for the employer within 60 days of the termination of temporary disability, in accordance with a prescribed schedule based on the percentage of an injured employee's disability. Existing law provides an exception for employers who meet specified criteria. This bill would provide that the above provisions shall apply to injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2004, and before January 1, 2013. The bill would require that within 10 days of the last payment of temporary disability, the employer provide to the employee information that provides notice of rights pursuant to these provisions. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>				
<p><u>AB 1178</u> <u>Ma D</u></p>	<p>Solid waste: place of origin. The existing California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 allows each county, city, or district to determine aspects of solid waste handling that are of local concern and the means by which the services are to be provided. This bill would prohibit an ordinance enacted by a city or county, including an ordinance enacted by initiative by the voters of a city or county, from otherwise restricting or limiting the importation of solid waste into a privately owned solid waste facility in that city or county based on place of origin. The bill would provide that this prohibition does not require a privately owned or operated solid waste facility to accept certain waste, does not allow a privately owned solid waste facility to abrogate certain agreements, does not prohibit a city, county, or a regional agency from requiring a privately owned solid waste facility to guarantee permitted capacity to a host jurisdiction, and does not otherwise limit or affect the land use authority of a city or county .</p>	<p>Amended: 8/24/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>8/31/2011 - Action From E.Q.: Do pass.</p>	<p>9/1/2011 S . E.Q.</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 1181</u> <u>Butler D</u></p>	<p>Weights and measures. Existing law makes it a crime for a person, firm, corporation, or association to advertise, solicit, or represent by any means a product for sale or purchase if it is intended to entice a consumer into a</p>	<p>Amended: 6/21/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>9/8/2011 - Action rescinded whereby the bill was read third time, passed,</p>	<p>9/8/2011 S . INACTIVE FILE</p>	<p>Watch</p>

	<p>transaction different from that originally represented. When the sale of any commodity is based upon a quantity representation either furnished by the purchaser or obtained through the use of equipment supplied by the purchaser, the purchaser is prohibited from buying the commodity according to any quantity which is less than the true quantity. A violation of these provisions is a misdemeanor. This bill would revise the latter provision by prohibiting the purchaser from buying the commodity according to any quantity which is less than the true quantity or computing the purchase price of the commodity according to a unit price that is less than the highest applicable price per unit, that is advertised, posted, marked, displayed, or quoted for the commodity. Because the bill would change the definition of a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>		<p>and to Assembly. Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Correa.</p>		
<p><u>AB 1195</u> <u>Allen D</u></p>	<p>Personal income and corporation taxes: hiring credit. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law authorize various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws, including a credit for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, in the amount of \$3,000 for each full-time employee hired by a qualified employer, until a cut off date in which a maximum cumulative credit of \$400,000,000 has been reached for all taxable years. Those laws define "qualified employer" as a taxpayer that employed 20 or fewer employees as of the last day of the preceding taxable year. This bill, under both laws, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, would expand the definition of "qualified employer" to mean a taxpayer that employed 50 or fewer employees as of the last day of the preceding taxable year. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>Amended: 5/31/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>8/25/2011 - In committee: Held under submission.</p>	<p>8/16/2011 S . APPR. SUSPENSE FILE</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 1218</u> <u>Pan D</u></p>	<p>Income taxes: disallowance of deductions: advertising: tobacco. The Personal Income Tax Law and Corporation Tax Law allow deductions</p>	<p>Amended: 4/7/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the</p>	<p>2/1/2012 A . DEAD</p>	<p>Watch</p>

	for various expenditures in computing taxable or net income, including, with certain exceptions, all ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable and income year in carrying on any trade or business. This bill would provide under both laws that a deduction shall not be allowed for specified expenses paid or incurred to advertise, as defined, the sale, use, or consumption of cigarettes or other tobacco products. This bill contains other related provisions.		Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.		
<u>AB 1233</u> <u>V. Manuel</u> <u>Pérez D</u>	State government: economic development. Existing law establishes the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development, within the Governor's office, to be administered by a director appointed by the Governor. The office serves the Governor as the lead entity for economic strategy and the marketing of California on issues relating to business development, private sector investment, and economic growth. The office exercises powers related to economic development, including, among others, making recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature regarding policies, programs, and actions to advance statewide economic goals. This bill would require the director, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor and Workforce Development, to prepare a California Economic and Workforce Development Strategy, as specified, to be updated every 5 years. The bill would require the strategy to make recommendations regarding an economic and workforce development blueprint for the state covering a 5-year time period. The bill would require the director to consult with certain agencies in preparing the blueprint, and would require the strategy to address certain topics. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 1/11/2012 pdf html	2/1/2012 - Died pursuant to Art. IV, Sec. 10(c) of the Constitution. From committee: Filed with the Chief Clerk pursuant to Joint Rule 56.	2/1/2012 A . DEAD	
<u>AB 1277</u> <u>Hill D</u>	Sherman Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law. The Sherman Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Law regulates the packaging, labeling, and advertising of drugs and devices, and is administered by the State Department of Public Health. The law	Amended: 1/4/2012 pdf html	1/4/2012 - From committee chair, with author's amendments:	1/4/2012 S . HEALTH	Watch

	<p>prohibits the sale, delivery, or giving away of any new drug or new device unless either the department has approved a new drug or device application for that new drug or new device and that approval has not been withdrawn, terminated, or suspended or a new drug application has been approved for it and that approval has not been withdrawn, terminated, or suspended under specified provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, or it is a new device for which a premarket approval application has been approved, and that approval has not been withdrawn, terminated, or suspended under the federal act. This bill would revise the above-described prohibition to also apply to a new biologic product for which a license has been issued under federal law. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>		<p>Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.</p>		
<p><u>AB 1301</u> <u>Hill D</u></p>	<p>Retail tobacco sales: STAKE Act. Existing law, the California Cigarette and Tobacco Licensing Act of 2003, requires a retailer to obtain a license from the State Board of Equalization to engage in the sale of cigarette and tobacco products in California. Existing law, the Stop Tobacco Access to Kids Enforcement Act, or STAKE Act, establishes various requirements for retailers relating to tobacco sales to minors. Existing law also makes it a misdemeanor for a retailer to knowingly or under circumstances in which it has knowledge, or should otherwise have grounds for knowledge, sell, give, or in any way furnish a minor with tobacco products or paraphernalia. This bill would remove the schedule for board action in response to the occurrence of a violation, as defined, of the STAKE Act or the misdemeanor provision. The bill would declare that these changes would not result in the limitation or termination of ongoing board actions. The bill would require the board to suspend or revoke a retailer's license, as specified, for the 3rd, 4th, or 5th violation. The bill would require the assessment of an additional civil penalty, as specified, to be deposited in the existing</p>	<p>Amended: 1/18/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>2/2/2012 - Re-referred to Coms. on HEALTH and RLS.</p>	<p>2/2/2012 S . HEALTH</p>	<p>Removed Opposition</p>

	Cigarette and Tobacco Products Compliance Fund, which would be made available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to fund these suspension and revocation activities. This bill contains other existing laws.				
<u>AB 1359</u> <u>Skinner D</u>	Solid waste: beverage containers: fiberglass. Existing law, the California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act, requires the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to establish reporting periods of 6 months each for redemption rates and recycling rates for specified types of beverage containers. The act also requires the department to determine the redemption rates and recycling rates for those beverage containers for each reporting period and to issue a report on those determinations. The act defines various words for purposes of those provisions, including "redemption rate." This bill would delete the provisions that require the department to establish reporting periods for redemption rates and that require the department to determine redemption rates for specified types of beverage containers. The bill also would delete the definition of "redemption rate" and make other conforming changes. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 1/4/2012 pdf html	1/26/2012 - In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	1/26/2012 S . RLS.	
<u>AB 1419</u> Committee on Governmental Organization	Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control: report: due date. Under existing law, the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act is administered by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control. Existing law requires the department to make an annual report to the Legislature on the department's activities, on or before March 1 of each year. This bill would extend the due date of that report to March 31 of each year.	Introduced: 3/21/2011 pdf html	9/8/2011 - Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Calderon.	9/8/2011 S . INACTIVE FILE	Watch
<u>AB 1439</u> <u>Alejo D</u>	Occupational safety: scaffolding. Existing law places certain requirements on an employer when scaffolding is used in connection with work upon any building or structure. Existing law prohibits platforms or floors of the scaffolding from being less than 14 inches in width and requires them to be free from knots or fractures	Introduced: 1/4/2012 pdf html	1/5/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 4.	1/4/2012 A . PRINT	Watch

	impairing their strength. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to the above provisions.				
<u>AB 1442</u> <u>Wieckowski</u> D	Pharmaceutical waste. The existing Medical Waste Management Act, administered by the State Department of Public Health, regulates the management and handling of medical waste, as defined. Existing law requires that all medical waste be hauled by either a registered hazardous waste hauler or by a person with an approved limited-quantity exemption granted pursuant to specified provisions of law. Violation of these provisions of law is a crime. This bill would define pharmaceutical waste for purposes of the Medical Waste Management Act, and would authorize a medical waste generator or parent organization that employs health care professionals who generate pharmaceuticals to apply to the enforcement agency for a pharmaceutical waste hauling exemption if the generator, health care professional, or parent organization retains specified documentation and meets specified requirements. The bill would authorize pharmaceutical waste to be transported by the generator or health care professional who generated the pharmaceutical waste, a staff member of the generator or health care professional, or common carrier, as defined, pursuant to these provisions. By expanding the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 1/4/2012 pdf html	1/26/2012 - Referred to Com. on E.S. & T.M.	1/26/2012 A . E.S. & T.M.	
<u>AB 1450</u> <u>Allen</u> D	Employment: discrimination: status as unemployed. Existing law contains provisions that define unlawful discrimination and employment practices by employers and employment agencies. This bill would make it unlawful, unless based on a bona fide occupational qualification or any other provision of law, for an employer to knowingly or intentionally refuse to consider for employment or refuse to offer employment to an individual because of the individual's status as unemployed, publish an advertisement or announcement for any	Introduced: 1/5/2012 pdf html	1/26/2012 - Referred to Coms. on L. & E. and JUD.	1/26/2012 A . L. & E.	Oppose

	job that includes provisions pertaining to an individual's status as unemployed, as specified, or direct or request that an employment agency take an individual's status as unemployed into account in screening or referring applicants for employment. This bill contains other related provisions.				
AB 1454 Solorio D	Workers' compensation: audiologists. Existing workers' compensation law generally requires employers to secure the payment of workers' compensation, including medical treatment, for injuries incurred by their employees that arise out of, or in the course of, employment. Existing law requires the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation to appoint qualified medical evaluators in each of the respective specialties as required for the evaluation of medical-legal issues. This bill would also include doctors of audiology who meet specified requirements among those medical professionals who may be appointed by the administrative director as a qualified medical evaluator. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 1/9/2012 pdf html	1/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on INS.	1/19/2012 A . INS.	Watch
AB 1463 Blumenfield D	2012-13 Budget. This bill would make appropriations for support of state government for the 2012-13 fiscal year. This bill contains other related provisions.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1464 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1465 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1466 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1467 Committee on	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to	Introduced: 1/10/2012	1/11/2012 - From printer.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch

Budget	enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	pdf html	May be heard in committee February 10.		
AB 1468 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1469 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1470 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1471 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1472 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1473 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1474 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1475 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1476 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1477	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would	Introduced:	1/11/2012 -	1/10/2012	Watch

Committee on Budget	express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	1/10/2012 pdf html	From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	A . PRINT	
AB 1478 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1479 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1480 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1481 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1482 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1483 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1484 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1485 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1486 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch

AB 1487 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1488 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1489 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1490 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1491 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1492 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1493 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1494 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1495 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
AB 1496 Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch

			February 10.		
<u>AB 1497</u> Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
<u>AB 1498</u> Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
<u>AB 1499</u> Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
<u>AB 1500</u> Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
<u>AB 1501</u> Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
<u>AB 1502</u> Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
<u>AB 1503</u> Committee on Budget	Budget Act of 2012. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2012.	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/11/2012 - From printer. May be heard in committee February 10.	1/10/2012 A . PRINT	Watch
<u>AB 1504</u> Morrell R	Administrative regulations. The Administrative Procedure Act governs the procedures for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of regulations by state agencies and the review of those regulatory actions by the Office of Administrative Law. Existing law establishes procedures for notifying interested persons of the proposed adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation. Existing law requires a state agency that proposes to adopt, amend, or repeal an administrative regulation to assess the potential for	Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on B., P. & C.P.	1/19/2012 A . B.,P. & C.P.	Watch

	<p>adverse economic impact on California businesses and individuals, as prescribed. This bill would require each state agency that is considering adopting, amending, or repealing a regulation, in addition to those existing economic impact analysis requirements, to complete an economic assessment of the proposed action at least 90 days prior to submitting a notice of proposed action to the office. The bill would subject the economic assessment to public comment. The bill would require the economic assessment to include specified analyses. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>				
<p><u>AB 1508</u> <u>Carter D</u></p>	<p>Vehicles: inspection of loads. Existing law authorizes the Department of the California Highway Patrol to stop a vehicle transporting timber products, livestock, poultry, farm produce, crude oil, petroleum products, or inedible kitchen grease and inspect certain documents to determine whether the driver is in legal possession of the load, and, upon reasonable belief that the driver of the vehicle is not in legal possession, to take custody of the vehicle and load, as prescribed, and imposes duties on the sheriff with respect to the care and safekeeping of those products. This bill would additionally authorize a member of a city police department or a member of a county sheriff's office, whose primary responsibility is to conduct theft investigations, to stop any vehicle, and would make those provisions applicable with regard to a vehicle that is transporting metal products or metal alloy products. By imposing additional duties on a sheriff regarding the care and safekeeping of metal products and metal alloy products, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Introduced: 1/12/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>1/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on PUB. S.</p>	<p>1/19/2012 A . PUB. S.</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 1510</u> <u>Garrick R</u></p>	<p>Income tax: health savings accounts. The Personal Income Tax Law authorizes various deductions in computing income that is subject to tax under that law. This bill would, for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2013, allow a deduction in connection with health</p>	<p>Introduced: 1/12/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>1/19/2012 - Referred to Com. on REV. & TAX.</p>	<p>1/19/2012 A . REV. & TAX</p>	<p>Watch</p>

	savings accounts in conformity with federal law. In general, the deduction would be an amount equal to the aggregate amount paid in cash during the taxable year by, or on behalf of, an eligible individual, as defined, to a health savings account of that individual, as provided. This bill would, for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2013, also provide related conformity to that federal law with respect to the allowance of rollovers from Archer Medical Savings Accounts, health flexible spending arrangements, or health reimbursement accounts to a health savings account, and penalties in connection therewith. This bill contains other related provisions.				
<u>ACR 92</u> <u>Donnelly R</u>	Human trafficking. This resolution would recognize the month of January 2012, and each following January, as National Slavery and Human Trafficking Prevention Month, and it would recognize February 1, 2012, and each following February 1, as California's Free From Slavery Day.	Introduced: 1/19/2012 pdf html	2/2/2012 - From committee: Be adopted. (Ayes 6. Noes 0.) (February 2).	1/26/2012 A . THIRD READING	Watch
<u>SB 23</u> <u>Simitian D</u>	Energy: renewable energy resources. Existing law creates the California renewables portfolio standard program (RPS program) and the Renewable Energy Resources Program to increase the amount of electricity generated per year from eligible renewable energy resources, as defined. This bill would extend the compliance date for these corresponding reporting and regulatory requirements , as provided . This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 9/9/2011 pdf html	9/10/2011 - Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 52. Noes 17. Page 3248.) Ordered to the Senate.	9/10/2011 S . SENATE	Watch
<u>SB 47</u> <u>Alquist D</u>	Sales and use taxes: exemption: manufacturing and research activities. The Sales and Use Tax Law imposes a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state, and provides various exemptions from the taxes imposed by that law. This bill would specify that this exemption does not apply	Amended: 3/7/2011 pdf html	1/31/2012 - Returned to Secretary of Senate pursuant to Joint Rule 56.	1/31/2012 S . DEAD	Watch

	to local sales and use taxes or transactions and use taxes. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<u>SB 77</u> Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review	Community redevelopment. The Community Redevelopment Law authorizes the establishment of redevelopment agencies in communities to address the effects of blight, as defined. Existing law provides that an action may be brought to review the validity of the adoption or amendment of a redevelopment plan by an agency, to review the validity of agency findings or determinations, and other agency actions. This bill would revise the provisions of law authorizing an action to be brought against the agency to determine or review the validity of specified agency actions. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 3/15/2011 pdf html	7/5/2011 - Reconsideration granted. (Page 2185.) Ordered to inactive file on request of Assembly Member Allen.	7/5/2011 A . INACTIVE FILE	Watch
<u>SB 184</u> <u>Leno</u> D	Land use: zoning regulations. The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes the legislative body of any city or county to adopt ordinances regulating zoning within its jurisdiction, as specified. This bill would additionally authorize the legislative body of any city or county to adopt ordinances to establish, as a condition of development, inclusionary housing requirements, as specified, and would declare the intent of the Legislature in adding this provision. The bill would also make a technical, nonsubstantive change.	Amended: 1/23/2012 pdf html	2/1/2012 - Died on third reading.	2/1/2012 S . DEAD	Watch
<u>SB 359</u> <u>Hernandez</u> D	Food facilities: hand washing. Existing law, the California Retail Food Code, establishes uniform health and sanitation standards for mobile food facilities and retail food facilities, as defined. The law requires the State Department of Public Health to adopt regulations to implement and administer those provisions, and delegates primary enforcement duties to local health agencies. A violation of any of these provisions is punishable as a misdemeanor. This bill would revise requirements in connection with glove use and hand washing. This bill would revise the definition of "limited food preparation," and authorize a local enforcement agency to approve temporary alternative storage methods and locations. By imposing new	Amended: 1/10/2012 pdf html	1/26/2012 - In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.	1/26/2012 A . DESK	Watch

	duties upon local agencies, and expanding the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<u>SB 366</u> <u>Calderon D</u>	Regulations: agency review. Existing law, the Administrative Procedure Act, governs the procedure for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of regulations by state agencies and for the review of those regulatory actions by the Office of Administrative Law. Existing law creates the State and Consumer Services; Business, Transportation and Housing; California Emergency Management; California Environmental Protection; California Health and Human Services; Labor and Workforce Development; Natural Resources; and Youth and Adult Correctional Agencies in state government with various duties to oversee the actions of state departments that are within those agencies. This bill would, until January 1, 2013, require each state agency, defined, to mean every state office, officer, department, division, bureau, board, and commission, except the California State University within 180 days of the effective date of the bill, to undertake specified actions in regards to the regulations that have been adopted by the state agency, including, among others, identifying any regulations that are duplicative, overlapping, inconsistent, or out of date, and adopting, amending, or repealing regulations to reconcile or eliminate any duplication, overlap, inconsistency, or out-of-date provisions, after conducting a publicly noticed hearing, as specified, and using procedures for adopting emergency regulations. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Introduced: 2/15/2011 pdf html	1/31/2012 - Returned to Secretary of Senate pursuant to Joint Rule 56.	1/31/2012 S . DEAD	Watch
<u>SB 389</u> <u>Dutton R</u>	Employment: meal periods. Existing law requires employers to provide meal periods and rest periods, as specified. Existing law requires an employer who fails to provide a meal period or a rest period to pay the employee one additional hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of compensation for each workday that the meal or rest period is not provided.	Amended: 5/4/2011 pdf html	1/31/2012 - Returned to Secretary of Senate pursuant to Joint Rule 56.	1/31/2012 S . DEAD	Watch

	<p>Under existing law, an employer who fails to provide a required meal period may be guilty of a misdemeanor. This bill would provide that the payment of that additional one hour of pay per workday in which the employer failed to provide a meal period or a rest period would constitute compliance with any requirement to provide an employee with a meal period or rest period and is the exclusive remedy for that failure to provide a meal period or rest period and would no longer constitute a misdemeanor. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>				
<p><u>SB 395</u> <u>Dutton R</u></p>	<p>Sales and use taxes: exemption: manufacturing and research. The Sales and Use Tax Law imposes a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state, and provides various exemptions from the taxes imposed by that law. This bill would provide an exemption from those taxes for the gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption of, tangible personal property, as defined, purchased for use by a qualified person, as defined, to be used primarily in any stage of manufacturing, processing, refining, fabricating, or recycling of property, as specified, or to be used primarily in qualified research, as specified, or to be used to maintain, repair, measure, or test that property. The bill would also exempt from those taxes the gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption of, tangible personal property purchased for use by a contractor, as specified, for a qualified person. The bill would require the purchaser to furnish the retailer with an exemption certificate, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	<p>Amended: 3/29/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>1/31/2012 - Returned to Secretary of Senate pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>1/31/2012 S . DEAD</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>SB 419</u> <u>Simitian D</u></p>	<p>Solid waste: home-generated sharps. Existing law requires a pharmaceutical manufacturer selling or distributing</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/16/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>1/9/2012 - Ordered to inactive file on</p>	<p>1/9/2012 A . INACTIVE FILE</p>	<p>Neutral</p>

	<p>medication that is intended to be self-injected at home to submit, on an annual basis, to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery a plan supporting the safe collection and proper disposal of specified waste devices. The manufacturer is required to post and maintain a copy of the plan on its Internet Web site. This bill would require the above plan to be submitted in an electronic format as prescribed by the department. The bill would require the manufacturer to post and maintain a copy of the plan in a readily accessible location on its Internet Web site.</p>		request of Assembly Member Allen.		
<p><u>SB 518</u> <u>Simitian D</u></p>	<p>Recycling: beverage containers. Existing law, the California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act, requires the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to establish reporting periods of 6 months each for redemption rates and recycling rates for specified types of beverage containers. The act also requires the department to determine the redemption rates and recycling rates for those beverage containers for each reporting period and to issue a report on those determinations. The act defines various words for purposes of those provisions, including "redemption rate." The act also makes various findings and declarations, including a declaration that, when the redemption rate for any one type of beverage container falls below 65%, the act provides for an increased refund value. This bill would delete the provisions that require the department to establish reporting periods for redemption rates and that require the department to determine redemption rates for specified types of beverage containers. The bill also would delete the definition of redemption rate and make other conforming changes.</p>	<p>Introduced: 2/17/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>8/29/2011 - From consent calendar. Ordered to third reading.</p>	<p>8/29/2011 A . THIRD READING</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>SB 568</u> <u>Lowenthal D</u></p>	<p>Recycling: polystyrene food containers. Existing law requires all rigid plastic bottles and rigid plastic containers sold in the state to be labeled with a code that indicates the resin used to produce the rigid plastic bottle or rigid plastic container. The California Integrated Waste</p>	<p>Amended: 7/12/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>9/8/2011 - Ordered to inactive file on request of Assembly Member Allen.</p>	<p>9/8/2011 A . INACTIVE FILE</p>	<p>Oppose</p>

	<p>Management Act of 1989, administered by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, requires every rigid plastic packaging container, as defined, sold or offered for sale in this state to generally meet one of specified criteria. This bill would prohibit a food vendor, on and after January 1, 2016, from dispensing prepared food to a customer in a polystyrene foam food container and would define related terms. The bill would provide that a food vendor that is a school district is not required to comply with the bill's requirements until July 1, 2017, and would allow a food vendor that is a school district to dispense prepared food to a customer in a polystyrene foam food container after that date if the governing board of the school district elects to adopt a policy to implement a verifiable recycling program for polystyrene foam food containers , which would be renewable, as specified . The bill would also allow a food vendor to dispense prepared food to a customer in a polystyrene foam food container after January 1, 2016, in a city or county if the city or county elects to adopt an ordinance establishing a specified recycling program for polystyrene foam food containers , which would be operative, as specified .</p>				
<p><u>SB 640</u> <u>Runner R</u></p>	<p>Income and corporation taxes: tax credit: employment. The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law authorize various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill would, until the last day of the calendar quarter within which the Franchise Tax Board estimates it will receive returns claiming credits that cumulatively total \$50,000,000, under both laws, provide a tax credit, in an amount as specified, to a qualified taxpayer for each qualified employee, as defined, who actively received unemployment insurance benefits for 6 months immediately prior to the time the qualified taxpayer hires the qualified employee. This bill would define a "qualified taxpayer" to mean a taxpayer that, as of the last day of the preceding taxable year, employed a total of 50 or</p>	<p>Amended: 7/12/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>1/31/2012 - Returned to Secretary of Senate pursuant to Joint Rule 56.</p>	<p>1/31/2012 S . DEAD</p>	<p>Watch</p>

	fewer employees. This bill contains other related provisions.				
<u>SB 652</u> <u>Steinberg D</u>	Professional sports teams: relocation agreements. Existing law regulates contracts for particular transactions, including contracts for health studio services, the lease or rental of athletic facilities, and the sale of sport memorabilia. This bill would prohibit a professional sports team that has previously entered into a financial agreement with a public entity from entering into a relocation agreement, as defined, unless it first provides to the public entity a bond, undertaking, or deposit in an amount adequate to ensure that its obligations under the financial agreement will be satisfied. The bill also would prohibit a professional sports team from entering into a relocation agreement if that team is in breach or default of any financial agreement, or if entry into a relocation agreement would cause a breach or default of any financial agreement, unless and until the breach or default is cured. The bill would provide that any agreement entered into in violation of these prohibitions is contrary to public policy and is unenforceable. The bill would authorize the home public entity and home community, as defined, to seek, and would require the court to grant, an injunction to enjoin performance of any act under a relocation agreement that is made unenforceable by this bill. The bill would provide that performance under a relocation agreement entered into in violation of these prohibitions shall not be enjoined if all of the financial obligations the professional sports team owes to a home public entity and home community under a financial agreement are satisfied in full. The bill would require that any action or proceeding pursuant to these provisions be brought in a court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which the home public entity and home community are located. The bill would provide that these provisions apply to any relocation agreement entered on or after January 1, 2011. This bill contains other related	Amended: 5/3/2011 pdf html	2/1/2012 - Died on the inactive file.	2/1/2012 S . DEAD	Watch

	provisions.				
<u>SB 653</u> Steinberg D	Local taxation: counties: school districts: community college districts: county offices of education: general authorization. The California Constitution prohibits the Legislature from imposing taxes for local purposes, but allows the Legislature to authorize local governments to impose them. This bill would authorize the governing board of any county or city and county, any school district, any community college district, and any county office of education subject to specified constitutional and voter approval requirements, to levy, increase, or extend a local personal income tax, transactions and use tax, vehicle license fee, and excise tax, including, but not limited to, an alcoholic beverages tax, a cigarette and tobacco products tax, a sweetened beverage tax, and an oil severance tax, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 6/6/2011 pdf html	1/31/2012 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(3). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 8/22/2011)	1/31/2012 S . DEAD	
<u>SB 777</u> Lieu D	Workers' compensation insurance: coverage program. Existing law requires the Labor Commissioner to establish and maintain a program that systematically identifies unlawfully uninsured employers. Existing law requires all state departments and agencies and any rating organization, as specified, to cooperate with the Labor Commissioner and on reasonable request provide information and data in their possession reasonably necessary to carry out the program. This bill would require the Director of Industrial Relations, in consultation with the state department or agency, or rating organization, in possession of the information or data, to determine the reasonableness of any request to provide the information and data.	Amended: 1/4/2012 pdf html	1/26/2012 - In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.	1/26/2012 A . DESK	Watch
<u>SB 778</u> Padilla D	Alcoholic beverages licensees: contests and sweepstakes. The Alcoholic Beverage Control Act prohibits any licensee from giving any premium, gift, or free goods in connection with the sale or distribution of any alcoholic beverage, except as provided. This bill would permit an authorized licensee, as defined, to conduct, sponsor, or participate in a	Amended: 1/5/2012 pdf html	1/23/2012 - In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.	1/23/2012 A . DESK	Watch

	consumer contest or sweepstakes, as defined, offering the chance to win prizes, if specified conditions are met. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.				
<u>SB 783</u> <u>Dutton R</u>	Special access: liability. Under existing law, a person, firm, or corporation that interferes with the access rights of a disabled individual is liable for the actual damages of each offense and any amount determined by a judge or jury of up to 3 times the amount of the actual damages, but in no case less than \$1,000. Existing law requires the State Architect to develop and submit for approval and adoption building standards for making buildings, structures, sidewalks, curbs, and related facilities accessible to, and usable by, persons with disabilities, as specified. This bill would establish notice requirements for an alleged aggrieved party to follow before bringing an action against a business for an alleged violation of the above-described provisions. The bill would require that party to provide specified notice to the owner of the property, agent, or other responsible party where the alleged violation occurred. The bill would require that owner, agent, or other responsible party to respond within 30 days with a description of the improvements to be made or with a rebuttal to the allegations, as specified. If that owner, agent, or other responsible party elects to fix the alleged violation, the bill would provide 120 days to do so. The bill would provide that its provisions do not apply to claims for recovery of special damages for an injury in fact, and would authorize the court to consider previous or pending actual damage awards received or prayed for by the alleged aggrieved party for the same or similar injury. The bill would further state the intent of the Legislature to institute certain educational programs related to special access laws. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 6/6/2011 pdf html	9/10/2011 - Returned to Secretary of Senate pursuant to Joint Rule 62 (a).	9/10/2011 S . SENATE	Support
<u>SB 810</u> <u>Leno D</u>	Single-payer health care coverage. Existing law provides for the creation of various programs to provide health care services to persons who have limited	Amended: 1/23/2012 pdf html	2/1/2012 - Died on third reading.	2/1/2012 S . DEAD	Oppose

	<p>incomes and meet various eligibility requirements. These programs include the Healthy Families Program administered by the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board, and the Medi-Cal program administered by the State Department of Health Care Services. Existing law provides for the regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care and health insurers by the Department of Insurance. Commencing January 1, 2014, the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act requires every individual to be covered under minimum essential coverage, as specified, and requires every health insurance issuer issuing individual or group health insurance coverage to accept every employer and individual who applies for coverage. Existing law establishes the California Health Benefit Exchange to facilitate the purchase of qualified health plans through the Exchange by qualified individuals and small employers by January 1, 2014. This bill would establish the California Healthcare System to be administered by the newly created California Healthcare Agency under the control of a Healthcare Commissioner appointed by the Governor and subject to confirmation by the Senate. The bill would make all California residents eligible for specified health care benefits under the California Healthcare System, which would, on a single-payer basis, negotiate for or set fees for health care services provided through the system and pay claims for those services. The bill would require the commissioner to seek all necessary waivers, exemptions, agreements, or legislation to allow various existing federal, state, and local health care payments to be paid to the California Healthcare System, which would then assume responsibility for all benefits and services previously paid for with those funds. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>				
<p><u>SB 863</u> <u>Lieu D</u></p>	<p>Workers' compensation: liens. Existing law establishes a workers' compensation system, administered by the Administrative</p>	<p>Amended: 6/6/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>8/22/2011 - Read second time. Ordered</p>	<p>8/22/2011 A . INACTIVE FILE</p>	<p>Watch</p>

	<p>Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of his or her employment. This bill would recast these provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>		<p>to consent calendar. From consent calendar. Ordered to third reading. Ordered to inactive file on request of Assembly Member Charles Calderon.</p>		
<p><u>SB 880</u> <u>Corbett D</u></p>	<p>Common interest developments: electric vehicle charging stations. The Davis-Stirling Common Interest Development Act defines and regulates common interest developments, which include community apartment projects, condominium projects, planned developments, and stock cooperatives. Beginning January 1, 2012, any covenant, restriction, or condition in a deed or other instrument affecting the transfer or sale of an interest in a common interest development, or any provision of the governing documents of a common interest development, that prohibits or restricts the installation or use of an electric vehicle charging station is void and unenforceable. On and after January 1, 2012, if an electric vehicle charging station is to be placed in a common area, the homeowner and common interest development association shall be subject to certain requirements. This bill would make those provisions applicable only to the installation or use of an electric vehicle charging station in an owner's designated parking space, as described. The bill would also provide that any provision in those documents that is in conflict with those requirements is void and unenforceable. The bill would authorize the installation of a charging station for the exclusive use of an owner in a common area that is not an exclusive use common area only if installation in the owner's designated parking space is impossible or unreasonably expensive. However, the bill would authorize an association or owners</p>	<p>Amended: 1/23/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>1/31/2012 - In Senate. Concurrence in Assembly amendments pending.</p>	<p>1/31/2012 S . CONCURRENCE</p>	<p>Watch</p>

	to install a charging station in the common area for the use of all members, and would require the association to develop appropriate terms of use for the charging station. The bill would authorize the board of directors of an association to grant exclusive use of a portion of the common area without the affirmative vote of the members of the association for the purpose of installing and using an electric vehicle charging station in an owner's garage or designated parking space, under specified circumstances, such as when the installation or use of the charging station requires reasonable access through the common area for utility lines or meters. This bill contains other related provisions.				
<u>SB 893</u> <u>Wolk D</u>	Health and Human Services System Improvement and Accountability Act of 2011. Existing law establishes the California Health and Human Services Agency within state government, which oversees various health and human services programs, including mental health, substance abuse , adult protective services, and child welfare programs . This bill, the Health and Human Services System Improvement and Accountability Act of 2011, would require the agency to establish, by December 1, 2013, the California Health and Human Services Review System in order to periodically review specified health and human services programs administered by the state and local agencies, as specified. The bill would require the agency convene an advisory workgroup to design and draft a work plan to guide the agency in implementing the system. The bill would require the agency to report specified information to the Legislature. The bill would require the Secretary of California Health and Human Services to establish an information sharing plan to enable the exchange of information among state and local agencies to support the implementation of the California Health and Human Services Review System. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 6/20/2011 pdf html	1/31/2012 - Returned to Secretary of Senate pursuant to Joint Rule 56.	1/31/2012 S . DEAD	Watch
<u>SB 900</u> <u>Steinberg D</u>	California regional water quality control boards: members. Under	Amended: 5/9/2011	7/1/2011 - Ordered to	7/1/2011 A . INACTIVE	Support

	<p>existing law, the State Water Resources Control Board and the 9 California regional water quality control boards prescribe waste discharge requirements in accordance with the federal national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) permit program established by the federal Clean Water Act and the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act (state act). This bill, with regard to a regional board, would provide that a person would not be disqualified from being a member of that board because that person receives, or has received during the previous 2 years, a significant portion of his or her income directly or indirectly from a person subject to waste discharge requirements, or an applicant for waste discharge requirements, that govern discharges not within the jurisdiction of that regional board. The bill would provide that this revised eligibility provision relating to members of a regional board shall be implemented only if certain requirements are met. This bill contains other existing laws.</p>	<p>pdf html</p>	<p>inactive file on request of Assembly Member Charles Calderon.</p>	<p>FILE</p>	
<p><u>SB 950</u> <u>Alquist D</u></p>	<p>Sales and use taxes: administration: tax amnesty. The Sales and Use Tax Law imposes sales and use taxes which are administered by the State Board of Equalization. This bill would require the board to develop and administer a tax amnesty program for taxpayers subject to sales taxes and for taxpayers who are qualified purchasers, as defined, subject to use taxes during a 2-month period beginning ____, and ending ____, inclusive, or during any other 2-month period ending before ____, as provided.</p>	<p>Introduced: 1/4/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>2/2/2012 - Referred to Com. on GOV. & F.</p>	<p>2/2/2012 S . G. & F.</p>	
<p><u>SB 957</u> <u>Leno D</u></p>	<p>2012-13 Budget. This bill would make appropriations for support of state government for the 2012-13 fiscal year. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>Introduced: 1/10/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>1/10/2012 - Introduced. Read first time. Referred to Com. on B. & F.R.</p>	<p>1/10/2012 S . BUDGET & F.R.</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>SB 964</u> <u>Wright D</u></p>	<p>Administrative Procedure Act: State Water Resources Control Board and California regional water quality control boards. Existing law establishes the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality</p>	<p>Introduced: 1/11/2012 pdf html</p>	<p>2/2/2012 - Referred to Com. on E.Q.</p>	<p>2/2/2012 S . E.Q.</p>	<p>Watch</p>

control boards and authorizes them to adopt regulations to carry out their powers and duties. Existing law generally requires state agencies to adopt regulations in accordance with prescribed procedures and requirements, and requires the Office of Administrative Law to review adopted regulations and to make specified determinations. However, existing law grants to the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality control boards various exemptions to the above requirements, including an exemption for the adoption of regulations for the issuance, denial, or revocation of specified waste discharge requirements and permits. This bill would provide that the exemption for the adoption of regulations for the issuance, denial, or revocation of specified waste discharge requirements and permits shall not apply to any waste discharge requirements, general permits, and waivers that apply on a statewide, regionwide, or industrywide basis, thereby requiring the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality control boards to comply with provisions that require the adoption of regulations under those circumstances.

SB 965
Wright D

State Water Resources Control Board and California regional water quality control boards: Administrative Procedure Act. Existing law establishes the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality control boards and authorizes them to adopt regulations to carry out their powers and duties and to conduct administrative adjudicative proceedings. The Administrative Procedure Act establishes the conduct of administrative adjudicative proceedings, which are defined as evidentiary hearings for determination of facts pursuant to which a state agency formulates and issues a decision. Existing law defines a decision as an agency action of specific application that determines a legal right, duty, privilege, immunity, or other legal interest of a particular person. This bill would establish that the issuance,

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	denial, or revocation of certain waste discharge requirements, permits, or waivers by the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality boards that apply statewide, regionwide, or industrywide, and not to a person, as defined, are not within the meaning of a decision, as defined under the Administrative Procedure Act.				
<u>SB 973</u> <u>Vargas</u> D	<p>Environmental quality: California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: limited duration events.</p> <p>The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of, an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA exempts certain specified projects from its requirements. This bill would exempt from CEQA the approval of a park use or special events permit for a limited duration event, as defined, for specified purposes that is located on public property, within a public right of way, or within a defined event venue. Because a lead agency would be required to determine whether a project falls within this exemption, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>	Introduced: 1/19/2012 pdf html	2/2/2012 - Referred to Com. on E.Q.	2/2/2012 S . E.Q.	Watch
<u>SBX1 23</u> Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review	<p>Local taxation: counties: school districts: community college districts: county offices of education: general authorization. The California Constitution prohibits the Legislature from imposing taxes for local purposes, but allows the Legislature to authorize local governments to impose them. This bill</p>	Amended: 6/2/2011 pdf html	9/12/2011 - From Assembly without further action.	8/18/2011 A . REV. & TAX	Oppose

	<p>would authorize the governing board of any county or city and county, any school district, any community college district, and any county office of education, subject to specified constitutional and voter approval requirements, to levy, increase, or extend a local personal income tax, transactions and use tax, vehicle license fee, and excise tax, including, but not limited to, an alcoholic beverages tax, a cigarette and tobacco products tax, a sweetened beverage tax, and an oil severance tax, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>				
<p><u>SCA 14 Cannella R</u></p>	<p>Expenditure limitations. The California Constitution prohibits the annual appropriations subject to limitation, as defined, of any entity of state or local government from exceeding its adjusted annual appropriations limit and provides for the disposition of excess revenues received by the state, as specified. The California Constitution also establishes the Budget Stabilization Account, commonly known as the rainy day fund, in the General Fund, and requires the Controller, no later than September 30 of each year, to transfer from the General Fund to the account a sum equal to 3% of the estimated amount of General Fund revenues for the current fiscal year. This transfer of moneys is not required, unless otherwise directed by the Legislature by statute, in any fiscal year to the extent that the resulting balance in the account would exceed 5% of the General Fund revenue estimate set forth in the Budget Bill for that fiscal year, as enacted, or \$8 billion, whichever is greater. This transfer of moneys may also be suspended or reduced for a fiscal year, as specified, by an executive order issued by the Governor. This measure would repeal the existing provisions imposing annual appropriations limits. Commencing in the 2013-14 fiscal year, the measure would instead impose an annual state expenditure limit based on total expenditures in the prior fiscal year, excluding specified amounts allocated to school districts and</p>	<p>Introduced: 6/28/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>2/2/2012 - Referred to Coms. on B. & F.R. and E. & C.A.</p>	<p>2/2/2012 S . B. & F. I.</p>	<p>Watch</p>

	<p>community college districts to meet a constitutional minimum funding obligation, from General Fund revenues and special fund revenues, adjusted for the percentage change in state population and the percentage change in the cost of living, as specified. The measure would authorize the expenditure limit to be exceeded for an emergency, as defined, declared by the Governor, not including revenue shortfalls, excessive spending, or other similar conditions limiting the ability to fund government operations. The measure would require the Director of Finance to report quarterly on the state's compliance with the expenditure limits for the current fiscal year. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.</p>				
<p><u>SCA 15</u> <u>Hancock D</u></p>	<p>Taxation: voter approval. The California Constitution requires that a change in state statute, passed by the Legislature, that results in a taxpayer paying a higher tax be imposed in an act that is passed with the approval of not less than 2/3 of the membership of each house of the Legislature. This measure would alternatively allow a change in state statute, passed by the Legislature, that results in a taxpayer paying a higher tax to be imposed in an act passed by a majority of the membership of each house of the Legislature, where that change becomes effective only when submitted to the voters and approved by a majority of the voters voting on that measure at a statewide election. This bill contains other related provisions.</p>	<p>Introduced: 7/14/2011 pdf html</p>	<p>2/2/2012 - Referred to Coms. on GOV. & F. and E. & C.A.</p>	<p>2/2/2012 S . G. & F.</p>	<p>Watch</p>

Total Measures: 124

Total Tracking Forms: 124